```
:\STNEXP4\QUERIES\036916.str
hain nodes :
                5
                    6 7
                         8
                              9
                                 10
                                      11
                                          12
                                               13
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                                                         53
                                                             54
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                         46
                              47
                                  48
                                       49
       42
            43
                44
   41
hain bonds :
                                                  7-8 8-9
                                                             9-10
                          4-5 5-6 6-7
                                          6-17
                                                                   10-11
                                                                            10-25
   1-2
       2-3
              2-21
                     3 - 4
                                                                          25-26
                          12-23
                                  12-24
                                          13-14
                                                  14-15
                                                          15-16
                                                                  15-22
   11-12
           11-18
                  12-13
                          29-30
                                          30 - 32
                                                                  33 - 35
                                                                          34 - 45
   25-27
           27-28
                   27-29
                                  30 - 31
                                                  32 - 33
                                                          32 - 34
                                                  41-42
                                                          42 - 43
                                                                  43 - 44
                   37-38
                                  39-40
                                          40-41
   35-36
           36 - 37
                          38-39
                   48-49
                          49-50
                                  50-51
                                          51-52
                                                  52-53
                                                          53 - 54
   46-47
           47 - 48
xact/norm bonds :
                                                               32 - 33
                                                                       32 - 34
        10-11 11-12 15-16
                                25-26
                                        25-27
                                                30-31
                                                       30-32
   1-2
xact bonds :
                                                              10-25 11-18
               3-4
                   4-5
                          5-6
                                6-7 6-17 7-8
                                                  8 - 9
                                                       9-10
        2-21
   2-3
                                                  27-28 27-29
                                                                  29-30
                                                                          33 - 35
                                  14-15
                                          15-22
          12-23
                  12-24
                          13-14
   12-13
                                                  40-41
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                                                                  42-43
                   36-37
                          37-38
                                  38 - 39
                                          39-40
   34 - 45
           35-36
                                                  51-52
                                                          52-53
                                                                  53 - 54
                                          50-51
   45-46
          46-47
                  47-48
                          48 - 49
                                  49-50
1:C,H,O
atch level:
                                                              7:CLASS
                                                                          8:CLASS
                                                     6:CLASS
             2:CLASS
                       3:CLASS
                                 4:CLASS
                                           5:CLASS
   1:CLASS
                        11:CLASS
                                   12:CLASS
                                               13:CLASS
                                                          14:CLASS
                                                                     15:CLASS
             10:CLASS
   9:CLASS
                                                           23:CLASS
                                                                      24:CLASS
                                                22:CLASS
   16:CLASS
              17:CLASS
                         18:CLASS
                                     21:CLASS
                                     28:CLASS
                                                29:CLASS
                                                           30:CLASS
                                                                      31:CLASS
              26:CLASS
                         27:CLASS
   25:CLASS
                                                           37:CLASS
                                                                      38:CLASS
                                                36:CLASS
   32:CLASS
              33:CLASS
                         34:CLASS
                                     35:CLASS
```

42:CLASS

40:CLASS

39:CLASS 46:CLASS

41:CLASS

43:CLASS

44:CLASS

45:CLASS

47:CLASS 48:CLASS 49:CLASS 50:CLASS 51:CLASS 52:CLASS

53:CLASS 54:CLASS

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: sssptau129pxo

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

```
Welcome to STN International
                 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
     1
NEWS
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS
     2
                 CA/CAplus records now contain indexing from 1907 to the
NEWS
        SEP 09
                 INPADOC: Legal Status data reloaded
        DEC 08
NEWS
                 DISSABS now available on STN
NEWS
     5
        SEP 29
     6 OCT 10
                 PCTFULL: Two new display fields added
NEWS
     7 OCT 21
                 BIOSIS file reloaded and enhanced
NEWS
                 BIOSIS file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded and enhanced
NEWS
     8 OCT 28
NEWS 9 NOV 24
                 MSDS-CCOHS file reloaded
                 CABA reloaded with left truncation
NEWS 10 DEC 08
NEWS 11 DEC 08
                 IMS file names changed
                 Experimental property data collected by CAS now available
NEWS 12 DEC 09
                 in REGISTRY
                 STN Entry Date available for display in REGISTRY and CA/CAplus
        DEC 09
NEWS 13
                 DGENE: Two new display fields added
NEWS 14
        DEC 17
         DEC 18
                 BIOTECHNO no longer updated
NEWS 15
        DEC 19
                 CROPU no longer updated; subscriber discount no longer
NEWS 16
                 available
                 Additional INPI reactions and pre-1907 documents added to CAS
         DEC 22
NEWS 17
                 databases
NEWS 18
                 IFIPAT/IFIUDB/IFICDB reloaded with new data and search fields
         DEC 22
                 ABI-INFORM now available on STN
NEWS 19
        DEC 22
NEWS 20
        JAN 27
                 Source of Registration (SR) information in REGISTRY updated
                 and searchable
                 A new search aid, the Company Name Thesaurus, available in
         JAN 27
NEWS 21
                 CA/CAplus
                 German (DE) application and patent publication number format
NEWS 22
         FEB 05
                 changes
NEWS 23
        MAR 03
                 MEDLINE and LMEDLINE reloaded
                 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS 24
        MAR 03
NEWS 25
        MAR 03
                 FRANCEPAT now available on STN
                 Pharmaceutical Substances (PS) now available on STN
        MAR 29
NEWS 26
NEWS 27
        MAR 29
                 WPIFV now available on STN
        MAR 29
                 No connect hour charges in WPIFV until May 1, 2004
NEWS 28
                 New monthly current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in RAPRA
NEWS 29
        MAR 29
             MARCH 31 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.00A, CURRENT
NEWS EXPRESS
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 3 MARCH 2004
              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS HOURS
              General Internet Information
NEWS INTER
              Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS LOGIN
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=> file reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 2 APR 2004 HIGHEST RN 670748-16-0 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 2 APR 2004 HIGHEST RN 670748-16-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=>
Uploading C:\STNEXP4\QUERIES\036916.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1 L1 HAS NO ANSWERS L1 STR

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 05:27:48 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 180 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 180 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

2796 TO 4404

PROJECTED ANSWERS:

0 TO

1.2

0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> search 11

ENTER TYPE OF SEARCH (SSS), CSS, FAMILY, OR EXACT:. ENTER SCOPE OF SEARCH (SAMPLE), FULL, RANGE, OR SUBSET:full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 05:27:57 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3239 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3239 ITERATIONS

7 ANSWERS

162.35

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 7 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

162.14

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 5 Apr 2004 VOL 140 ISS 15 FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Apr 2004 (20040404/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13

L4 131 L3

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.44 162.79

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 2 APR 2004 HIGHEST RN 670748-16-0 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 2 APR 2004 HIGHEST RN 670748-16-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> d 13 1-7

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 326890-62-4 REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, N5-(3-aminopropyl)-N2-(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N-(12,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,17-tridecafluoroheptadecyl)-N-(13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,18,18,18-tridecafluorooctadecyl)-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C48 H74 F26 N6 O2 . 4 C2 H F3 O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

CM 1

CRN 326890-61-3 CMF C48 H74 F26 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 326890-61-3 REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N-(12,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,17-tridecafluoroheptadecyl)-N-(13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,18,18,18-tridecafluorooctadecyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C48 H74 F26 N6 O2

CI COM

SR CA

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$(CF_2)_5$$
 $(CH_2)_{11}$ $(CH_2)_{12}$ $(CH_2)_3$ $(CH_2)_3$ $(CH_2)_3$ $(CH_2)_4$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CF_2)_5$ $(CF_3)_5$ $(CF_3)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CF_3)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CF_3)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CF_3)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CF_3)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CF_3)_5$ $(CH_2)_5$ $(CH$

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 326890-60-2 REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, N5-(3-aminopropyl)-N2-(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N-(13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,16-nonafluorohexadecyl)-N-(12,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,15-nonafluoropentadecyl)-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CF) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C44 H74 F18 N6 O2 . 4 C2 H F3 O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

CM 1

CRN 326890-59-9

CMF C44 H74 F18 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$(CF_2)_3$$
 $(CH_2)_{11}$ $(CH_2)_{12}$ $(CH_2)_3$ $(CH$

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 326890-59-9 REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N-(13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,16-nonafluorohexadecyl)-N-(12,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,15-nonafluoropentadecyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C44 H74 F18 N6 O2

CI COM

SR CA

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$(CF_2)_3$$
 $(CH_2)_{11}$ $(CH_2)_{12}$ $(CH_2)_3$ $(CH_2)_4$ $(CH$

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

```
L3 ANSWER 5 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
RN 158730-52-0 REGISTRY
CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl-,
conjugate triacid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C49 H102 N6 O2 . 3 H
SR CA
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

(124050-77-7)

CRN

●3 H+

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN RN 124050-78-8 REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C49 H102 N6 O2 . 4 C2 H F3 O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 124050-77-7 CMF C49 H102 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 124050-77-7 REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN DOGS

CN DOGS (peptide)

CN Transfectam

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C49 H102 N6 O2

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, DIOGENES, MEDLINE, PIRA, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPATZ, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

125 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

10 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

125 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> s 124050-77-7/rn

L5 1 124050-77-7/RN

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 05:17:48 ON 05 APR 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:17:53 ON 05 APR 2004

STRUCTURE UPLOADED L1

0 S L1 L2

7 SEARCH L1 FULL L3

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 05:28:04 ON 05 APR 2004

131 S L3

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 05:28:20 ON 05 APR 2004

1 S 124050-77-7/RN L5

=> s 13 not 15

6 L3 NOT L5 L6

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION 14.49 177.28

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 05:31:11 ON 05 APR 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 5 Apr 2004 VOL 140 ISS 15 FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Apr 2004 (20040404/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 16

L7 7 L6

=> s 15

125 L5 L8

=> s 17 and 18

1 L7 AND L8 L9

=> 17 not 19

L7 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> file caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION 179.47 2.19

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 5 Apr 2004 VOL 140 ISS 15 FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Apr 2004 (20040404/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 17 fbib ab hitstr 1-7

- ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L7
- 2001:138 CAPLUS ΑN
- 134:183415 DN
- Highly Fluorinated Lipospermines for Gene Transfer: Synthesis and TΙ Evaluation of Their in Vitro Transfection Efficiency
- Gaucheron, Jerome; Santaella, Catherine; Vierling, Pierre ΑU
- Laboratoire de Chimie Bio-Organique, UMR 6001 CNRS Universite de Nice CS Sophia-Antipolis, Nice, 06108, Fr.
- Bioconjugate Chemistry (2001), 12(1), 114-128 SO CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802
- PΒ American Chemical Society
- DTJournal
- English LΑ
- Fluorinated double-chain lipospermines (one or both of these chains being AΒ ended by a highly fluorinated tail of various length) which are close analogs of DOGS (Transfectam) were designed as synthetic vectors for gene delivery. For N/P ratios (N = number of amine functions of the lipid; P = number of DNA phosphates) from 0.8 to 10, these lipospermines condensed DNA, with or without the use of DOPE, to form fluorinated lipoplexes. The efficiency of the fluorinated lipoplexes to transfect lung epithelial A549 cells was significantly higher than that of the DOGS lipoplexes. No specific cell toxicity was evidenced for the fluorinated lipoplexes as compared to that of the DOGS ones. The palette of structural elements explored allowed to determine those required for efficient transfection, highlighting the importance of highly fluorinated chains, the unique properties of unsatd. double-chain lipids and of the use of DOPE as helper lipid on transfection.

IT 326890-60-2P 326890-62-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and transfection efficiency of fluorinated lipospermines for

gene transfer)

RN 326890-60-2 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N5-(3-aminopropyl)-N2-(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N(13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,16-nonafluorohexadecyl)-N(12,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,15-nonafluoropentadecyl)-,
tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 326890-59-9 CMF C44 H74 F18 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RN 326890-62-4 CAPLUS
CN Glycinamide, N5-(3-aminopropyl)-N2-(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N(12,12,13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,17-tridecafluoroheptadecyl)-N(13,13,14,14,15,15,16,16,17,17,18,18,18-tridecafluorooctadecyl)-,
tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 326890-61-3 CMF C48 H74 F26 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$(CF_2)_5$$
 $(CH_2)_{11}$
 $(CH_2)_{12}$
 $(CH_2)_{12}$
 $(CH_2)_{13}$
 $(CH_2)_{14}$
 $(CH_2)_{15}$
 $(CH_2)_{15}$
 $(CF_3)_{15}$
 $(CH_2)_{15}$
 $(CH_2)_{15}$
 $(CH_2)_{15}$
 $(CH_2)_{15}$

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:686600 CAPLUS

DN 131:303431

TI Separation of active complexes such as polynucleotide-transfecting component complexes

IN Szoka, Francis C., Jr.; Xu, Yuhong; Wang, Jinkang

PA The Regents of the University of California, USA

SO U.S., 16 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 92,200, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN. CNT 7

EAIN.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI	US 5972600	Α	19991026	US 1995-482110 19950607 US 1992-864876 B219920403 US 1992-913669 B219920714 US 1993-92200 B219930714
	EP 1236473	A2	20020904	EP 2002-1408 19930405
	EP 1236473 R: AT, BE,		20030115 C, DK, ES, F	R, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE
				US 1992-864876 A 19920403 US 1992-913669 A 19920714 EP 1993-909508 A319930405
	us 6113946	Α	20000905	US 1995-469433 19950606 US 1992-864876 B219920403
				US 1992-913669 B219920714 US 1993-92200 B119930714
	US 5661025	А	19970826	us 1995-480463 19950607 us 1992-864876 B219920403

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US 1992-913669 A219920714
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                                          US 1995-486826 19950607
    US 5990089
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                           19991123
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                                          US 1993-92200 B319930714
                           19980922
                                          US 1995-482254
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    US 5811406
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                                          CA 1996-2223934 19960528
    CA 2223934
                      AA
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                                          US 1995-482110 A 19950607
    WO 9640264
                     A1
                           19961219
                                         WO 1996-US7824 19960528
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
            ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT,
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AB The invention separates defined, active complexes by a characteristic from defined, active complexes that share a particular physicochem. characteristic such as d., surface charge or particle size are separated from complexes formed by the association of a polynucleotide with a transfecting component that increases transfection activity, such as a lipid, cationic lipid, liposome, peptide, cationic peptide, dendrimer or polycation. In a preferred embodiment, polynucleotide-transfecting component complexes are ultracentrifuged to resolve one or more bands corresponding to complexes having a specific polynucleotide-transfecting component interaction. Polynucleotide complexes having a cationic liposome transfecting component

resolve into two primary bands corresponding to complexes formed either under excess lipid conditions or under excess polynucleotide conditions. In an alternate embodiment, polynucleotide-transfecting component complexes are resolved using cross-flow electrophoresis to identify complexes having specific interactions and to sep. them from excess initial components. An example is give for the prepn of spermine-5-carboxyglycin (N'-stearyl-N'-oleyl)amide.

IT 124050-78-8, Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate)

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(separation of active complexes such as polynucleotide-transfecting component complexes)

RN 124050-78-8 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 124050-77-7 CMF C49 H102 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:621076 CAPLUS

DN 129:265462

TI Dry powder formulations of polynucleotide complexes for inhalation delivery to the respiratory tract

IN Szoka, Francis C., Jr.; Rolland, Alain; Wang, Jinkang

PA Regents of the University of California, USA

U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 482,110. SO CODEN: USXXAM DT Patent LΑ English FAN.CNT 7 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE _---_____ -----PIUS 5811406 Α 19980922 US 1995-482254 19950609 US 1995-482110 A219950607 US 1995-485430 A219950607 US 5972600 Α 19991026 US 1995-482110 19950607 US 1992-864876 B219920403 US 1992-913669 B219920714 US 1993-92200 B219930714 CA 2224156 AΑ 19961227 CA 1996-2224156 19960528 US 1995-482254 A 19950609 WO 9641873 19961227 WO 1996-US7867 19960528 **A**1 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML US 1995-482254 A 19950609 19970109 AU 1996-59382 AU 9659382 Α1 AU 708179 B2 19990729 US 1995-482254 A 19950609 WO 1996-US7867 W 19960528 A1 19980422 EP 1996-916715 19960528 EP 836645 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI US 1995-482254 A 19950609 WO 1996-US7867 W 19960528 JP 11507922 T219990713 JP 1997-503085 19960528 US 1995-482254 A 19950609 WO 1996-US7867 W 19960528 AU 9921179 19990513 AU 1999-21179 A1 19990315 AU 720187 В2 20000525 US 1995-485430 A 19950607 AU 1996-59381 A319960528 PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION: 1994:184644 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ WO 9319768 PΙ A1 19931014 WO 1993-US3406 19930405 W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, VN RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 1992-864876 A 19920403 US 1992-913669 A 19920714 AU 9340278 Α1 19931108 AU 1993-40278 19930405 AU 682308 B2 19971002 US 1992-864876 A 19920403 US 1992-913669 A 19920714 WO 1993-US3406 A 19930405 EP 636028 19950201 **A**1 EP 1993-909508 19930405 EP 636028 B120040303

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    1997:145224
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                                            US 1995-482110 A219950607
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             LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
         RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
             IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML
                                            US 1995-482110 A 19950607
    AU 9660248
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                                            US 1995-482110 A 19950607
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WO 1996-US7824 W 19960528 EP 831923 A1 19980401 EP 1996-917839 19960528 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI US 1995-482110 A 19950607 WO 1996-US7824 W 19960528 20011002 JP 1997-500774 19960528 JP 2001517061 T2 US 1995-482110 A 19950607 WO 1996-US7824 W 19960528 JP 2004000245 **A**2 20040108 JP 2003-200068 20030722 US 1992-864876 A 19920403 US 1992-913669 A 19920714 JP 1993-517793 A319930405

AB Polynucleotide complexes are stabilized by adding a cryoprotectant compound and lyophilizing the resulting formulation. The lyophilized formulations are milled or sieved into a dry powder formulation which may be used to deliver the polynucleotide complex. Delivery of the polynucleotide to a desired cell tissue is accomplished by contacting the tissue with the powder to rehydrate it. In a preferred embodiment, a dry powder formulation is used to transfer genetic information to the cells of the respiratory tract.

IT 124050-78-8D, polynucleotide complexes

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(dry powder formulations of polynucleotide complexes for inhalation delivery to the respiratory tract)

RN 124050-78-8 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1 .

CRN 124050-77-7 CMF C49 H102 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

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-C- CO2H
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THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1996:249036 CAPLUS ΑN

DN 124:308853

Mechanism of DNA Release from Cationic Liposome/DNA Complexes Used in Cell TITransfection

Xu, Yuhong; Szoka, Francis C. Jr. ΑU

Department of Biophysics, State University of New York, Buffalo, NY, CS 14214, USA

SO Biochemistry (1996), 35(18), 5616-23 CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

PΒ American Chemical Society

DTJournal

LA English

To understand how DNA is released from cationic liposome/DNA complexes in AΒ cells, we investigated which biomols. mediate release of DNA from a complex with cationic liposomes. Release from monovalent[1,2-dioleoyl-3-(trimethylammonio)propane] or multivalent (dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine) lipids was quantified by an increase of ethidium bromide (EtBr) fluorescence. Plasmid sensitivity to DNAse I degradation was examined using changes in plasmid migration on agarose gel electrophoresis. Phys. separation of the DNA from the cationic lipid was confirmed and quantified on sucrose d. gradients. Anionic liposomes containing compns. that mimic the cytoplasmic-facing monolayer of the plasma membrane (e.g. phosphatidylserine) rapidly released DNA from the complex. Release occurred near a 1/1 charge ratio (-/+) and was unaffected by ionic strength or ion type. Water soluble mols. with a high neg. linear charge d. such as dextran sulfate or heparin also released DNA. However, ionic water soluble mols. such as ATP, tRNA, DNA, poly(glutamic acid), spermidine, spermine, or histone did not, even at a 100-fold charge excess (-/+). On the basis of these results, we propose that after the cationic lipid/DNA complex is internalized into cells by endocytosis it destabilizes the endosomal membrane. Destabilization induces flip-flop of anionic lipids from the cytoplasmic-facing monolayer, which laterally diffuse into the complex and form a charge neutral ion pair with the cationic lipids. This results in displacement of the DNA from the cationic lipid and release of the DNA into cytoplasm. This mechanism accounts for a variety of observations on cationic lipid/DNA complex-cell interactions.

IT 158730-52-0

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(release of DNA from in cell transfection from monovalent[1,2-dioleoyl-3-(trimethylammonio)propane] or multivalent

(dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine) lipids was quantified)

RN 158730-52-0 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl-, conjugate triacid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH₂)

●3 H⁺

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1994:647368 CAPLUS

DN 121:247368

TI Gene Transfer with a Series of Lipophilic DNA-Binding Molecules

AU Remy, Jean-Serge; Sirlin, Claude; Vierling, Pierre; Behr, Jean-Paul

CS Laboratoire de Chimie genetique, Faculte de Pharmacie de Strasbourg,

Illkirch, F-67401, Fr.

SO Bioconjugate Chemistry (1994), 5(6), 647-54

CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

DT Journal

LA English

Synthetic gene transfer vectors could be an attractive alternative to AΒ biol. vehicles for gene therapy. In an effort to improve the previously developed lipopolyamine-mediated transfection technique, various amphiphilic DNA-binding mols. have been synthesized. Besides Transfectam, several lipospermines display very high gene delivery levels. The structure-activity relation obtained points to the central role played by the polyamine headgroup in condensing the plasmid and binding it to the cell surface, provided the hydrophobic moiety is capable to generate nonmicellar mesomorphic structures. It also highlights other favorable (albeit more speculative) properties shared by protonable lipospermines as compared to quaternary ammonium-bearing lipids, such as their ability to act as a buffer and their strong affinity for chromatin. The former property may prevent the pH decrease along the degradative lysosomial pathway. The ability to bind to chromatin even in the presence of endogeneous polyamines should have two consequences: a nuclear tropism of the transfecting particles and plasmid uncoating in the nucleus by competitive dilution of the lipopolyamine into an ocean of DNA.

IT 158730-52-0P

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(preparation of and gene transfer with series of lipophilic DNA-binding mols.)

RN 158730-52-0 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl-, conjugate triacid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

●3 H+

ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1991:246827 CAPLUS DN 114:246827 ΤI Preparation of spermine carboxamides containing fatty acyl or fatty alkyl moieties: transfection of eukaryotes Behr, Jean Paul; Loeffler, Jean Philippe IN Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Fr. PΑ SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW DТ Patent LΑ French FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ____ -----______ _____ 19901024 EP 1990-401020 PΙ EP 394111 Α1 19900413 EP 394111 В1 19970604 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE FR 1989-5037 19890417 FR 2645866 A1 19901019 FR 1989-5037 19890417 FR 2645866 19910705 В1 FR 1989-9933 19890724 FR 2646161 A1 19901026 FR 2646161 В1 19910705 FR 1989-5037 19890417 CA 2014518 CA 1990-2014518 19900412 AΑ 19901017 FR 1989-5037 19890417 IL 94077 **A**1 19941229 IL 1990-94077 19900412 FR 1989-5037 19890417 AT 1990-401020 AT 154035 Е 19970615 19900413 FR 1989-5037 19890417 ES 2104593 Т3 19971016 ES 1990-401020 19900413 FR 1989-5037 19890417 JP 02292246 A2 19901203 JP 1990-99472 19900417 FR 1989-5037 19890417 US 5171678 Α 19921215 US 1990-509788 19900417 FR 1989-5037 19890417 US 5476962 Α 19951219 US 1994-191068 19940203 FR 1989-5037 19890417 US 1990-509788 19900417 US 1992-922887 19920731 US 5616745 Α 19970401 US 1995-477690 19950607 FR 1989-5037 19890417 US 1990-509788 19900417 US 1992-922887 19920731

L7

OS MARPAT 114:246827

AB H2N[(CHR)mNH]nH [n = 1-5 integer; m = 2-6 integer; R = H, R1R2NCOCHR5NHCO; R1, R2 = C12-22-aliphatic radical; R5 = H, (phenyl)C1-4-alkyl, Q; X = CH2, CO; R3, R4 = C11-21-aliphatic radical] and their analogs and salts were prepared H2N(CH2)3NH(CH2)3CH(CO2H)N((CO2CMe3) (CH2)3NH2 (preparation given)

was

condensed with H2NCH2CON[(CH2)17Me]2 in methylene chloride containing dicyclohexylcarbodiimide to give, after deprotection with CF3CO2H, H2N(CH2)3NH(CH2)3CH[CONHCH2CON[(CH2)17Me]2]NH(CH2)3NH2·4CF3CO2H (I). The transfection of melanotropic cells with a plasmid containing a chloramphenical acetyl transferase expression vector via incubation with I in Dulbecco Modified Essential Medium was studied.

IT 124050-78-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as vector for eukaryote transfection)

RN 124050-78-8 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 124050-77-7 CMF C49 H102 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1990:1996 CAPLUS

DN 112:1996

TI Efficient gene transfer into mammalian primary endocrine cells with lipopolyamine-coated DNA

AU Behr, Jean Paul; Demeneix, Barbara; Loeffler, Jean Philippe; Perez-Mutul,

Jose

CS Lab. Chim. Org. Phys., Inst. Le Bel, Strasbourg, F67000, Fr.

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (1989), 86(18), 6982-6 CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

DT Journal

LA English

AB A general and efficient transfection procedure, based on compacted lipopolyamine-coated plasmids, was developed. The active species is obtained by simple addition of excess synthetic lipospermine solution to the DNA. This binds within min to the cell membrane. This technique has been developed for endocrine cells of the intermediate lobe of the pituitary as a general tool for physiol. work on primary cells; it is not toxic and does not interfere with physiol. regulations in melanotrope cells. A variety of eukaryotic cell cultures also have been transfected successfully and exhibited transient and stable expression.

IT 124050-78-8D, complexes with DNA

RL: PRP (Properties)

(efficient transformation of porcine primary endocrine cells and animal cell lines with)

RN 124050-78-8 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 124050-77-7 CMF C49 H102 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

=> d 19 fbib ab hitstr

- L9 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1991:246827 CAPLUS
- DN 114:246827
- TI Preparation of spermine carboxamides containing fatty acyl or fatty alkyl moieties: transfection of eukaryotes
- IN Behr, Jean Paul; Loeffler, Jean Philippe
- PA Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Fr.
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

ΡI

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														1992	
									US	199	94-19	9106	8	1994	0203

OS MARPAT 114:246827

AB H2N[(CHR)mNH]nH [n = 1-5 integer; m = 2-6 integer; R = H, R1R2NCOCHR5NHCO; R1, R2 = C12-22-aliphatic radical; R5 = H, (phenyl)C1-4-alkyl, Q; X = CH2, CO; R3, R4 = C11-21-aliphatic radical] and their analogs and salts were prepared H2N(CH2)3NH(CH2)3CH(CO2H)N((CO2CMe3) (CH2)3NH2 (preparation given)

condensed with H2NCH2CON[(CH2)17Me]2 in methylene chloride containing dicyclohexylcarbodiimide to give, after deprotection with CF3CO2H, H2N(CH2)3NH(CH2)3CH[CONHCH2CON[(CH2)17Me]2]NH(CH2)3NH2·4CF3CO2H (I). The transfection of melanotropic cells with a plasmid containing a chloramphenicol acetyl transferase expression vector via incubation with I

in Dulbecco Modified Essential Medium was studied.

was

IT 124050-77-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{$

IT 124050-78-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as vector for eukaryote transfection)

RN 124050-78-8 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl-, tetrakis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 124050-77-7 CMF C49 H102 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

=> d 18 1-125 fbib ab hitstr 1-125

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L8 ANSWER 1 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 2003:697028 CAPLUS

DN 139:224472

TI Characterization of human deoxyribonuclease-1-like-3 activity, its association with systemic lupus erythematosus, and regulation and use thereof in gene therapy

IN Schneider, Michael C.; Wilbur, Andrew

PA Southern Illinois University, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 92 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

ran.	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE				A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	ο.	DATE					
PI			2003072741 2003072741					20030904 20031224		WO 2003-US5654				20030226				
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		RW:	GH, CH, NL,	GM, CY, PT,	CZ, SE,	DE, SI,	DK,	EE, TR,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ZW, IE, GA,	IT,	LU,	MC,

US 2002-359619PP 20020226

The present invention relates to human DNase-1-like-3 (D1L3, DNASE1L3, or AΒ D3), a distinct member of DNASE1 gene family that has a longer C-terminal extension. D1L3 hydrolyzes lipid-complexed DNA and decreases transfection efficiency in liposomal transfection (lipofection) systems, thus D1L3 is a barrier to liposomal gene transfection. The potent BT activity is demonstrated in an assay using green fluorescent protein (GFP) expression plasmid complexed with a lipid reagent that is transfected into HeLa cells incubated in control media, and D1L3-conditioned media, or D1(DNASE1)-conditioned media. In fact, BT-activity does not require intrinsic expression of D1L3 since circulation of this macrophage-secreted enzyme in the serum can distribute this protective effect throughout tissues. Furthermore, D1L3 unique C-terminus is required for BT Activity. Accordingly, D1L3 provides a more accurate test of the efficiency of lipid/liposomal based gene therapy than current stds. using DNase 1 (D1). Moreover, it has been found that mice with systemic lupus erythematosus (lupus) have lowered D1L3 activity. Therefore, differing therapeutic benefits may result from either the upward or downward therapeutic regulation of D1L3 activity. For example, blocking D1L3 activity enhances liposomal transfection for gene therapy, while increasing D1L3 activity may enhance destruction of pathogenic DNA, whether viral, bacterial or endogenous. Destruction of pathogenic DNA may provide treatment for lupus, or viral and oncogenic diseases.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(lipofection reagent; characterization of human DNase-1-like-3

activity, its association with systemic lupus erythematosus, and regulation and use thereof in gene therapy)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH₂)

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:435087 CAPLUS

DN 139:26604

TI Compositions for stimulating cytokine secretion and inducing an immune response

IN Semple, Sean C.; Harasym, Troy O.; Klimuk, Sandra K.; Kojic, Ljiljiana D.; Bramson, Jonathan L.; Mui, Barbara; Hope, Michael J.

PA Can

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 54 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 649,527. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 8

r AIN	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
ΡI	US 2003104044	A1	20030605	US 2002-86477 20020301
				US 1997-856374 B219970514
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				US 2000-176406PP 20000113
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FAN 1998:766505

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Lipid-nucleic acid particles can provide therapeutic benefits, even when AB the nucleic acid is not complementary to coding sequences in target cells. It has been found that lipid-nucleic acid particles, including those containing non-sequence specific oligodeoxynucleotides, can be used to stimulate cytokine secretion, thus enhancing the overall immune response of a treated mammal. Further, immune response to specific target antigens can be induced by administration of a antigenic mol. in association with lipid particles containing non-sequence specific oligodeoxynucleotides. The nucleic acid which is included in the lipid-nucleic acid particle can be a phosphodiester (i.e., an oligodeoxynucleotide consisting of nucleotide residues joined by phosphodiester linkages) or a modified nucleic acid which includes phosphorothioate or other modified linkages, and may suitably be one which is non-complementary to the human genome, such that it acts to provide immunostimulation in a manner which is independent of conventional base-pairing interactions between the nucleic acid and nucleic acids of the treated mammal. In particular, the nucleic acid may suitably contain an immune-stimulating motif such as a CpG motif, or an immune stimulating palindromic sequence. The cationic lipid included in the nucleic acid particles may be suitably selected from among DODAP, DODMA, DMDMA, DOTAP, DC-Chol, DDAB, DODAC, DMRIE, DOSPA and DOGS. addition, the lipid particle may suitably contain an modified aggregation-limiting lipid such as a PEG-lipid, a PAO-lipid or a ganglioside.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(of liposomes encapsulating immunostimulatory nucleic acid)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH₂)

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L8 ANSWER 3 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 2003:376897 CAPLUS

DN 138:379265

TI Antisense oligonucleotides modulating bcl-2 expression

IN Capaccioli, Sergio; Papucci, Laura; Schiavone, Nicola; Donnini, Martino; Lapucci, Andrea; Tempestini, Alessio; Brancato, Rosario

PA Visufarma S.R.L., Italy

SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

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IT 2001-MI2367 A 20011109

AB Antisense oligonucleotides targeting the ARE region of bcl-2 mRNA, pharmaceutical compns. containing the same and uses thereof as therapeutic agents. The oligonucleotides are claimed for the treatment ofophthalmol. pathologies, toxicity by cytotoxic agents, hypoxia damage, Alzheimer disease, Parkinson disease, Huntington chorea, lateral amyotrophic sclerosis.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antisense oligonucleotides modulating bcl-2 expression)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.
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WO 2003094829 A3 20040205
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AB The authors disclose an enhancement of mucosal immune responses to antigens using to lipid-nucleic acids (LNA) formulations. In one example, the local (lung) and distant (vaginal) mucosal IgA response to nasal immunization with target antigen was enhanced by liposome-encapsulated immunostimulatory sequences.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(of liposomes encapsulating immunostimulatory sequences)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L8 ANSWER 5 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:22706 CAPLUS
- DN 138:88638
- TI Cancer vaccine containing cancer antigen based on tumor suppressor gene WT1 product and cationic liposomes
- IN Mayumi, Tadanori; Sugiyama, Haruo; Ohsugi, Yoshiyuki
- PA Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan; Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

ፓጥ Patent Japanese LA

FAN.CNT 1

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		22, 20, 32, 3								J:	P 20	01-1	9944	9 A	2001	0629			

- Provided is a cancer vaccine containing a cancer antigen comprising as the AΒ active ingredient a tumor suppressor gene WT1 product or its peptide fragment and cationic liposomes.
- IT124050-77-7

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cancer vaccine containing cancer antigen based on tumor suppressor gene WT1 product and cationic liposomes)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- ANSWER 6 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 18
- 2002:945750 CAPLUS ΑN
- DN 139:202221
- A Lipid-based Delivery System for Antisense Oligonucleotides Derived from ΤI a Hydrophobic Complex
- Wong, F. M. P.; MacAdam, S. A.; Kim, A.; Oja, C.; Ramsay, E. C.; Bally, M. ΑU
- CS Cancer Agency, Department of Advanced Therapeutics, Vancouver, BC, V5Z 1L3, Can.
- SO Journal of Drug Targeting (2002), 10(8), 615-623 CODEN: JDTAEH; ISSN: 1061-186X
- Taylor & Francis Ltd. PB
- Journal DT
- LА English

Antisense oligodeoxynucleotides (ASOs) prevent expression of proteins by binding to specific regions of mRNA. This report investigates a potential lipid-based delivery system for ASO. A hydrophobic complex was recovered following addition of cationic lipids to ASOs in a Bligh and Dyer monophase [chloroform/methanol/water (1:2.1:1, volume/volume/v)]. The addition of monovalent cationic lipids (dioleyldimethylammonium chloride, dimethyldioctadecylammonium bromide, dioleoyltrimethylammonium propane), resulted in >95 recovery of the ASOs from the organic phase when ASO phosphate charge was neutralized. Cholesteryldimethylaminoethylcarbamate mediated efficient extraction at a charge ratio (+/-) >5.2. ASOs could not be extracted into the organic phase by the polyvalent lipids,

dioctadecylamidoglycyl

spermine and 2,3-dioleyloxy-N-[2(sperminecarboxamido)ethyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1-propaminium trifluoroacetate, even at a charge ratio (+/-) >5. Dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine, but not dioleoylphosphatidylcholine, prevented formation and destabilized the hydrophobic complexes. The characterization of the hydrophobic complex led to the development of lipid-ASO particles containing dioleyldimethylammonium chloride, dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine and poly(ethylene glycol)-conjugated phosphatidylethanolamine (LAPs). When FITC-labeled ASOs in LAPs were added to B-cell lymphoma cells (DoHH2) in vitro, cell-associated ASO decreased as poly(ethylene glycol)-conjugated phosphatidylethanolamine incorporation increased. Western Blot anal. demonstrated that no significant downregulation of Bcl-2 protein was observed when using LAPs. The results suggest that the use of stabilized PEG-conjugated lipids may be detrimental for cationic lipid-based ASO delivery.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(lipid-based delivery system for antisense oligonucleotides)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ (CH₂) (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂

RE.CNT 51 THERE ARE 51 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:938481 CAPLUS

DN 139:235215

TI In Vitro and In Vivo Transfection of Melanoma Cells B16-F10 Mediated by Cholesterol-based Cationic Liposomes

AU Reynier, P.; Briane, D.; Cao, A.; Lievre, N.; Naejus, R.; Bissieres, P.; Salzmann, J. L.; Taillandier, E.

CS UFR de Medecine, FRE 2313, CNRS, Laboratoire de Chimie Structurale et

Spectroscopie Biomoleculaire (CSSB), Universite Paris XIII, Bobigny, F93017, Fr.

SO Journal of Drug Targeting (2002), 10(7), 557-566 CODEN: JDTAEH; ISSN: 1061-186X

PB Taylor & Francis Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB In vitro and in vivo transgene expression in B16-F10 melanoma cells has been investigated using an original cationic liposome prepared with tri-Et aminopropane carbamoyl cholesterol iodide (TEAPC-Chol) as carrier. TEAPC-Chol/DOPE (dioleoyl phosphatidyl ethanolamine) liposomes are unilamellar, very stable and not toxic in the used concentration range. The yield in complexation with plasmid DNA can reach 100 even in the presence of fetal calf serum. The transfection level has been evaluated by luminometric measurements of luciferase expression. With TEAPC-Chol/DOPE (1:1) liposomes, a relatively high transfection level in B16-F10 cells has been observed comparing to com. reagents. For in vivo assays, the transfection level in tumors induced in Nude mice has been optimized by studying the effects of charge ratio, of the helper lipid and of the injection volume Results showed that TEAPC-Chol/DOPE (1:1) liposomes have improved 10-fold transfection level vs. direct gene transfer of free DNA.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in Vitro and in Vivo transfection of melanoma cells B16-F10 mediated by cholesterol-based cationic liposomes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 8 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:762314 CAPLUS

DN 138:406770

TI Inhibition of nonviral cationic liposome-mediated gene transfer into primary human respiratory cells by interferon- $\!\gamma$

AU Sersale, Giovanna; Carpani, Daniela; Casotti, Valeria; Livraghi, Alessandra; Carrabino, Salvatore; Di Cicco, Maurizio; Assael, Baroukh M.; Giunta, Annamaria; Conese, Massimo

CS Institute for Experimental Treatment of Cystic Fibrosis, San Raffaele Scientific Institute, Milan, 20132, Italy

SO Journal of Molecular Medicine (Berlin, Germany) (2002), 80(8), 499-506 CODEN: JMLME8; ISSN: 0946-2716

PB Springer-Verlag

Journal DT

LΑ English

The effect of interferon (IFN) γ on cationic liposome-mediated gene AΒ transfer into primary respiratory epithelial cells was investigated. Treatment of primary respiratory epithelial cells with IFN-Y resulted in a dose-dependent increase in the intermediate filament cytokeratin 13 and a decrease in cellular proliferation, indicating that respiratory cells underwent squamous differentiation. IFN- γ pretreatment resulted in a dramatic inhibition of transfection efficiency mediated by a cationic liposome (DOTAP). Incubation of squamous nasal cells with DOTAP/DNA complexes for various periods at 4° and evaluation of luciferase levels suggested that IFN-γ pretreatment inhibits complex binding to the cells. In primary nasal and bronchial cells cytofluorometric anal. demonstrated that IFN- γ reduces binding of FITC-labeled complexes. The data indicate that differentiation of respiratory epithelial cells to a squamous phenotype, which may occur in chronic respiratory diseases such as cystic fibrosis, induces a refractory condition to gene transfer by nonviral cationic liposomes.

IT124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(inhibition of nonviral cationic liposome-mediated gene transfer into primary human respiratory cells by interferon- γ)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS
Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{$

RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

 $\Gamma8$ ANSWER 9 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:505909 CAPLUS

DN 138:243023

TΙ Deoxyribonuclease I-like III is an inducible macrophage barrier to liposomal transfection

Wilber, Andrew; Lu, Michael; Schneider, Michael C. ΑU

Division of Genetics and Metabolism, Department of Pediatrics, Brigham and CS Women's Hospital and Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SO Molecular Therapy (2002), 6(1), 35-42 CODEN: MTOHCK; ISSN: 1525-0016

PBElsevier Science

DTJournal

LΑ English

ΑB Extra- and intracellular nucleases are predicted to decrease the in vivo efficiency of liposomal transfection. DNASE1 (D1) has been proposed as the main nuclease barrier, yet liposome-complexed DNA and in vitro

lipofection are generally immune to D1. In contrast, medium conditioned by the macrophage enzyme DNASE1-like 3 (DNASE1L3 or D3) erects a potent in vitro barrier to liposomal transfection. Although homologous to D1 over its amino-terminal sequence, D3 has a distinct, highly basic carboxy terminus, which resembles polylysine stretches often found in polycationic liposomal reagents. If this domain is truncated from D3, the resulting enzyme has more nuclease activity against naked DNA ("free DNA"-nuclease activity), yet does not block transfection. C-terminal fusion of this domain to D1 forms a chimeric protein able to block transfection. D3 can be immunodetected in both serum and macrophage lysates. Macrophage-conditioned medium contains both "free DNA"-nuclease activity and the ability to block transfection, and by zymogram only a 28-kDa DNASE, consistent by size with D3, is present. Thus, medium containing D3 confers to cells an in vivo shield to the nuclear acquisition of exogenous DNA. Modulation and further elucidation of this activity are likely to have importance for both gene therapy and autoimmune disorders.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (DNase I-like III is inducible macrophage barrier to liposomal transfection)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:392998 CAPLUS

DN 138:112194

TI Characterization of a synthetic anionic vector for oligonucleotide delivery using in vivo whole body dynamic imaging

AU Tavitian, Bertrand; Marzabal, Stephane; Boutet, Valerie; Kuhnast, Bertrand; Terrazzino, Salvatore; Moynier, Marinette; Dolle, Frederic; Deverre, Jean Robert; Thierry, Alain R.

CS SHFJ, INSERM M 0103, CEA, Orsay, F-91401, Fr.

SO Pharmaceutical Research (2002), 19(4), 367-376 CODEN: PHREEB; ISSN: 0724-8741

PB Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers

DT Journal

LA English

Purpose. To compare the pharmacokinetics and bioavailability of an oligonucleotide delivered in a free form or using cationic or anionic synthetic carrier systems. Methods. Whole body dynamic quant. imaging and metabolism of a HIV antisense oligonucleotide i.v. administered either free or incorporated into synthetic carriers were compared in baboons, using non

invasive positron emission tomog. and an enzyme-based competitive hybridization assay, resp. Results. In its free form, the oligonucleotide showed high liver and kidney concentration, rapid plasmatic degradation and elimination from the body. Use of a cationic vector slightly protected the oligonucleotide against degradation and enhanced uptake by the reticulo-endothelial system. In contrast, the anionic vector dramatically enhanced the uptake in several organs, including the lungs, spleen and brain, with a prolonged accumulation of radioactivity in the brain. Using this vector, intact oligonucleotide was detected in plasma for up to two hours after injection, and the T1/2 β and distribution volume increased by 4- and 7-fold, resp. No evidence of toxicity was found after a single dose administration. Conclusions. The anionic vector improves significantly the bioavailability and the pharmacokinetics of the oligonucleotide, and is a promising delivery system for in vivo administration of therapeutic nucleic acids.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(characterization of synthetic anionic vector for oligonucleotide delivery using in vivo whole body dynamic imaging)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 11 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:309818 CAPLUS

DN 136:336176

TI Compositions containing DNA, Tat peptide-nucleic acid binder conjugates, and cationic lipids for cell transfections

IN Hawley-Nelson, Pamela; Lan, Jianqing; Shih, Pojen; Jessee, Joel A.; Schifferli, Kevin P.; Gebeyehu, Gulilat; Ciccarone, Valentina C.; Evans, Krista L.

PA Life Technologies, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 108 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,051,429. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 5

141 5				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6376248	В1	20020423	US 1998-39780	19980316
			US 1997-818200 A	219970314
US 6051429	Α	20000418	US 1997-818200	19970314
	PATENT NO. US 6376248	PATENT NO. KIND	PATENT NO. KIND DATE	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. US 6376248 B1 20020423 US 1998-39780 US 1997-818200 AS

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US 1995-477354 B219950607
                                                   US 1996-658130 A219960604
     US 2003069173
                          A1
                                 20030410
                                                   US 2001-911569 20010723
                                                   US 1998-39780 A119980316
                                 20030731
                                                   US 2002-200879 20020723
     US 2003144230
                          Α1
                                                   US 1995-477354 B219950607
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     WO 9640961 A1
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                                 19980407
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          9840502

A1 19980917

W0 1998-US5232

19980316

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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     WO 9840502
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               GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                   US 1997-818200 A 19970314
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                                                APPLICATION NO.
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                         Α1
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                               20020423
                                                US 1998-39780
                                                                   19980316
                         B1
                                                US 1997-818200 A219970314
                                                US 2002-200879
                                                                   20020723
                         A1
     US 2003144230
                               20030731
                                                US 1995-477354 B219950607
                                                US 1996-658130 A219960604
                                                US 1997-818200 A219970314
                                                US 1998-39780 A119980316
                                                US 2001-911569 A120010723
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AB The present invention provides compns. useful for transfecting cells comprising nucleic acid complexes with Tat peptide, wherein the peptide is covalently coupled to a nucleic acid-binding group, and cationic lipids as transfection agents. Inclusion of peptides in transfection compns. or covalent attachment of peptides to transfection agents results in enhanced transfection efficiency. Methods for the preparation of transfection compns. and methods of using these transfection compns. as intracellular delivery agents are also disclosed.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(compns. containing DNA, Tat peptide-nucleic acid binder conjugates, and cationic lipids for cell transfections)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CNGlycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 157 THERE ARE 157 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 12 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN $\Gamma8$

ΑN 2002:184831 CAPLUS

DN 136:227908

TΙ Compositions and methods for enhanced sensitivity and specificity of nucleic acid synthesis

IN Astatke, Mekbib; Gebeyehu, Gulilat

PA Invitrogen Corporation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

LA English

FAN.	CNT	1																
	PA.	rent :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	0.	DATE			
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			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
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	ΑU	2001	0906	60	A	5	2002	0322							2001			
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															2001			
	US	2002	0378	34	A	1	2002	0328							2001			
															2000			
	EP	1343												-				
		R:	•				•	•	•				LI,	LU,	ΝL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	•	•							
									U	S 20	00-2	3133	UPP	2000	0908			

WO 2001-US28042W 20010910 JP 2004508023 T2 20040318 JP 2002-524314 20010910 US 2000-231330PP 20000908 WO 2001-US28042W 20010910

The present invention relates to cationic and polycationic compns. and AΒ methods for enhancing synthesis of nucleic acid mols. In a preferred aspect, the invention relates to inhibition or control of nucleic acid synthesis, sequencing or amplification. Specifically, the present invention discloses cationic and polycationic mols., compds., and compns. having affinity for double-stranded and/or single-stranded nucleic acid mols. and/or single-stranded/double-stranded nucleic acid complexes (e.g., primer/template complexes, double-stranded templates, single-stranded templates or single-stranded primers) for use in such enhanced synthesis. The cationic and polycationic mols., compds., and compns. of the invention are capable of inhibiting nonspecific nucleic acid synthesis at ambient temperature Thus, in a preferred aspect, the invention relates to "hot start" synthesis of nucleic acid mols. Accordingly, the invention prevent non-specific nucleic acid synthesis at low temps., for example during reaction set up. The invention also relates to kits for synthesizing, amplifying, reverse transcribing or sequencing nucleic acid mols. comprising one or more of the cationic and polycationic mols., compds., and compns. of the invention. The invention also relates to compns. prepared for carrying out the methods of the invention and to compns. made after or during such methods. The invention also generally relates to compns. useful for inhibiting or preventing degradation of various nucleic acid mols.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (compns. and methods for enhanced sensitivity and specificity of nucleic acid synthesis)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 13 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:903794 CAPLUS

DN 136:58784

TI Encapsulation of plasmid DNA (Lipogenes) and therapeutic agents with nuclear localization signal/fusogenic peptide conjugates into targeted liposome complexes

IN Boulikas, Teni

PA USA

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PCT Int. Appl., 107 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
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                                          _____
                                           WO 2001-US18657 20010608
    WO 2001093836
                     A2
                            20011213
PΙ
                     А3
                           20021003
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             HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
             LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,
             RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
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                                           US 2000-210925PP 20000609
     EP 1292284
                      A2
                            20030319
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                                           US 2000-210925PP 20000609
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                                           US 2001-876904
     US 2003072794
                       A1
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                                           US 2000-210925PP 20000609
     JP 2003535832
                       Т2
                            20031202
                                           JP 2002-501409
                                                            20010608
                                           US 2000-210925PP 20000609
                                           WO 2001-US18657W 20010608
     A method is disclosed for encapsulating plasmids, oligonucleotides or
AB
     neg.-charged drugs into liposomes having a different lipid composition between
     their inner and outer membrane bilayers and able to reach primary tumors
     and their metastases after i.v. injection to animals and humans. The
     formulation method includes complex formation between DNA with cationic
     lipid mols. and fusogenic/NLS peptide conjugates composed of a hydrophobic
     chain of about 10-20 amino acids and also containing four or more histidine
     residues or NLS at their one end. The encapsulated mols. display
     therapeutic efficacy in eradicating a variety of solid human tumors
     including but not limited to breast carcinoma and prostate carcinoma.
     Combination of the plasmids, oligonucleotides or neg.-charged drugs with
     other anti-neoplastic drugs (the pos.-charged cis-platin, doxorubicin)
     encapsulated into liposomes are of therapeutic value. Also of therapeutic
     value in cancer eradication are combinations of the encapsulated plasmids,
     oligonucleotides or neg.-charged drugs with HSV-tk plus encapsulated
     ganciclovir.
IT
     124050-77-7
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (encapsulation of plasmid DNA (Lipogenes) and therapeutic agents with
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nuclear localization signal/fusogenic peptide conjugates into targeted

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

liposome complexes)

124050-77-7 CAPLUS

RN

CN

ANSWER 14 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN $^{\rm L8}$

2001:893993 CAPLUS ΑN

137:139126 DN

Treatment of established hepatic tumor in mice by intratumoral injection TIof interleukin-2 plasmid DNA/lipid complexes

Jin, Xiaoling; Jing, Qingyuan; Wang, Bingsheng ΑU

Department of General Surgery, Nanjing First Affiliated Hospital of CS Nanjing Medical University, Nanjing, 210006, Peop. Rep. China Zhongguo Zhongliu Linchang (2001), 28(10), 779-782

SO

CODEN: ZZLIEP; ISSN: 1000-8179

PΒ Zhongquo Zhongliu Linchang Bianji Weiyuanhui

DTJournal

LΑ Chinese

AΒ The effect of interleukin-2 plasmid DNA/lipid complexes was studied for treating hepatic tumor in mice by intratumoral injection. DNA-lipid complexes were formed by mixing VR1110 and Transfectam at appropriate proportion. It was used in the treatment of established hepatic tumor in mice by intratumoral injection and it was compared with Bacillus Calmette-Guerin (BCG). The intratumoral injection of VR1110/Transfectam complexes resulted in the expression of mRNA, significant reduction of tumor size and prolonged survival of mice(P < 0.05). The same result was found after intratumoral injection of VR1110/Transfectam complexes in combination with BCG, but there was no significance between these two groups. The intratumoral injection of VR1110/Transfectam complexes can lead to a significant antitumor response in hepatoma bearing mice and its effect is better than the BCG's. This method is simple and suitable for clin. tumor therapy.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (treatment of established hepatic tumor in mice by intratumoral injection of interleukin-2 plasmid DNA/lipid complexes)

RN124050-77-7 CAPLUS

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
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 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1$

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ANSWER 15 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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- AN 2001:781544 CAPLUS
- DN 136:74493
- TIIn Vitro Cationic Lipid-Mediated Gene Delivery with Fluorinated Glycerophosphoethanolamine Helper Lipids
- Gaucheron, Jerome; Boulanger, Caroline; Santaella, Catherine; ΑU Sbirrazzuoli, Nicolas; Boussif, Otmane; Vierling, Pierre
- Laboratoire de Chimie Bioorganique, UMR 6001 CNRS, Universite de CS Nice-Sophia Antipolis, Nice, 06108, Fr.
- Bioconjugate Chemistry (2001), 12(6), 949-963 SO CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802
- PΒ American Chemical Society
- DTJournal
- LА English
- AΒ There is a need for the development of nonviral gene transfer systems with improved and original properties. "Fluorinated" lipoplexes are such candidates, as supported by the remarkably higher in vitro and in vivo transfection potency found for such fluorinated lipoplexes as compared with conventional ones or even with PEI-based polyplexes (Boussif, O., et al, 2001). Here, we describe the synthesis of fluorinated glycerophosphoethanolamines (F-PEs), close analogs of dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine (DOPE), and report on their lipid helper properties vs that of DOPE, as in vitro gene transfer components of fluorinated lipoplexes based on pcTG90, DOGS (Transfectam), or DOTAP. To evaluate the contribution of the F-PEs to in vitro lipoplex-mediated gene transfer, we examined the effect of including the F-PEs in lipoplexes formulated with these cationic lipids (CL) for various CLpdope: F-PE molar ratios [1:(1-x):x with x=0, 0.5 and 1; 1:(2-y):y with y=0, 1, 1.5,and 2], and various N/P ratios (from 10 to 0.8, N = number of CL amines, P = $\frac{1}{2}$ number of DNA phosphates). Irresp. of the F-PE chemical structure, of the colipid F-PE:DOPE composition, and of the N/P ratio, comparable transfection levels to those of their resp. control DOPE lipoplexes were most frequently obtained when using one of the F-PEs as colipid of DOGS, pcTG90, or DOTAP in place of part of or of all DOPE. However, a large proportion of DOGS-based lipoplexes were found to display a higher transfection efficiency when formulated with the F-PEs rather than with DOPE alone while the opposite tendency was evidenced for the DOTAP-based lipoplexes. The present work indicates that "fluorinated" lipoplexes formulated with fluorinated helper lipids and conventional cationic lipids are very attractive candidates for gene delivery. It confirms further that lipophobicity and restricted miscibility of the lipoplex lipids with the endogenous lipids does not preclude efficient gene transfer and expression. Their transfection potency is rather attributable to their unique lipophobic and hydrophobic character (resulting from the formulation of DNA with fluorinated lipids), thus preventing to some extent DNA from interactions with lipophilic and hydrophilic biocompounds, and from degradation

124050-77-7, Dogs IT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (in vitro cationic lipid-mediated gene delivery with fluorinated glycerophosphoethanolamine helper lipids)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS
Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
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RE.CNT 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 16 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L8
     2001:730528 CAPLUS
ΑN
     135:278003
DΝ
TI
     Compositions and methods for gene therapy
     Vogel, Jean-marie; Boschetti, Egisto
Biosphere Medical Inc., USA
IN
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
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			ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
										U	S 20	00-1	9190	2PP	2000	0324		
	US	US 2003212022		22	Α	1	2003	1113		U	S 20	02-2	2098:	3	2002	1212		
										W	20	01-U	S961	8 W	2001	0323		

AB The present invention relates to injectable compns. comprising biocompatible, swellable, substantially hydrophilic, non-toxic and substantially spherical polymeric material carriers which are capable of efficiently delivering bioactive therapeutic factor(s) phys. linked to a transfection agent for use in embolization gene therapy. The present invention further relates to methods of embolization gene therapy, particularly for the treatment of angiogenic and non-angiogenic-dependent diseases, using the injectable compns.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (compns. and methods for embolization gene therapy)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 17 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:663278 CAPLUS

DN 136:390857

TI High-throughput screening method for identification of new lipofection reagents

AU Regelin, Anne E.; Fernholz, Erhard; Krug, Harald F.; Massing, Ulrich

CS Department of Clinical Research/Phospholipids, Tumor Biology Center, Freiburg, Germany

SO Journal of Biomolecular Screening (2001), 6(4), 245-254 CODEN: JBISF3; ISSN: 1087-0571

PB Mary Ann Liebert, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Lipofection, the transfer of genetic material into cells by means of cationic lipids, is of growing interest for in vitro and in vivo approaches. In order to identify ideal lipofection reagents in a HTS, we have developed an automated lipofection method for the transfer of reporter genes into cells and for determination of the lipofection results.

The

method has specifically been designed and optimized for 96-well microtiter plates and can successfully be carried out by a pipetting robot with accessory equipment. It consists of two sep. parts: (1) pretransfection (preparation of liposomes, formation of lipoplexes, and lipoplex transfer to the cells) and (2) posttransfection (determination of the reporter enzyme activity

and the protein content of the transfected cells). Individual steps of the lipofection method were specifically optimized-for example, lipoplex formation and incubation time as well as cell lysis, cell cultivating, and the reporter gene assay. The HTS method facilitates characterization of the transfection properties (efficiency and cytotoxicity) of large nos. of (cationic) lipids in various adherent cell types.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (high-throughput screening method for identification of new lipofection reagents)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ (CH₂) $\frac{1$

RE.CNT 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 18 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:624601 CAPLUS

DN 136:319010

TI Approaches to enhancing the retroviral transduction of human synoviocytes

AU Del Vecchio, Maria A.; Georgescu, Helga I.; McCormack, James E.; Robbins, Paul D.; Evans, Christopher H.

CS Department of Human Genetics, Graduate School of Public Health, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, USA

SO Arthritis Research [online computer file] (2001), 3(4), 259-263 CODEN: ARESFU; ISSN: 1465-9913 URL: http://arthritis-research.com/PDF/AR-3-4-DelVecchio.pdf

PB BioMed Central Ltd.

DT Journal; (online computer file)

LA English

This report concerns a clin. trial for rheumatoid arthritis (RA), approved AB by the US National Institutes of Health and the Food and Drug Administration. An amphotropic retrovirus (MFG-IRAP) was used ex vivo to transfer a cDNA encoding human interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL-1Ra) to synovium. The protocol required the transduced cells to secrete at least 30 ng IL-1Ra/106 cells per 48 h before reimplantation. Here we have evaluated various protocols for their efficiency in transducing cultures of human rheumatoid synoviocytes. The most reliably efficient methods used high titer retrovirus (approx. 108 infectious particles/mL). Transduction efficiency was increased further by exposing the cells to virus under flow-through conditions. The use of dioctadecylamidoglycylsperimine (DOGS) as a polycation instead of Polybrene (hexadimethrine bromide) provided an addnl. small increment in efficiency. Under normal conditions of static transduction, standard titer, clin. grade retrovirus (approx. 5 + 105 infectious particles/mL) failed to achieve the expression levels required by the clin. trial. However, the shortfall could be remedied by increasing the time of transduction under static conditions, transducing under flow-through conditions, or transducing during centrifugation.

IT 124050-77-7, Dogs

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (enhancing retroviral transduction of human rheumatoid synoviocytes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH2) 17 (CH2) 17 (CH2) 3 NH2
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 (CH2) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH2) $\frac{17}$

RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L8 ANSWER 19 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 2001:525955 CAPLUS

DN 135:112008

TI Amphiphilic and ionic polymer matrixes and derivatives thereof for use in pharmaceutical vesicles

IN De Miguel, Ignacio; Imbertie, Laurent; Betbeder, Didier; Lescure,
Francois; Kravtzoff, Roger

PA Biovector Therapeutics SA, Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

1711.	PA'	rent .	NT NO.		KI	ND	DATE			А	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE			
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ΡI	WO	2001	0510	90	А	2	2001	0719		W	0 20	01-F	R64		2001	0110		
	WO	2001	0510	90	A	3	2002	0228										
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
															LK,			
			LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
			SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,
							AZ,											•
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
			DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
			ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ΜL,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
										F	R 20	00-3	29	Α	2000	0112		
										F	R 20	00-1	5126	Α	2000	1123		
	FR	2803	526		Α	1	2001	0713		F	R 20	00-3	29		20000	0112		
	FR	2803	517					0713		F	R 20	00-1	5126		2000	1123		
										F	R 20	00-3	29	Α	20000	0112		

AB The invention relates to a novel type of amphiphilic and ionic polymer matrixes comprising a macromol. hydrophilic matrix bearing a pos. or neg. ionic charge, whereby a lipidic phase having a sign opposite to that of the matrix is incorporated therein. The invention also refers to a method for the production and use thereof. A suspension of amphiphilic submicron vesicles was prepared containing submicron particles 72, dipalmitoyl phosphatidyl choline 1.33, cetyl tri-Me ammonium bromide 0.53, and halofantrine 2 mg/mL. The % incorporation of halofantrine in the vesicles was 100%.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (amphiphilic and ionic polymer matrixes and derivs. thereof for use in pharmaceutical vesicles)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 20 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:492847 CAPLUS

DN 136:268001

TI Efficacy of cationic liposome-mediated gene transfer to mesangial cells in vitro and in vivo

AU Madry, Henning; Reszka, Regina; Bohlender, Jurgen; Wagner, Jurgen CS Laboratory of Experimental Orthopaedics, Department of Orthopaedic Surgery, Saarland University Medical Center, Saarland University, Homburg, 66421, Germany

SO Journal of Molecular Medicine (Berlin, Germany) (2001), 79(4), 184-189 CODEN: JMLME8; ISSN: 0946-2716

PB Springer-Verlag

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Mesangial cells represent a major target for gene transfer approaches to the kidney. To establish a liposome-based system for transfection of mesangial cells we analyzed the efficacy and toxicity of different cationic liposomes and other nonviral transfection methods in primary cultures of rat and human mesangial cells using the Escherichia coli β -galactosidase (lacZ) gene as a marker. In addition, an expression vector containing a human renin cDNA under the control of the cytomegalovirus immediate-early promoter/enhancer was generated, introduced into mesangial cells, and assayed in a system of transient gene expression. In vivo, gene transfer was studied after infusion of liposome/DNA complexes in the kidney of rats via the renal artery. Transfection efficiency ranged from 5.5% with DMRIE Liposomes in rat mesangial cells to 1.1% with LipofectAmine liposomes in human mesangial cells. Cytotoxicity following transfection was dependent on the transfection method. Transfection with the human renin expression vector led to the secretion of 11 pg/104 cells/48 h human renin in rat mesangial cells, 3600 pg/104 cells/48 h in 293 cells, and 113 pg/104 cells/48 h human renin in opossum kidney cells. In vivo, infusion of liposomes was accompanied by nephrotoxicity and did not result in marker gene expression. Together the data demonstrate that cationic liposomes are useful tools for transferring genes into mesangial cells, including human mesangial cells. Cationic liposomes provide a functional system for the synthesis and secretion of human renin in mesangial cells and other mammalian kidney cells. The current limitation of the evaluated liposomes for an efficient in vivo gene transfer to mesangial cells is the toxicity upon intrarenal arterial administration. ΙT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (efficacy of cationic liposome-mediated gene transfer to mesangial

cells in vitro and in vivo)

124050-77-7 CAPLUS RN

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis (3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 21 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN2001:408719 CAPLUS

DN 135:157528

TIIn Vitro Gene Transfer with a Novel Galactosylated Spermine Bolaamphiphile

ΑU Gaucheron, Jerome; Santaella, Catherine; Vierling, Pierre

Laboratoire de Chimie Bioorganique, UMR 6001 CNRS-Universite de Nice CS Sophia-Antipolis Faculte des Sciences, Nice, 06108, Fr.

· SO Bioconjugate Chemistry (2001), 12(4), 569-575 CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

PB American Chemical Society

DTJournal

LA English

AB We describe the synthesis of a α -galacto- ω -spermine bolaamphiphile (GalSper) and report on the gene transfer mediated with lipoplexes it forms either when used alone or in conjunction with DOPE or with DOGS (Transfectam). Lipofection with GalSper was investigated with human HepG2 or murine BNL-CL2 hepatocytes expressing the asialo-glycoprotein (ASGP) receptor, which displays a high affinity for galactosyl residues, or with A549 cells which do not express ASGP. Although lower luciferase expression levels in BNL-CL2 and in HepG2 cells were obtained with GalSper/DOPE N/P 2.5 lipoplexes as compared with control DOGS/DOPE N/P 2.5 particles or with the more pos. charged N/P 5 particles (yet through a different mechanism), specific receptor-mediated endocytosis of DNA can be achieved with this targeted cationic GalSper bolaamphiphile presenting a single galactose residue. The present work suggests that GalSper-based DNA formulations appear as promising synthetic vectors for specific gene delivery to ASGP(+) cells.

124050-77-7, Transfectam TT

> RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (in vitro gene transfer with a novel galactosylated spermine bolaamphiphile)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1$

THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 32 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Г8 ANSWER 22 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 2001:241683 CAPLUS DN 134:271256

TI Methods of forming protein-linked lipidic microparticles, and compositions thereof

Papahadjopoulos, Demetrios; Hong, Keelung; Zheng, Weiwen; Kirpotin, Dmitri IN

The Regents of the University of California, USA PA

U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 967,791. SO CODEN: USXXAM

DTPatent

English LA

FAN.		3 TENT 	NO.			ND 	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	ο.	DATE			
PI	US	6210	707				2001	0403		Ū		96-3	0578	PР	1998 1996 1997	1112		
	US	6071	533		A		2000	0606		U	s 19	97-9	6 7 79	1		1110		
	CA	2330	741		A	A	1999	1118		C. U	A 19 S 19	99-2 98-7	3307 6618	41 A	1999 1998 1999	0511 0512		
	WO	9958								W	0 19	99–ປ	s103	75	1999	0511		
		W: RW:	DE, JP, MN, TM, RU, GH, ES,	DK, KE, MW, TR, TJ, GM,	EE, KG, MX, TT, TM KE, FR,	ES, KP, NO, UA, LS, GB,	FI, KR, NZ, UG,	GB, KZ, PL, UZ, SD, IE,	GD, LC, PT, VN,	GE, LK, RO, YU, SZ, LU, NE,	GH, LR, RU, ZA, UG, MC, SN,	GM, LS, SD, ZW, ZW, NL, TD,	HR, LT, SE, AM, AT, PT, TG	HU, LU, SG, AZ, BE, SE,	CH, ID, LV, SI, BY, CH, BF,	IL, MD, SK, KG, CY, BJ,	IN, MG, SL, KZ,	IS, MK, TJ, MD,
		9939								U. We	s 19	98-70 99-U:	6618 5103	A 75W	1998 1999	0512 0511		
	EP	1078 R:		BE,						GB,	GR, S 19	IT, 98-70	LI, 6618	LU,	NL, 1998	SE, 0512	MC,	PT,
	JP	2002	5144	32	T	2	2002	0521		J	P 20	00-54	4848	5	19990 19990 19980	0511		

WO 1999-US10375W 19990511

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US 6410049
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                                  20020625
                                                     US 1999-420908 19991020
                                                     US 1996-30578P P 19961112
                                                     US 1997-967791 A319971110
      US 2002001612 A1
                                                 US 2001-765107 20010116
                                   20020103
      US 6528087
                            В2
                                   20030304
                                                     US 1996-30578P P 19961112
                                                     US 1997-967791 A219971110
                                                     US 1998-76618 A119980512
                                   20021205
      US 2002182249
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                                                     US 2002-121962 20020412
                                                     US 1996-30578P P 19961112
                                                     US 1997-967791 All9971110
                                                     US 1999-420908 A119991020
      US 2003003143
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                                   20030102
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                                                     US 1996-30578P P 19961112
                                                     US 1997-967791 A219971110
                                                     US 1998-76618 A119980512
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PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:
FAN 1998:338109
      PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                                   APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                                    _____
      _____
      WO 9820857 A1 19980522 WO 1997-US20690 19971110
PΤ
           W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
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                GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                    US 1996-30578P P 19961112
                          A1
      AU 9871779
                                  19980603
                                                    AU 1998-71779 19971110
      AU 729655
                           В2
                                  20010208
                                                    US 1996-30578P P 19961112
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                                                    EP 1997-949417 19971110
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      JP 2001510457
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                                  20021205
      US 2002182249
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                                                     US 2002-121962 20020412
                                                     US 1996-30578P P 19961112
                                                    US 1997-967791 A119971110
                                                    US 1999-420908 A119991020
FAN
     1999:736953
      PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                                   APPLICATION NO. DATE
      _______
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                          A1 19991118 WO 1999-US10375 19990511
      WO 9958694
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                RU, TJ, TM
           RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
                ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
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							US	199	8-76	6618	Α	1998	0512		
US	621070	7	В1	2001	0403		US	199	8-76	6618		1998	0512		
							US	199	6-30	05781	P P	1996	1112		
							US	199	7-96	5 <mark>7</mark> 792	L A2	1997	1110		
CA	233074	1	AA	1999	1118		CA	199	9-23	33074	11	1999	0511		
							US	199	8-76	5618	Α	1998	0512		
							WO	199	9-US	3103	75W	1999	0511		
AU	9939834	4	A1	1999	1129		AU	199	9-39	9834		1999	0511		
							US	199	8-76	5618	Α	1998	0512		
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EΡ				2001											
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												1999			
JP	2002514	4432	Т2	2002	0521							1999			
												1998			
							WO	199	9-US	31037	75W	1999	0511		

The present invention provides for lipid/nucleic acid complexes that have AΒ increased shelf life and high transfection activity in vivo following i.v. injection, and methods of preparing such complexes. The methods generally involve contacting a nucleic acid with an organic polycation to produce a condensed nucleic acid, and then combining the condensed nucleic acid with a lipid comprising an amphiphilic cationic lipid to produce the lipid/nucleic acid complex. This complex can be further stabilized by the addition of a hydrophilic polymer attached to hydrophobic side chains. The complex can also be made specific for specific cells, by incorporating a targeting moiety such as an Fab' fragment attached to a hydrophilic polymer. The present invention further relates to lipidic microparticles with attached proteins which have been first conjugated to linker mols. having a hydrophilic polymer domain and a hydrophobic domain capable of stable association with the microparticle, or proteins which have been engineered to contain a hydrophilic domain and a lipid moiety permitting stable association with the microparticle. For example, maleimidopropionylantido-PEG-distearoylphosphatidylethanolamine (Mal-PEG-DSPE) was prepared, conjugated with a single chain Fv antibody reactive against HER2 oncoprotein, and formulated into immunoliposomes for targeting of HER2-overexpressing human breast cancer cells.

IT **124050-77-7**, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (preparation of protein-linked lipidic microparticles for targeting of nucleic acids)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH2) 17 (CH2) 17 (CH2) 3 NH2
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 (CH2) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH2) $\frac{17}$

RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 23 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     2001:238066 CAPLUS
DN
     134:276493
TI
     Cationic virosomes as transfer system for genetic material
IN
     Walti, Ernst Rudolf; Gluck, Reinhard; Klein, Peter
PA
     Nika Health Products Limited, Liechtenstein
SO
     U.S., 39 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 171,882.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                                             APPLICATION NO.
PI
     US 6210708
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                                             US 1999-414872 19991008
                                             EP 1996-107282 A 19960508
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                                             US 1998-171882 A219981230
     WO 9741834
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                        A1
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RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
             GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
             ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                             EP 1996-107282 A 19960508
     NZ 504444
                        Α
                             20001124
                                             NZ 2000-504444 20000510
                                             EP 1996-107282 A 19960508
                                             NZ 1997-332666 A 19970504
     WO 2001026628
                        A1.
                             20010419
                                             WO 2000-EP9540 20000929
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AB The present invention relates to a pos. charged virosome for efficient delivery of genetic material to resting or proliferating mammalian cells in vitro and in vivo. The virosome membrane contains cationic and/or polycationic lipids, at least one viral fusion peptide and preferably at least one cell-specific marker, advantageously selected from the group consisting of monoclonal antibodies, antibody fragments F(ab')2 and Fab', cytokines, and growth factors, for a selective detection and binding of

target cells. The invention further relates to a method for the manufacture of the novel virosomes and to applications thereof, particularly for the manufacture of pharmaceutical compns. to treat cancer or leukemia.

124050-77-7, DOGS IT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (lipid bilayer vesicles for cationic virosomes as transfer system for genetic material)

124050-77-7 CAPLUS RN

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8ANSWER 24 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ΑN 2001:167832 CAPLUS

DN 134:212748

Lipid-nucleic acid compositions for stimulating cytokine secretion and ΤI inducing an immune response

IN Semple, Sean C.; Harasym, Troy O.; Klimuk, Sandra K.; Kojic, Ljiljiana D.; Bramson, Jonathan L.; Mui, Barbara; Hope, Michael J.

Inex Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can. PA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 94 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DΤ Patent

LA English

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FAN	2003:913036		05 2005-400040FF 20050404
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
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λD	Tinid avalata a	-:	US 2003-460646PP 20030404

AΒ Lipid-nucleic acid particles can provide therapeutic benefits, even when the nucleic acid is not complementary to coding sequences in target cells. It has been found that lipid-nucleic acid particles, including those containing non-sequence specific oligodeoxynucleotides, can be used to stimulate cytokine secretion, thus enhancing the overall immune response of a treated mammal. Further, immune response to specific target antigens can be induced by administration of an antigenic mol. in association with lipid particles containing non-sequence specific oligodeoxynucleotides. The nucleic acid which is included in the lipid-nucleic acid particle can be a phosphodiester (i.e., an oligodeoxynucleotide consisting of nucleotide residues joined by phosphodiester linkages) or a modified nucleic acid which includes phosphorothicate or other modified linkages, and may suitably be one which is non-complementary to the human genome, such that it acts to provide immunostimulation in a manner which is independent of conventional base-pairing interactions between the nucleic acid and nucleic acids of the treated mammal. In particular, the nucleic acid may suitably contain an immune-stimulating motif such as a CpG motif, or an immune stimulating palindromic sequence. The cationic lipid included in the nucleic acid particles may be suitably selected from among DODAP, DODMA, DMDMA, DOTAP, DC-Chol, DDAB, DODAC, DMRIE, DOSPA and DOGS. In addition, the lipid particle may suitably contain a modified

aggregation-limiting lipid such as a PEG-lipid, a PAO-lipid or a ganglioside.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (lipid-nucleic acid compns. for stimulating cytokine secretion and inducing an immune response)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 25 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:114958 CAPLUS

DN 134:168319

TI Periodic structures comprising lipids, polyelectrolytes, and structure-inducing soluble oligovalent linkers, and biological use thereof

IN Cevc, Gregor; Huebner, Stefan

PA Idea Ag, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

ran.		rent :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	ο.	DATE			
PI		2001 2001					2001	0215		W	0 20	00-E	P754	6	2000			
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	·			•	•	·	GA, 2003	·	GW,	D: J: D:	E 19 P 20 E 19	99-1 01-5 99-1	9936 1493 9936	665 <i>1</i> 3 665 <i>1</i>	199: 2000: 199: 2000:	0803 9080	_	

AB This invention describes a method for preparing pharmaceutically usable compns. comprising periodic structures consisting of polyelectrolytes sandwiched between lipid aggregates having at least one charged component which is characterized in that a suspension of non-periodic, preferably mono- or bilayer like, lipid aggregates, a solution of polyelectrolyte mols.,

and a solution of oligovalent linkers are sep. made and then mixed to form said periodic structures, the simultaneous presence of said components catalyzing the formation of controlling the rate of formation of said periodic structures comprising at least one layer of lipid component associated with a layer of polyelectrolyte mols.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (periodic structures comprising lipids, polyelectrolytes, and structure-inducing soluble oligovalent linkers, and biol. use thereof)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂

NH₂

O (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$

L8 ANSWER 26 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:95555 CAPLUS

DN 135:13817

TI Enhancement of gene delivery by an analogue of $\alpha\textsc{-MSH}$ in a receptor-independent fashion

AU Chluba, J.; Lima de Souza, D.; Frisch, B.; Schuber, F.

CS Laboratoire de Chimie Bioorganique, UMR 7514 CNRS-ULP, Faculte de Pharmacie, Illkirch, 67400, Fr.

SO Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (2001), 1510(1-2), 198-208 CODEN: BBACAQ; ISSN: 0006-3002

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

AB In order to transfect melanoma specifically by receptor-mediated endocytosis we prepared dioctadecyl aminoglycylspermine (lipospermine) - DNA complexes with [Nle4,D-Phe7]- α -MSH(4-10), a pseudo-peptide analog of α -MSH (α -MSH) linked to a thiol-reactive phospholipid. With these complexes we obtained an up to 70-fold increase of transfection with B16-F1 melanoma cells. However when B16-G4F, an α -MSH receptor neg. melanoma cell line was transfected, an up to 700-fold increased transfection efficiency was observed The peptide hormone analog was equally efficient when it was only mixed with lipospermine-DNA complexes without covalent coupling. In addition to melanoma cells we also obtained up to 30-fold increased transfection with BN cells (embryonic liver cells). Our data show that an α -MSH analog increased transfection independently of the MSH receptor expression but reaches efficiencies approaching those obtained with peptides derived from viral fusion proteins. The absence of targeting of constructs containing [Nle4,D-Phe7]- α -MSH(4-10) can probably be attributed due to the relatively modest number of MSH receptors at the surface of melanoma. We suggest, however, that the peptide hormone analog used in this study has membrane-active properties and could be of

interest as helper agent to enhance non-viral gene delivery presumably by endosomal-destabilizing properties.

IT 124050-77-7DP, Transfectam, complex with DNA-αMSH analog
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN
 (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
 PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(enhancement of gene delivery by analog of $\alpha\text{-MSH}$ in receptor-independent fashion)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 27 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:63801 CAPLUS

DN 134:136682

TI Methods for preparation of lipid-encapsulated therapeutic agents

IN Maurer, Norbert; Wong, Kim F.; Cullis, Pieter R.

PA Inex Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.		2																
	PA	TENT	NO.		KI:	ND	DATE					CATI			DATE			
PI	WO	2001	0053	74	А	1	2001	0125							2000	0714		
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	ΑL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
			HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
			LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NΖ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
			SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,
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		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
			DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,				•	•				
										U	s 19	99-1	4397	8PP	1999	0715		
	BR	2000	0126	24	A		2002	0402							2000			
															1999			
															2000			
	EP	1194																
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	ΝL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO										
										U	s 19	99-1	4397	8PP	19990	0715		

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WO 2000-CA843 W 20000714
    JP 2003504391
                      T2
                           20030204
                                         JP 2001-510431
                                                          20000714
                                         US 1999-143978PP 19990715
                                         WO 2000-CA843 W 20000714
    AU 769357
                      В2
                           20040122
                                         AU 2000-62562
                                                          20000714
                                         US 1999-143978PP 19990715
                                         WO 2000-CA843 W 20000714
PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:
FAN 2001:63800
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                         ______
    WO 2001005373
                  A1
PΙ
                           20010125
                                        WO 2000-CA842 20000714
                    C2
    WO 2001005373
                          20020829
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
            HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
            LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
            SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
            YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
            DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                         US 1999-143978PP 19990715
    EP 1196145
                     A1
                          20020417
                                         EP 2000-949025
                                                         20000714
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                         US 1999-143978PP 19990715
                                       WO 2000-CA842 W 20000714
    JP 2003504390
                      T2
                           20030204
                                         JP 2001-510430
                                                         20000714
                                         US 1999-143978PP 19990715
                                         WO 2000-CA842 W 20000714
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AB Fully lipid-encapsulated therapeutic agent particles of a charged therapeutic agent are prepared by combining a lipid composition containing preformed

lipid vesicles, a charged therapeutic agent, and a destabilizing agent to form a mixture of preformed vesicles and therapeutic agent in a destabilizing solvent. The destabilizing solvent is effective to destabilize the membrane of the preformed lipid vesicles without disrupting the vesicles. The resulting mixture is incubated for a period of time sufficient to allow the encapsulation of the therapeutic agent within the preformed lipid vesicles. The destabilizing agent is then removed to yield fully lipid-encapsulated therapeutic agent particles. The preformed lipid vesicles comprise a charged lipid which has a charge which is opposite to the charge of the charged therapeutic agent and a modified lipid having a steric barrier moiety for control of aggregation. For example, larger therapeutic agents, e.g., plasmid pINEX L1018, encoding the luciferase gene, was loaded into preformed lipid vesicles. Preformed lipid vesicles were prepared by slowly adding 10 mg of lipids (DSPC/Cholesterol/DODAP/PEG-CerC14 in a 20:45:25:10 mol% ratio) dissolved in 100% ethanol to 25 mM citrate buffer and extrusion of the ethanolic dispersion of lipid vesicles. Plasmid DNA (0.25 mg) in 40% ethanol was added to the lipid vesicles at room temperature followed by a 1 h incubation of the sample at 40° . The initial plasmid/lipid ratio was 0.025; subsequently, the sample was dialyzed against 2L of 25 mM saline, pH 7.5, for a total of 18-20 h. The final plasmid lipid ratio was 0.022, which corresponds to 88% entrapment. The resulting lipid-encapsulated therapeutic agent particles had an average size of 100 nm and a very small size distribution.

124050-77-7

IT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(preparation of lipid-encapsulated therapeutic agents using destabilizing agents)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 28 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:755211 CAPLUS

DN 133:340208

TI Novel compositions useful for delivering anti-inflammatory agents into a cell

IN Unger, Evan C.; McCreery, Thomas; Sadewasser, David A.

PA ImaRx Pharmaceutical Corp., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 78 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PA'	rent	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	٥.	DATE			
ΡI	EP 1046394 EP 1046394				A.	2	2000	1025		E	P 20	00-3	0324	9	2000	0418		
	EP 1046394				A	3	2001	1010										
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FΙ,	RO										
										U:	5 19	99-2	94623	3 A	1999	0419		

AB The present invention is directed, inter alia, to compns. and their use for delivering compds. into a cell. In a preferred embodiment, the compns. comprise, in combination with the compound to be delivered, an organic halide, a targeting ligand, and a nuclear localization sequence, optionally in the presence of a carrier. Ultrasound may be applied, if desired. The compns. are particularly suitable for the treatment of inflammatory diseases.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (drug carrier; peptide compns. useful for delivering anti-inflammatory agents into a cell)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 29 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:678585 CAPLUS

DN 134:21368

TI Stable integration of large (> 100 kb) PAC constructs in HaCaT keratinocytes using an integrin-targeting peptide delivery system

AU Compton, S. H.; Mecklenbeck, S.; Mejia, J. E.; Hart, S. L.; Rice, M.; Cervini, R.; Barrandon, Y.; Larin, Z.; Levy, E. R.; Bruckner-Tuderman, L.; Hovnanian, A.

CS The Wellcome Trust Centre for Human Genetics, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK

SO Gene Therapy (2000), 7(18), 1600-1605 CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

Transfer of large DNA constructs in gene therapy studies is being AΒ recognized for its importance in maintaining the natural genomic environment of the gene of interest and providing tissue-specific regulation and control. However, methods used to deliver such constructs have been poorly studied. We used a receptor-mediated, integrin-targeting transfection system enhanced by liposomes, to deliver a 110 kb PAC (P1-based artificial chromosome) to HaCaT keratinocytes. The PAC contained the collagen VII locus, an EGFP (enhanced green fluorescent protein) reporter gene and the puromycin resistance gene (pac) to allow selection of stably transfected cells. Anal. of puromycin resistant and EGFP-expressing colonies by Western blot showed that collagen VII production increased dramatically after transfection, indicating successful transfer of a large fully functional genomic locus. Fluorescent in situ hybridization (FISH) and Southern blot anal. revealed that the PAC had integrated as at least one copy per cell. EGFP expression has persisted for 35 wk, suggesting stable transgene expression. We conclude that the integrin-targeting peptide method of gene delivery is an effective means of stably delivering large DNA constructs to human keratinocytes and could be of benefit for genomic gene therapy approaches.

IT **124050-77-7**, Transfectam

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (stable integration of large PAC constructs in HaCaT keratinocytes using integrin-targeting peptide delivery system)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ (CH₂)

RÉ.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Г8 ANSWER 30 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:611193 CAPLUS

133:275894

TΙ Cationic lipopolyamines induce degradation of PrPSC in scrapie-infected mouse neuroblastoma cells

Winklhofer, Konstanze F.; Tatzelt, Jorg ΑU

Abteilung Zellulare Biochemie, Max-Planck-Institut fur Biochemie, CS Martinsried, D-82152, Germany

SO Biological Chemistry (2000), 381(5/6), 463-469 CODEN: BICHF3; ISSN: 1431-6730

PB Walter de Gruyter GmbH & Co. KG

DTJournal

English LA

AΒ In prion diseases the endogenous prion protein (PrPC) is converted into an abnormally folded isoform, denoted PrPSc, which represents the major component of infectious scrapie prions. The mechanism of the conversion is largely unknown, but the conversion is thought to occur after PrPC has reached the plasma membrane. Here we show that exogenous administration of the cationic lipopolyamine DOSPA interfered with the accumulation of PrPSc in scrapie-infected neuroblastoma cells. Structural anal. of the compds. tested revealed that inhibition of PrPSc was specific for lipids with a headgroup composed of the polyamine spermine and a quaternary ammonium ion between the headgroup and the lipophilic tail. The cationic lipopolyamine DOSPA induced the cellular degradation of preexisting PrPSc aggregates within 12 h and interfered with the de novo synthesis of PrPSc. Biosynthesis of PrPC, or the assembly of sphingolipid-cholesterol microdomains (rafts) on the plasma membrane, were not affected by this inhibitor. After removal of DOSPA and replating into normal medium propagation of PrPSc commenced, although initially at a reduced rate. Incubation of ScN2a cells in free spermidine had no inhibitory effect on the accumulation of PrPSc. Our results indicate that membrane targeting of a small polyamine mol. creates a potent inhibitor of PrPSc propagation and offers the possibility to degrade preexisting PrPSc aggregates in living cells.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cationic lipopolyamines induce degradation of PrPSC in scrapie-infected mouse neuroblastoma cells)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 31 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:606798 CAPLUS

DN 133:188886

TI Preparation of lipid-nucleic acid particles using a solvent extraction and direct hydration method

IN Zhang, Yuan-peng; Scherrer, Peter; Hope, Michael J.

PA Inex Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can.

SO U.S., 22 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 6110745	Α	20000829	US 1998-122622	19980723
				US 1997-72656P P	19970724

AB This invention relates to a novel solvent extraction and direct hydration (SEDH) method for preparing lipid-nucleic acid particles which are useful for the introduction of nucleic acids (e.g., plasmid DNA, antisense mols., ribozymes, etc.) into cells. The lipid-nucleic acid particles prepared using the methods of the present invention have enhanced circulation characteristics and serum stability and, thus, they are extremely effective as nucleic acid delivery vehicles.

IT 124050-77-7P, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of lipid-nucleic acid particles using a solvent extraction and

(preparation of lipid-nucleic acid particles using a solvent extraction and direct hydration method)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂

H N S (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂

O (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 32 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L8
ΑN
     2000:606754 CAPLUS
     133:213073
DN
ΤI
     Liposomal delivery system for nucleic acids for gene therapy
IN
     Thierry, Alain R.
     United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA
PA
SO
     U.S., 39 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 286,730.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
PI
     US 6110490
                     A
                            20000829
                                          US 1996-522246 19960129
                                          US 1994-286730 A219940805
                                          WO 1995-US9867 W 19950804
    US 5908635 A
WO 9603977 A1
                                          US 1994-286730 19940805
                            19990601
                          19960215
                                      WO 1995-US9867 19950804
         W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI,
            GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,
            TM, TT
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
            LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
            SN. TD. TG
                                          US 1994-286730 A219940805
PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:
FAN 1996:332672
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                    A1 19960215 WO 1995-US9867 19950804
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    WO 9603977
PΙ
         W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI,
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            TM, TT
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
            LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
            SN, TD, TG
                                          US 1994-286730 A219940805
    US 5908635
                            19990601
                                          US 1994-286730 19940805
                      Α
    CA 2196780
                            19960215
                                          CA 1995-2196780 19950804
                      AA
                                          US 1994-286730 A 19940805
    AU 9532379
                                          AU 1995-32379
                            19960304
                      A1
                                                           19950804
    AU 697343
                      В2
                            19981001
                                          US 1994-286730 A 19940805
                                          WO 1995-US9867 W 19950804
                                          EP 1995-928732 19950804
    EP 774959
                      A1
                           19970528
    EP 774959
                      В1
                           19981028
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                                          US 1994-286730 A 19940805
                                          WO 1995-US9867 W 19950804
    AT 172636
                      Ε
                            19981115
                                          AT 1995-928732 19950804
                                          US 1994-286730 A 19940805
    ES 2123284
                      Т3
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                                          ES 1995-928732 19950804
                                          US 1994-286730 A 19940805
    US 6110490
                      A
                           20000829
                                          US 1996-522246 19960129
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US 1994-286730 A219940805 WO 1995-US9867 W 19950804

AB The present invention is directed to a liposomal preparation which is based on specific lipid components. The liposomal compds. are also combined with a biol. active agent, forming liposomal compds. These compds. are useful in drug delivery, where specific therapeutic compds. are provided in the liposomes. The specific lipid components of the present invention provide a highly efficient and stable delivery system for nucleic acids. Consequently, one embodiment of the invention provide the liposomal prepns. which are suitable for use in gene therapy.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (liposomal delivery system for nucleic acids for gene therapy)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 33 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:573693 CAPLUS

DN 133:182939

TI Methods of stimulating angiogenesis

IN Talan, Mark; Gowdak, Luis Henrique Wolff; Grove, Robert L.; Lakatta, Edward G.; Liggitt, H. Denny; Poliakova, Lioubov

PA United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN. CNT 1

PAN.	CNT	T																
	PAT	ENT 1	. O <i>l</i>		KI	ND	DATE			Α	PPLI	CATI	ON N	ο.	DATE			
PI	WO :	2000	0472	35	A.	2	2000	0817		W	0 20	00-U	S344	9	2000	0210		
	WO :	2000	0472	35	A	3	2001	0104										
		W: AE, AL CZ, DE		AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,
			IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,
			MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,
			SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
			BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM									
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
			DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,
			CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG				

US 1999-119487PP 19990210 AU 2000056463 A5 20000829 AU 2000-56463 20000210 US 1999-119487PP 19990210 WO 2000-US3449 W 20000210

AB The invention is directed to methods for stimulating angiogenesis by in vivo i.m., intradermal, and/or s.c. administration of cationic lipid-nucleic acid complexes. By inducing angiogenesis, these compns. are used to treat ischemia, including diseases which cause or result in insufficient circulation to and perfusion of tissues, such as peripheral vascular disease (e.g., as in diabetes, atherosclerosis) and coronary artery disease.

IT **124050-77-7**, Dogs

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(stimulating angiogenesis with cationic lipid-nucleic acid complexes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 34 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:475564 CAPLUS

DN 133:103732

TI Treatment of viral diseases using an interferon $\omega\text{-expressing}$ polynucleotide

IN Parker, Suezanne; Horton, Holly

PA Vical Incorporated, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PT

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2000040273 A2 20000713 WO 1999-US30843 19991228
WO 2000040273 A3 20001116

W: CA, JP, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

US 1999-115403PP 19990108

AB The present invention provides a method of treating a viral disease comprising administering to a mammal a polynucleotide construct comprising a polynucleotide encoding IFN ω . The polynucleotide construct of the present invention can be administered free from associated with transfection facilitating agents or as a complex with at least one or more cationic lipids.

IT 124050-77-7

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (treatment of viral diseases using an interferon ω-expressing polynucleotide)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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L8
    ANSWER 35 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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2000:441467 CAPLUS ΑN

DN 133:54513

TΙ Stabilization of posiplexes for use in transfection

Boussif, Otmane; Meyer, Olivier; Kolbe, Hanno V. J. IN

PA Transgene S.A., Fr.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DTPatent

LΑ English

FAN.CNT 1

2.2	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
ΡI	EP 1013772	A1 20000628	EP 1998-403267 19981221
		CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, LT, LV, FI, RO	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
	, ,	A1 20000629	WO 1999-EP9651 19991208
		•	FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
	,		EP 1998-403267 A 19981221
	EP 1141365	A1 20011010	EP 1999-963433 19991208
	R: AT, BE, IE, FI	CH, DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
			EP 1998-403267 A 19981221
	JP 2002533354	T2 20021008	WO 1999-EP9651 W 19991208 JP 2000-589718 19991208
	UE 200233334	12 20021000	EP 1998-403267 A 19981221
			WO 1999-EP9651 W 19991208

OS MARPAT 133:54513

AΒ Described are stable posiplexes that can be used to deliver nucleic acids to a cell for the purpose of providing a therapeutic mol. to the cells of an individual in need of such treatment. Thus, the complexes of nucleic acid with cationic lipids/cationic polymers are stabilized with sulfones, sulfoxides, or aprotic polar compds. such as DMF, dimethylacetamide, tetramethylurea, and their derivs.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (stabilization of posiplexes for use in transfection)
124050-77-7 CAPLUS
Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI)

Absolute stereochemistry.

(CA INDEX NAME)

RN CN

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 36 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:419723 CAPLUS

DN 133:291661

TI Experimental design optimization of filamentous phage transfection into mammalian cells by cationic lipids

AU Aujame, Luc; Seguin, Delphine; Droy, Carole; Hessler, Catherine

CS Aventis Pasteur, Marcy l'Etoile, 69280, Fr.

SO BioTechniques (2000), 28(6), 1202-1204,1206,1208,1210,1212-1213 CODEN: BTNQDO; ISSN: 0736-6205

PB Eaton Publishing Co.

DT Journal

LA English

AB A previous study showed that filamentous phage could be efficiently transfected into mammalian cells in the presence of the cationic lipid Transfectam. In the present study, we used an exptl. plan based on a uniform network (Doehlert) matrix to estimate optimal transfection conditions in two different cell lines, CHO and Cos-7. Using the cationic lipid RPR120535b as a model, we show that optimal conditions can be determined much more readily than with standard response curves. Under optimal conditions as analyzed by FACS, up to 60% of Cos-7 and 50% of CHO cells can be transfected. Furthermore, a comparison of different lipids (Transfectam, RPR120535b, TC1-12 and GAP-DLRIE/DOPE) suggests that lipids with multiple amine groups are more efficient for the transfection of filamentous phage.

IT **124050-77-7**, Transfectam

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(exptl. design optimization of filamentous phage transfection into mammalian cells by cationic lipids)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

 $\Gamma8$ ANSWER 37 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 2000:254039 CAPLUS DN 132:289590 TI Peptide-enhanced cationic lipid transfections INHawley-Nelson, Pamela; Lan, Jianqing; Shih, Pojen; Jessee, Joel A.; Schifferli, Kevin P.; Gebeyehu, Gulilat PA Life Technologies, Inc., USA U.S., 103 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,736,392. SO CODEN: USXXAM DTPatent LA English FAN.CNT 5 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PΙ US 6051429 Α 20000418 US 1997-818200 19970314 US 1995-477354 B219950607 US 1996-658130 A219960604 US 5736392 Α 19980407 US 1996-658130 19960604 US 1995-477354 B219950607 19980917 WO 9840502 Α1 WO 1998-US5232 19980316 AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 1997-818200 A 19970314 AU 9865622 **A**1 19980929 AU 1998-65622 19980316 US 1997-818200 A 19970314 WO 1998-US5232 W 19980316 EP 1007699 20000614 A1 EP 1998-911737 19980316 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI US 1997-818200 A 19970314 WO 1998-US5232 W 19980316 JP 2001517939 Т2 20011009 JP 1998-539899 19980316 US 1997-818200 A 19970314 WO 1998-US5232 W 19980316 US 6376248 B1 20020423 US 1998-39780 19980316 US 1997-818200 A219970314 US 2003144230 A1 20030731 US 2002-200879 20020723 US 1995-477354 B219950607 US 1996-658130 A219960604

US 1997-818200 A219970314 US 1998-39780 A119980316 US 2001-911569 A120010723

PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN 1997:130043 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----PIWO 9640961 A1 19961219 WO 1996-US8723 19960604 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE US 1995-477354 A 19950607 AU 9659792 **A**1 19961230 AU 1996-59792 19960604 US 1995-477354 A 19950607 WO 1996-US8723 W 19960604 EP 874910 A1 19981104 EP 1996-917118 19960604 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI US 1995-477354 A 19950607 WO 1996-US8723 W 19960604 JP 11506935 **T**2 19990622 JP 1996-501227 19960604 US 1995-477354 A 19950607 WO 1996-US8723 W 19960604 FAN 1998:219310 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ ΡI US 5736392 Α 19980407 US 1996-658130 19960604 US 1995-477354 B219950607 US 6051429 Α 20000418 US 1997-818200 19970314 US 1995-477354 B219950607 US 1996-658130 A219960604 US 2003144230 A1 20030731 US 2002-200879 20020723 US 1995-477354 B219950607 US 1996-658130 A219960604 US 1997-818200 A219970314 US 1998-39780 A119980316 US 2001-911569 A120010723 FAN 1998:621324 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ ----WO 9840502 PIWO 1998-US5232 A1 19980917 19980316 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 1997-818200 A 19970314 US 6051429 Α 20000418 US 1997-818200 19970314 US 1995-477354 B219950607 US 1996-658130 A219960604 AU 9865622 Α1 19980929 AU 1998-65622 19980316 US 1997-818200 A 19970314 WO 1998-US5232 W 19980316 EP 1007699 A1 20000614 EP 1998-911737 19980316

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI US 1997-818200 A 19970314 WO 1998-US5232 W 19980316 JP 2001517939 Т2 20011009 JP 1998-539899 19980316 US 1997-818200 A 19970314 WO 1998-US5232 W 19980316 FAN 2002:309818 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PΙ US 6376248 В1 20020423 US 1998-39780 19980316 US 1997-818200 A219970314 US 6051429 Α 20000418 US 1997-818200 19970314 US 1995-477354 B219950607 US 1996-658130 A219960604 US 2003069173 Α1 20030410 US 2001-911569 20010723 US 1998-39780 A119980316 US 2003144230 A120030731 US 2002-200879 20020723 US 1995-477354 B219950607 US 1996-658130 A219960604

AB The present invention provides compns. useful for transfecting eukaryotic cells comprising nucleic acid complexes with peptides, wherein the peptide is optionally covalently coupled to a nucleic acid-binding group, and cationic lipids or dendrimers as transfection agents. The invention also provides transfection compns. in which a peptide is covalently linked to the transfection agent (lipid, cationic lipid or dendrimer). Inclusion of peptides or modified-peptides in transfection compns. or covalent attachment of peptides to transfection agents results in enhanced transfection efficiency. Methods for the preparation of transfection compns. and methods of using these transfection compns. as intracellular delivery agents and extracellular targeting agents are also disclosed.

US 1997-818200 A219970314 US 1998-39780 A119980316

IT **124050-77-7**, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(transformation using, increasing efficiency of; increasing efficiency of uptake of transforming DNA complexes with polycations using peptides)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L8 ANSWER 38 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2000:226436 CAPLUS
- DN 133:79122
- TI Gene delivery and expression in human retinal pigment epithelial cells: effects of synthetic carriers, serum, extracellular matrix and viral promoters
- AU Urtti, Arto; Polansky, Jon; Lui, Ge Ming; Szoka, Francis C.
- CS Department of Bio-Pharmaceutical Sciences, Department of Ophthalmology, University of California San Francisco, San Francisco, CA, USA
- SO Journal of Drug Targeting (2000), 7(6), 413-421 CODEN: JDTAEH; ISSN: 1061-186X
- PB Harwood Academic Publishers
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Non-viral gene therapy is a potential treatment to many incurable retinal AΒ diseases. To fulfill this promise, plasmid DNA must be delivered to the retinal target cells. We evaluated the efficacy of synthetic DNA complexing compds. in transfecting primary human retinal pigment epithelial (RPE) cells in vitro. Fetal human RPE cells were cultured with or without extracellular matrix (ECM), produced using calf corneal endothelial cells. Plasmids encoding nuclear localizing beta galactosidase or luciferase (pRSVLuc, pCLuc4, pSV2Luc) were complexed in water at various ± charge ratios using cationic lipids (Lipofectin, DOTAP, DOGS), polyethylene imines (25 and 750 kDa), and with degraded 6th generation starburst polyamidoamine dendrimers. Luciferase was quantified using a luminometric assay and beta galactosidase with X-gal staining. Toxicities of transfections were evaluated with the MTT-assay. Using beta galactosidase as the reporter gene naked DNA did not transfect RPE cells at measurable levels whereas 1-5% of the cells expressed histochem. detectable amts. of the gene after transfection with cationic lipid-DNA complexes. In RPE cells, Rous sarcoma virus and cytomegalovirus (CMV) were more efficient promoters than SV40 in driving luciferase expression, and CMV was chosen for further expts. At optimal complex charge ratios, expression levels of luciferase were > 109 light units/mg protein after transfection using dendrimers and PEI25, while transfection mediated with the other carriers resulted in luciferase expression levels of 107-109 light units/mg protein or less. In general, dendrimers and large mol. weight PEI were less toxic than cationic lipids or PEI25 to RPE cells. Serum and ECM decreased gene expression to the RPE cells with all carriers. Despite low percentage of transfected cells the transgene expression per RPE cell is high, important feature in the retinal tissue with small dimensions, in particular in the case of secreted gene products. Degraded dendrimers and high mol. weight PEI exhibited the best combination of high activity and low toxicity in RPE cell transfection.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(effects of synthetic carriers, serum, extracellular matrix and viral promoters on gene delivery and expression in human retinal pigment epithelium)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{$

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 39 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:119426 CAPLUS

DN 132:260319

TI Attenuating the growth of tumors by intratumoral administration of DNA encoding Pseudomonas exotoxin via cationic liposomes

AU Yerushalmi, Noga; Brinkmann, Ulrich; Brinkmann, Elisabeth; Pai, Lee; Pastan, Ira

CS Laboratory of Molecular Biology, National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, 20892, USA

SO Cancer Gene Therapy (2000), 7(1), 91-96 CODEN: CGTHEG; ISSN: 0929-1903

PB Nature America, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB A gene therapy approach was taken to inhibit tumor growth by transfecting tumor cells with a plasmid encoding a truncated but active form of Pseudomonas exotoxin A (PE), using cationic lipids as the transfection reagent. Cells transfected with this plasmid express PE intracellularly and undergo apoptosis. Transfection was optimized in vitro using two cationic lipids, DOGS and DOSPER. A ratio of between 1:4 and 1:10 (weight/weight) was optimal for DOSPER, and the ratio 1:4 was used for the in vivo study when a smaller injection volume was desired. Estimating the activity

of the PE-encoding plasmid was done both directly, by counting cells in vitro after transfection, and by using a cytotoxicity assay, and indirectly, by cotransfecting the plasmid with a plasmid carrying a reporter β -galactosidase gene and observing a reduction in β -galactosidase activity with increasing amts. of the PE-encoding plasmid. The cotransfection method was very sensitive, and showed transfection of cells even with 1-2 ng of the PE-encoding plasmid per 105 cells. Complexes of the PE-encoding plasmid together with cationic lipid were injected into tumor xenografts in athymic nude mice. The tumor growth of transfected tumors was attenuated compared with control untreated tumors or tumors transfected with a nontoxin-expressing vector. These results indicate the potential of such a treatment for attenuating solid tumor growth in vivo.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (attenuating growth of tumors by intratumoral administration of DNA encoding Pseudomonas exotoxin A via cationic liposomes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) (

RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 40 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:779231 CAPLUS

DN 132:9020

TI Use of synthetic polycationic amphiphilic substances with fatty acid or hydrocarbon substituents as anti-sepsis agents

IN David, Sunil A.; Morrison, David C.

PA USA

SO U.S., 25 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PI

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-	US 5998482	A	19991207	US 1998-188720	19981110
				IIS 1997-64976P P	19971110

The present invention describes the ability of synthetic cationic AB amphiphilic mols. to bind and sequester bacterial lipopolysaccharides and other microbial products that share structural and/or phys.-chemical properties with those of LPS. Such cationic amphiphilic mols. have a mol. structure comprised of a linear or branched backbone derived from polymethylenes or alkylamines which bear at the termini two or more protonatable pos. charged groups derived from primary-amino, imidazolinium, or N, N'-unsubstituted amidinium or guanidium functions. They also possess one or more lipophilic groups derived from fatty acids or hydrocarbon substituents, attached to the backbone via amide, ester, carbamate, or urethane linkages. The use of these compds. provide low cost, effective therapeutic method for the treatment of sepsis and septic shock. E.g., DOSPER completely prevented lethality induced by Staphylococcus aureus in mice. Protection by DOSPER was paralleled by decreased serum TNF-lpha levels. At the same time, DOSPER had neither any significant antimicrobial activity up to 40 $\mu g/mL$, nor it enhanced the antibacterial effect of imipenem. Mice receiving cumulative doses of 120 μg of DOSPER tolerated the compound well, showing no detectable signs of acute toxicity.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (polycationic amphiphilic substances with fatty acid or hydrocarbon

substituents as anti-sepsis agents)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 41 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:728856 CAPLUS

DN 132:74224

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{TI}}$ DNA packing in stable lipid complexes designed for gene transfer imitates DNA compaction in bacteriophage

AU Schmutz, M.; Durand, D.; Debin, A.; Palvadeau, Y.; Etienne, A.; Thierry, A. R.

CS Institut de Genetique et de Biologie Moleculaire et Cellulaire, Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique/Institut National de la Sante et de la Recherche Medicale/Universite Louis Pasteur, Illkirch, 67404, Fr.

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (1999), 96(22), 12293-12298

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

PB National Academy of Sciences

DT Journal

LA English

The structure of complexes made from DNA and suitable lipids (lipoplex, Lx) was examined by cryo-electron microscopy (cryoEM). The authors observed a distinct concentric ring-like pattern with striated shells when using plasmid DNA. These spherical multilamellar particles have a mean diameter of 254 nm with repetitive spacing of 7.5 nm with striation of 5.3 nm width. Small angle x-ray scattering revealed repetitive ordering of 6.9 nm, suggesting a lamellar structure containing at least 12 layers. This concentric and lamellar structure with different packing regimes also was observed by cryoEM when using linear double-stranded DNA, single-stranded DNA, and oligodeoxynucleotides. DNA chains could be visualized in DNA/lipid complexes. Such specific supramol. organization is the result of thermodn. forces, which cause compaction to occur through concentric winding of DNA in a liquid crystalline phase. CryoEM examination of T4 phage

DNA

packed either in T4 capsides or in lipidic particles showed similar patterns. Small angle x-ray scattering suggested an hexagonal phase in Lx-T4 DNA. The results indicate that both lamellar and hexagonal phases may coexist in the same Lx preparation or particle and that transition between both phases may depend on equilibrium influenced by type and length of the DNA used.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(DNA packing in stable lipid complexes designed for gene transfer imitates DNA compaction in bacteriophage)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

 18 ANSWER 42 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1999:718868 CAPLUS DN 131:318577 Methods for producing recombinant mammalian cells harboring a yeast artificial chromosome IN Loring, Jeanne F.; Choi, Theodore; Kay, Robert M. Genpharm International, Inc., USA PΑ U.S., 29 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 79,444, abandoned. SO CODEN: USXXAM DTPatent LA English FAN.CNT 2 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ PΙ US 5981175 19991109 US 1994-187161 19940125 US 1993-1493 19930107 US 1993-79444 19930618 PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:

FAN	1994: PATEN				KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	ο.	DATE				
ΡI	WO 94	1005	69		A	1	1994	0106		W	0 19	 93-U	s587	3	1993	0618			
	V	₹: .	AT,	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	GB,	HU,	JP,	
			ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LU,	MG,	MN,	MW,	NL,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	
			•	•	UA,	•													
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US 1993-1493 19930107 WO 1993-US5873 19930618

The present invention provides methods and compns. for transferring large transgene polynucleotides and unlinked selectable marker polynucleotides into eukaryotic cells by a novel method designated co-lipofection. The large transgene or homologous targeting construct is transferred with yeast-derived YAC sequences in polynucleotide linkage, but yeast-derived YAC sequences may be removed by restriction enzymes and pulsed gel electrophoresis. The large transgene(s) and/or homologous targeting construct(s) are generally mixed with the unlinked second polynucleotide and contacted with cationic lipid (e.g.DOGS, DORMA, DOTAP) to form cationic lipid-DNA complexes. The methods and compns. of the invention are used to produce novel transgenic non-human animals harboring large transgenes, such as a transgene comprising a human APP gene or human Ig gene.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGs

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(methods for producing recombinant mammalian cells harboring a yeast artificial chromosome)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 43 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:704853 CAPLUS

DN 131:314184

TI Lipid-nucleic acid particles prepared via a hydrophobic lipid-nucleic acid complex intermediate and use for gene transfer

IN Wheeler, Jeffery J.; Bally, Marcel B.; Zhang, Yuan-Peng; Reimer, Dorothy L.; Hope, Michael; Cullis, Pieter R.; Scherrer, Peter

PA Inex Pharmaceuticals Corp., Can.

SO U.S., 63 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,705,385. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
ΡI	US 5976567	Α	19991102	US 1996-660025 19960606
				US 1995-484282 A219950607
				US 1995-485458 A219950607

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US 5705385
                       Α
                            19980106
                                           US 1995-485458
                                                            19950607
     US 5981501
                       А
                            19991109
                                           US 1995-484282
                                                             19950607
                                           CA 1996-2222328 19960606
     CA 2222328
                      AA
                            19961219
                                           US 1995-484282 A 19950607
                                           US 1995-485458 A 19950607
     US 6534484
                      B1 20030318
                                           US 1999-436933 19991108
                                           US 1995-484282 Al19950607
                       В1
     US 6586410
                            20030701
                                           US 2000-566700 20000508
                                           US 1995-484282 A219950607
                                           US 1995-485458 A219950607
                                           US 1996-660025 A119960606
                                           US 1999-431594 A119991101
     US 2002192651
                      A1
                            20021219
                                           US 2001-875805 20010605
                                           US 1995-484282 A219950607
                                           US 1995-485458 A219950607
                                           US 1996-660025 A119960606
                                           US 1999-431594 A119991101
                                           US 2000-566700 A120000508
                     A1
                            20030925
     US 2003181410
                                           US 2003-374673 20030224
                                           US 1995-484282 A119950607
                                           US 1999-436933 A119991108
PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:
FAN 1997:124470
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
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                           19961219 WO 1996-US9949 19960606
     WO 9640964 A2
PΤ
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
             SE, SG
         RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
             IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA
                                           US 1995-484282 A 19950607
                                           US 1995-485458 A 19950607
    US 5705385
                     Α
                           19980106
                                           US 1995-485458 19950607
    US 5981501
                     Α
                            19991109
                                           US 1995-484282
                                                            19950607
    CA 2222328
                      AA
                            19961219
                                           CA 1996-2222328 19960606
                                           US 1995-484282 A 19950607
                                           US 1995-485458 A 19950607
    AU 9663307 A1
                            19961230
                                           AU 1996-63307
                                                            19960606
    AU 723163
                     B2
                            20000817
                                           US 1995-484282 A 19950607
                                           US 1995-485458 A 19950607
                                           WO 1996-US9949 W 19960606
                A2 19980401
    EP 832271
                                           EP 1996-922432 19960606
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
                                           US 1995-484282 A 19950607
                                           US 1995-485458 A 19950607
                                           WO 1996-US9949 W 19960606
                      Т2
    JP 11507537
                            19990706
                                           JP 1996-502106 19960606
                                           US 1995-484282 A 19950607
                                           US 1995-485458 A 19950607
                                           WO 1996-US9949 W 19960606
    US 6534484
                      В1
                            20030318
                                           US 1999-436933 19991108
                                           US 1995-484282 A119950607
    US 2003181410
                                           US 2003-374673 20030224
                     A1
                            20030925
                                           US 1995-484282 A119950607
                                           US 1999-436933 A119991108
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AB Novel lipid-nucleic acid particulate complexes which are useful for in vitro or in vivo gene transfer are described. The particles can be formed using either detergent dialysis methods or methods which utilize organic solvents. Upon removal of a solubilizing component (i.e., detergent or an organic solvent) the lipid-nucleic acid complexes form particles wherein the nucleic acid is serum-stable and is protected from degradation. The particles thus formed have access to extravascular sites and target cell populations and are suitable for the therapeutic delivery of nucleic acids.

IT **124050-77-7**, DOGS

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process)

(lipid-nucleic acid particles prepared via a hydrophobic lipid-nucleic acid complex intermediate and use for gene transfer)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂

RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L8 ANSWER 44 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1999:685894 CAPLUS
- DN 132:97972
- TI Expression of β -galactosidase gene and endothelial nitric oxide synthase gene in rat vascular smooth muscle cells after in vitro lipotransfection
- AU Jozkowicz, A.; Dulak, J.; Guevara, I.; Wybranska, I.; Dembinska-Kiec, A.
- CS Kopernika 15A, Department of Clinical Biochemistry, Collegium Medicum of Jagiellonian University, Krakow, 31-501, Pol.
- SO Clinica Chimica Acta (1999), 288(1-2), 1-19 CODEN: CCATAR; ISSN: 0009-8981
- PB Elsevier Science Ireland Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The aim of this study was to optimize the conditions for in vitro lipotransfection of rat vascular smooth muscle cells (VSMC) with bacterial β -galactosidase gene and bovine endothelial nitric oxide synthase (ecNOS) gene. Transfection efficiency of four liposomes: Transfectam, Lipofectin, Unifectin-10, and Maxifectin was compared. The best results (efficiency 1-5%) were obtained with Maxifectin, when transfections were performed in VSMC cultures being at 50% confluency, with 1 μg DNA and 10 μl liposome per well, and when the liposome/DNA complexes were coincubated with the cells for 24 h. This method allowed detection of the transgene activity 12 h after the beginning of the transfection, with maximum values between the second and fourth days. The expression of the potentially therapeutic ecNOS gene was evidenced by confirmation of ecNOS

mRNA generation, indirect detection of active ecNOS protein and by measurement of nitrite ion accumulation in the medium from the transfected cell cultures.

IT **124050-77-7**, Transfectam

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (expression of β -galactosidase gene and endothelial NO synthase gene in rat vascular smooth muscle cells after in vitro lipotransfection)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 45 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:575688 CAPLUS

DN 132:147321

TI Lipopolyamine-mediated transfection of reporter plasmids into a fish cell line

AU Villalobos, Patricio; Rojas, M. Veronica; Conejeros, Pablo; Marshall, Sergio H.

CS Facultad de Ciencias Basicas y Matematicas, Universidad Catolica de Valparaiso, Valparaiso, 2950, Chile

SO EJB Electronic Journal of Biotechnology [Electronic Publication] (1999), 2(2), No pp. Given CODEN: EEBIF6; ISSN: 0717-3458

URL: http://www.ejb.org/content/vol2/issue2/full/5/reprint.asp

PB Universidad Catolica de Valparaiso

DT Journal; (online computer file)

LA English

AΒ Conditions have been optimized to transfect the fish cell line CHSE-214 to measure expression, maintenance and putative chromosomal integration of the reporter gene LUC, spliced into two versions of an expression vector. The first is pCMVL, and the second p103, a novel pCMVL-derived plasmid to which a highly conserved tandem repeat from the salmon genome was added in an inverted configuration flanking the LUC gene to promote its chromosomal integration. A minimal ratio of one to one, lipopolyamine carrier to plasmid DNA, was enough to efficiently transfect the cell line to follow the fate of target DNAs up to five cell passages. In this time-span we demonstrated the maintenance of the foreign DNA in the cells, the concomitant expression of the reporter gene, and a higher stability of p103 over the control plasmid which might suggest a higher potential for integration. Thus, we define an efficient model system for future in vitro evaluation of potential target genes of com. interest for fish transgenesis.

IT124050-77-7, Transfectam

> RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(lipopolyamine-mediated transfection of reporter plasmids into a fish cell line)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

 $\Gamma8$ ANSWER 46 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1999:528980 CAPLUS ΑN

131:153753 DN

TIGenetic therapy of hyperlipidemia by mutation of apolipoprotein genes

Steer, Clifford J.; Kren, Betsy T.; Bandyopadhyay, Paramita T.; IN Roy-Chowdhury, Jayanta

PARegents of the University of Minnesota, USA; Albert Einstein College of Medicine of Yeshiva University

SO PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LА English

FAN.	CNT 3				•												
	PATEN	T NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A -	PPLI	CATI	ON No	0.	DATE			
PI	WO 99	40789		А	1	1999	0819		W	0 19	98-U	s179	08	1998	0828		
	M	: AL,															
														NO,			
						TR,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,
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		CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	-	•							
									U	S 19	98-7	4497	PΡ	1998	0212		
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	US 65	24613		B	1 :	2003	0225		U	S 19	98-1	0800	6	19980	0630		
									U	S 19	97-4.	52881	PΡ	1997	0430		
									U:	S 19	97-5	48371	PΡ	1997	0805		
									U	S 19	97-6	49961	PΡ	1997:	L110		
									U	s 19	98-7	44971	PΡ	19980	0212		
									M(0.19	98-U	58834	4 A2	19980	0430		
	CA 23	20965		Αž	Α :	1999	0819		C	A 19	98-23	32096	65	19980	0828		
									U:	S 19:	98-74	44971	P P	19980)212		
									U:	S 19	98-1	08006	6 A	19980	0630		

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WO 1998-US17908W 19980828
    AU 9892958
                      Α1
                           19990830
                                          AU 1998-92958 19980828
                                          US 1998-74497P P 19980212
                                          US 1998-108006 A 19980630
                                          WO 1998-US17908W 19980828
    EP 1054595
                     A1 20001129
                                          EP 1998-945797 19980828
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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                                          US 1998-108006 A 19980630
                                          WO 1998-US17908W 19980828
    JP 2002534353
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                                          JP 2000-531065 19980828
                                          US 1998-74497P P 19980212
                                          US 1998-108006 A 19980630
                                         WO 1998-US17908W 19980828
PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:
FAN 1998:728604
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                          DATE
                                         _____
    WO 9849350' A1 19981105 WO 1998-US8834 19980430
PΙ
        W: AL, AM, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS,
            JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO,
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            CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                         US 1997-45288P P 19970430
                                         US 1997-54837P P 19970805
                                         US 1997-64996P P 19971110
    AU 9873654
                     A1
                           19981124
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                                                          19980430
    AU 749410
                     B2
                           20020627
                                         US 1997-45288P P 19970430
                                         US 1997-54837P P 19970805
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    EP 979311
                     A1 20000216
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        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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                                         US 1997-64996P P 19971110
                                         WO 1998-US8834 W 19980430
    US 6524613
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                          20030225
                                         US 1998-108006 19980630
                                         US 1997-45288P P 19970430
                                         US 1997-54837P P 19970805
                                         US 1997-64996P P 19971110
                                         US 1998-74497P P 19980212
                                         WO 1998-US8834 A219980430
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PATENT NO.
                      KIND
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                                           WO 1998-US8834
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             SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
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             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           US 1997-45288P P 19970430
                                           US 1997-54837P P 19970805
                                           US 1997-64996P P 19971110
     CA 2320965
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                      AΑ
                                           CA 1998-2320965 19980828
                                           US 1998-74497P P 19980212
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     WO 9940789
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                      Α1
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             SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
             MD, RU, TJ, TM
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             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           US 1998-74497P P 19980212
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     AU 9892958
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                                           AU 1998-92958
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                                           US 1998-108006 A 19980630
                                           WO 1998-US17908W 19980828
     EP 1054595
                            20001129
                      A1
                                           EP 1998-945797 19980828
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
                                           US 1998-74497P P 19980212
                                           US 1998-108006 A 19980630
                                           WO 1998-US17908W 19980828
     JP 2002534353
                      T2
                            20021015
                                           JP 2000-531065
                                                           19980828
                                           US 1998-74497P P 19980212
                                           US 1998-108006 A 19980630
                                           WO 1998-US17908W 19980828
     The present invention concerns the introduction of specific alterations in
AΒ
     the genes that encode 3 apolipoproteins, ApoA1, ApoB and ApoE. The
     alternations in ApoA1 introduce a cysteine residue so that
     disulfide-crosslinked ApoA1 homodimers and Apo A1/A2 heterodimers can be
     formed. The alterations in ApoB introduce stop codons or frameshift
     mutations that cause the production of a truncated ApoB protein. The
     alterations in ApoE introduce specific point mutations that have been
     identified as protective. The production in the liver of a subject of these
     altered proteins reduces the risk of the subjects developing
     atherosclerosis. In one embodiment the genetic alterations are introduced
     by use of chimeric, mixed RNA/DNA, duplex oligonucleotides. The use of
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FAN

2003:150454

chimeric mutational vectors and various delivery systems (lipid nanospheres, vesicles, or lactosylated-polyethylenimine/polyethylenimine complexes) are exemplified for the mutagenesis of blood coagulation factor IX in mammalian cells.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(genetic therapy of hyperlipidemia by mutation of apolipoprotein genes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂

H N S (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂

O NH₂

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 47 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:355754 CAPLUS

DN 131:18016

TI Treatment of cancer using cytokine-expressing polynucleotides and compositions therefor

IN Horton, Holly; Parker, Suezanne; Manthorpe, Marston; Felgner, Philip

PA Vical, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 188 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.	CNT 1 PATENT	NO.	KIND	DATE			AP	PLIC	CATIO	ON NO	٥.	DATE			
ΡΙ	WO 992 WO 992		A2 A3 US	19990 20000			WO	199	8-U	5248:	30	1998	1120		
	RW	: AT,	CH, C	, DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,
							US	199	8-79	99141	P P	1997; 1998; 1998;	0330		
	CA 230	9766	AA	19990	1603		US US	199 199	7-67 8-79	70871 99141	P P	1998; 1997; 1998; 1998;	1120 0330		
												1998:	– -		
	EP 1032 EP 1032		A2 B1				EP	199	8-96	60333	3	1998:	1120		
	R:	AT, IE,	CH, DE	E, DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,

US 1997-67087P P 19971120 US 1998-79914P P 19980330 US 1998-100820PP 19980915 WO 1998-US24830W 19981120 20011127 JP 2001523480 T2JP 2000-521864 19981120 US 1997-67087P P 19971120 US 1998-79914P P 19980330 US 1998-100820PP 19980915 WO 1998-US24830W 19981120 AT 243045 Ε 20030715 AT 1998-960333 US 1997-67087P P 19971120 US 1998-79914P P 19980330 US 1998-100820PP 19980915 WO 1998-US24830W 19981120

AΒ The present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition, comprising a non-infectious, non-integrating polynucleotide construct comprising a polynucleotide encoding an interferon ω and one or more cationic compds. The present invention also provides methods of treating cancer in a mammal, comprising administering into a tissue of the mammal a non-infectious, non-integrating polynucleotide construct comprising a polynucleotide encoding a cytokine. In addition, the present invention also relates to the methodol. for selective transfection of malignant cells with polynucleotides expressing therapeutic or prophylactic mols. in intracavity tumor bearing mammals. More specifically, the present invention provides a methodol. for the suppression of an intra-cavity dissemination of malignant cells, such as i.p. dissemination.

IT124050-77-7

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (gene therapy of cancer using cytokine-expressing polynucleotides)

RN124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis (3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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ANSWER 48 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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1999:350607 CAPLUS AN

DN 131:14825

TIA method of increasing nucleic acid synthesis with ultrasound

Unger, Evan C.; McCreery, Thomas; Sadewasser, David IN

ImaRx Pharmaceutical Corp., USA PA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 124 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

Patent DТ

LΑ English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE 19990527 WO 1998-US23843 19981111 PΙ WO 9925385 **A**1 W: AU, CA, JP RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE US 1997-971540 19971117 AU 1999-13906 AU 9913906 A119990607 19981111 US 1997-971540 19971117 WO 1998-US23843 19981111

OS MARPAT 131:14825

AB The present invention is directed to a method of increasing nucleic acid synthesis in a cell comprising administering to the cell a therapeutically effective amount of ultrasound for a therapeutically effective time such that said administration of said ultrasound results in said increased nucleic acid synthesis. The nucleic acid sequence may comprise an endogenous sequence or an exogenous sequence. In particular, the invention is directed to increasing the expression of stress proteins and repair proteins.

IT **124050-77-7**, Transfectam

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(carrier; method of increasing nucleic acid synthesis with ultrasound)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 49 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:262163 CAPLUS

DN 130:301682

TI Methods for encapsulating nucleic acids in lipid bilayers

IN Saravolac, Edward G.; Zhang, Yuan-Peng; Wheeler, Jeffery J.; Cullis,
Pieter R.; Scherrer, Peter; Kojic, Ljiljana D.; Ludkovski, Olga

PA Inex Pharmaceuticals Corporation, Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

Di Facelle

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

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А3
WO 9918933
                       19990701
      AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
        DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE,
        KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
        MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR,
        TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
    RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
        FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
        CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                      US 1997-63473P P 19971010
CA 2309727
                       19990422
                                      CA 1998-2309727 19981009
                  AΑ
                                      US 1997-63473P P 19971010
                                      WO 1998-US21500W 19981009
                       19990503
                                      AU 1999-13604
AU 9913604
                  A1
                                                       19981009
                                      US 1997-63473P P 19971010
                                      WO 1998-US21500W 19981009
                       20000802
                                      EP 1998-957320 19981009
EP 1023048
                  Α1
      AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
        IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                      US 1997-63473P P 19971010
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WO 1998-US21500W 19981009

The present invention relates to lipid-based formulations for nucleic acid AΒ delivery to cells, methods for the preparation of such formulations and, in particular, to lipid-encapsulated plasmids. The compns. are safe and practical for clin. use. In addition, the present invention provides methods for introducing nucleic acids into cells and for inhibiting tumor growth in cells using such lipid-nucleic acid formulations.

IT**124050-77-7**, Dogs

> RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(methods for encapsulating nucleic acids in lipid bilayers)

RN124050-77-7 CAPLUS

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis (3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN(CA INDEX NAME)

- $\Gamma8$ ANSWER 50 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- 1999:240404 CAPLUS AN
- 131:39277 DN
- TILipopolyamines: novel antiendotoxin compounds that reduce mortality in experimental sepsis caused by gram-negative bacteria
- ΑU David, Sunil A.; Silverstein, Richard; Amura, Claudia R.; Kielian, Tammy; Morrison, David C.
- CS Department of Microbiology, Molecular Genetics and Immunology, University of Kansas Medical Center, Kansas City, KS, 66160, USA
- SO Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy (1999), 43(4), 912-919

CODEN: AMACCQ; ISSN: 0066-4804

PB American Society for Microbiology

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ The interactions of lipopolyamines, a class of structurally unique compds. currently being used as transfection (lipofection) agents, with lipopolysaccharide (LPS) have been characterized. Our studies have demonstrated that 1,3-di-oleoyloxy-2-(6-carboxyspermyl)-propylamide, available com. as DOSPER, binds to purified LPS with an affinity of about 1/10 that of polymyxin B. This essentially nontoxic compound inhibits, in a dose-dependent manner, LPS-induced activation of the Limulus clotting cascade and the production of tumor necrosis factor alpha $(TNF-\alpha)$ interleukin-6 (IL-6), and nitric oxide from LPS-stimulated J774.A1 cells, a murine macrophage-like cell line. Cytokine inhibition is paralleled by decreased steady-state levels of TNF- α and IL-6 mRNA and inhibits the nuclear translocation of nuclear factor kappa B. These findings suggest that the lipopolyamine compound sequesters LPS, thereby blocking downstream cellular activation events that lead to the production of proinflammatory mediators. Administration of DOSPER to D-galactosamine-sensitized mice challenged either with LPS or with Escherichia coli organisms provided significant protection against lethality both with and without antibiotic chemotherapy. Partial protection is evident in LPS-challenged mice treated with DOSPER as late as 2 to 4 h following the endotoxin challenge. A greater degree of protection is observed in E. coli-challenged animals receiving ceftazidime than in those receiving imipenem, which is probably attributable to the higher levels of LPS released in vivo by the former antibiotic. Potent antiendotoxic activity, low toxicity, and ease of synthesis render the lipopolyamines candidate endotoxin-sequestering agents of potential significant therapeutic value.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(lipopolyamines: antiendotoxin compds. that reduce mortality in exptl. sepsis caused by gram-neg. bacteria)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 83 THERE ARE 83 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 51 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:151469 CAPLUS

DN 130:321312

TI Synthetic DNA-compacting peptides derived from human sequence enhance cationic lipid-mediated gene transfer in vitro and in vivo

AU Schwartz, B.; Ivanov, M-A.; Pitard, B.; Escriou, V.; Rangara, R.; Byk, G.; Wils, P.; Crouzet, J.; Scherman, D.

CS UMR 133 CNRS, Rhone-Poulenc Rorer Gencell, CRVA, Vitry/Seine, 94 403, Fr.

SO Gene Therapy (1999), 6(2), 282-292 CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

PB Stockton Press

DT Journal

LA English

AB Cationic lipids can deliver genes efficiently in vitro, but are generally inhibited by the presence of serum, and their efficiency in vivo is much lower than in vitro. An attractive strategy is to induce strong DNA compaction by its association with proteins, before addition of lipids.

However

the use of whole proteins might present both production and immunol. limitations. We have devised a system in which DNA is associated with short peptides derived from human histone or protamine, before the addition of a cationic lipid or polymer. Peptides strongly associating with DNA confer to such peptide-DNA-lipid particles an enhanced in vitro transfection efficiency over that observed with classical DNA/lipid lipoplexes, and particularly confer the capacity to transfect in the presence of serum. This acquisition of serum resistance is cell type-independent, and observed with all four lipopolyamines tested and polyethylenimine. Precompacting DNA with a histone H1-derived peptide enhances cationic lipid RPR 115335-mediated gene transfer in an in vivo model of Lewis lung carcinoma. Apart from their use in peptide-DNA-lipid association, such peptides could be useful as part of chimeric gene delivery vectors presenting a DNA-binding moiety that can be easily associated with other functional domains.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(synthetic DNA-compacting peptides derived from human sequence enhance cationic lipid-mediated gene transfer in vitro and in vivo)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 52 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:113536 CAPLUS

DN 130:173007

TI Stable particulate complexes with neutral or negative global charge of lamellar structure

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Biovector Therapeutics (S.A.), Fr.
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                            DATE
     WO 9906026
                            19990211
                                          WO 1998-EP5103
                                                            19980730
PΙ
                      A1
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             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
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                                           FR 1997-9698
                                                          A 19970730
                                           FR 1997-10812
                                                          A 19970829
                            19990205
                                           FR 1997-9698
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     FR 2766705
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                       В1
                            20010525
     FR 2766706
                       Α1
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     AU 9892608
                       Α1
                                           FR 1997-9698
                                                          A 19970730
                                           FR 1997-10812 A 19970829
                                           WO 1998-EP5103 W 19980730
                            20000524
                                           EP 1998-945216
                                                            19980730
     EP 1001750
                       Α1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
                                           FR 1997-9698
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                                           FR 1997-10812 A 19970829
                                           WO 1998-EP5103 W 19980730
     US 6096335
                       Α
                            20000801
                                           US 1998-126402
                                                            19980730
                                           FR 1997-9698
                                                          A 19970730
                                           FR 1997-10812 A 19970829
                                           JP 2000-504841
     JP 2001511440
                       T2
                            20010814
                                                            19980730
                                           FR 1997-9698
                                                          A 19970730
                                           FR 1997-10812 A 19970829
                                           WO 1998-EP5103 W 19980730
AΒ
     This invention concerns a stable, particulate complex having a global neg.
     or neutral charge, a spherical shape, and a lamellar, rolled and condensed
     particulate structure, the complex comprising a globally anionic biol.
     active substance and a mixture of a cationic constituent and an anionic
     constituent, wherein at least one of the cationic constituent and the
     anionic constituent is a lipid. More particularly, the mixture further
     comprises a neutral constituent. The invention also concerns unilamellar
     vesicles for preparation of these complexes as well as their preparation and
     utilization. Neutraplex 1D vesicles with a dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine
     /Cardiolipin composition were prepared
IT
     124050-77-7, Dogs
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (stable particulate complexes with neutral or neg. global charge of
        lamellar structure)
RN
     124050-77-7 CAPLUS
     Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis (3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI)
CN
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Thierry, Alain

ΙN

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 53 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:96383 CAPLUS

DN 130:163952

TI Preparation of lipid-nucleic acid particles by solvent extraction and direct hydration and their use in cell transfection and gene therapy

IN Zhang, Yuan-Peng; Scherrer, Peter; Hope, Michael

PA Inex Pharmaceuticals Corporation, Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN. CNT 1

r AIN .		rent 1	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	N NC	o.	DATE			
ΡI	WO	9905	303		A	1	1999	0204		W	0 19	98-C	A710		1998	0723		
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							GB,											
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			NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,
			NO, NZ, PL, P UA, UG, US, U			UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	MT
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙĖ,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
			CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG						
		CM, GA, GN								U	s 19	97-7:	2656		1997			
	ΑU	9884	289	9 A1 19990216							U 19				1998			
										U	s 19	97-7	2656		1997	0724		
										W	0 19	98-C	A710		1998	0723		

AB This invention relates to a novel Solvent Extraction and Direct Hydration (SEDH) method for preparing lipid-nucleic acid particles which are useful for the introduction of nucleic acids (e.g., plasmid DNA, antisense mols., ribozymes, etc.) into cells. The SEDH method comprises (1) contacting the nucleic acid with a solution containing a non-cationic lipid and a cationic lipid

to form a lipid-nucleic acid mixture, said solution containing 15-35% water and 65-85% organic solvent; (2) removing the water; (3) removing the organic solvent

to form the a lipid-nucleic acid complex; then (4) hydrating the complex to form the lipid-nucleic acid particle. The lipid-nucleic acid particles prepared using the methods of the present invention have enhanced circulation characteristics and serum stability and, thus, they are extremely effective as nucleic acid delivery vehicles. The sizes of the

lipid-nucleic acid particles are in the range of 200-500 nm, but can be reduced to about 50-150 nm by, for example, brief sonication. The SEDH method is simple and time-efficient. The disclosed method provides high encapsulation efficiency (60-100%) with relatively low lipid:nucleic acid ratios.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of lipid-nucleic acid particles by solvent extraction and direct

hydration and their use in cell transfection and gene therapy)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 54 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1999:87146 CAPLUS

DN 130:277407

TI Phosphonolipids as non-viral vectors for gene therapy

AU Floch, Virginie; Le Bolc'h, Gwenaelle; Gable-Guillaume, Christine; Le Bris, Nathalie; Yaouanc, Jean-Jacques; Des Abbayes, Herve; Ferec, Claude; Clement, Jean-Claude

CS Centre de Biogenetique, ETSBO - UBO - CHU, Brest, 29275, Fr.

SO European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1998), 33(12), 923-934 CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PB Editions Scientifiques et Medicales Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

AB Several phosphonates with two fatty chains and different polar heads were synthesized and evaluated for their potential to transfer DNA into epithelial (COS-7) and hematopoietic (K562) cell lines, and compared to com. available refs. In both cases, ammonium-phosphonates were particularly efficient.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(phosphonolipid synthesis for gene transfer)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH2) 17 (CH2) 17 (CH2) 3 NH2
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 (CH2) $\frac{1}{3}$ (C

THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD 32 RE.CNT ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 55 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN Г8

1999:78463 CAPLUS AN

130:134957 DN

Gene transfer into tissues specific to embryonic stage ΤI

Sugatani, Takeshi; Kurokawa, Chinami; Nishioka, Yukiko; Tsukamoto, Makoto; IN Saito, Yasushi

Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan PA

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

Japanese T.A

FAN. CNT 1

21211	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 11029498	A2	19990202	01 100. 1000.	19970715 19970715

- DNAs having genetic information are administered to maternal bodies of AΒ nonhuman mammals to be transferred into tissues specific to the embryonic stage to function only in the embryonic stage, not after the neonatal stage. The method may be applicable to gene therapy. A complex of recombinant plasmid CA-nls-LacZ with cationic lipid dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine (Transfectam) was i.v. administered to pregnant mice. The plasmid DNA was transferred into the vitelline envelope and embryo.
- 124050-77-7DP, Transfectam, complexes with DNA IT RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(gene transfer into tissues specific to embryonic stage by administration of DNA into maternal bodies)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 56 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN $\Gamma8$

1999:51154 CAPLUS AN

DN 130:231807

Efficient adventitial gene delivery to rabbit carotid artery with cationic TI polymer-plasmid complexes

Turunen, M. P.; Hiltunen, M. O.; Ruponen, M.; Virkamaki, L.; Szoka, F. C, ΑU Jr.; Urtti, A.; Yla-Herttuala, S.

AI Virtanen Institute, University of Kuopio, Kuopio, FIN-70211, Finland

SO Gene Therapy (1999), 6(1), 6-11CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

PB Stockton Press

DΤ Journal

CS

LΑ English

Different lipids and cationic polymers were tested in vitro for their AB ability to transfect rabbit aortic smooth muscle cells and human endothelial cells with lacZ marker gene. Toxicity of the complexes was evaluated with MTT assay. Selected plasmid-polymer complexes with different charge ratios were then tested for in vivo gene transfer efficiency using adventitial gene transfer by placing a silastic gene delivery reservoir (collar) around the carotid artery. Transfection efficiency was determined by X-gal staining 3 days after the gene transfer. Based on in vitro expts., fractured polyamidoamine dendrimers and polyethylenimines (PEI) were selected for in vivo expts. Fractured dendrimers (generation 6, ± charge ratio of 3) had the highest in vivo gene transfer efficiency (4.4%). PEI with mol. size of 25 kDa (± charge ratio 4) was also effective (2.8%) in this model. PEI of 800 kDa showed a constant but modest gene transfer efficiency (1.8% ± 0.1) with all charge ratios. A low level gene transfer was also detected with naked DNA (0.5%). No signs of inflammation were seen in any of the study groups. We show here that in vitro cell culture expts. can be used to identify efficient in vivo gene transfer methods for arterial gene therapy, but the charge ratios for each complex must be optimized in vivo. It is concluded that fractured dendrimer and PEI are efficient gene delivery vehicles and can be used for arterial gene therapy via adventitial gene delivery route.

ΙT 124050-77-7, DOGS

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(adventitial gene delivery to carotid artery with cationic polymer-plasmid complexes)

124050-77-7 CAPLUS RN

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH2) 17 (CH2) 17 (CH2) 3 NH2
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 (CH2) $(CH_2)_3$ (CH2)

THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 28 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 57 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN rs

1999:28134 CAPLUS AN

130:271928 DN

Interactions of polymeric and liposomal gene delivery systems with TTextracellular glycosaminoglycans: physicochemical and transfection studies

Ruponen, Marika; Yla-Herttuala, Seppo; Urtti, Arto ΑU

Department of Pharmaceutics, University of Kuopio, Kuopio, FIN-70211, CS Finland

Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (1999), 1415(2), 331-341 SO CODEN: BBACAQ; ISSN: 0006-3002

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

Journal DT

LΑ English

Complexes of DNA with cationic lipids and cationic polymers are frequently AΒ used for gene transfer. Extracellular interactions of the complexes with anionic glycosaminoglycans (GAGs) may interfere with gene transfer. Interactions of GAGs with the carrier-DNA complexes were studied using tests for DNA relaxation (ethidium bromide intercalation), DNA release (electrophoresis), and transfection (pCMVβGal transfer into RAA smooth muscle cells). Several cationic lipid formulations (DOTAP, DOTAP/Chol, DOTAP/DOPE, DOTMA/DOPE, DOGS) and cationic polymers (fractured dendrimer, polyethylene imines 25 kDa and 800 kDa, polylysines 20 kDa and 200 kDa) were tested. Polycations condensed DNA more effectively than the monovalent lipids. Hyaluronic acid did not release or relax DNA in any complex, but it inhibited the transfection by some polyvalent systems (PEI, dendrimers, DOGS). Gene transfer by the other carriers was not affected by hyaluronic acid. Sulfated GAGs (heparan sulfate, chondroitin sulfates B and C) completely blocked transfection, except in the case of the liposomes with DOPE. Sulfated GAGs relaxed and released DNA from some complexes, but these events were not prerequisites for the inhibition of transfection. In conclusion, polyvalent delivery systems with endosomal buffering capacity (DOGS, PEI, dendrimer) were most sensitive to the inhibitory effects of GAGs on gene transfer, while fusogenic liposomes (with DOPE) were the most resistant systems.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (interactions of polymeric and liposomal gene delivery systems with extracellular glycosaminoglycans in physicochem. and transfection studies)

CAPLUS 124050-77-7 RN

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 58 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L8
     1998:789045 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     130:24103
     An influenza enveloped DNA vaccine
TI
     Cusi, Maria Grazia; Gluck, Reinhard; Walti, Ernst
IN
     Schweiz. Serum- & Impfinstitut Bern, Switz.
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LА
FAN.CNT 3
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
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                                              WO 1998-EP3050 ' 19980522
PΙ
     WO 9852603
                        A2
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                                              EP 1997-108390 A 19970523
     AU 9879153
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                              19981211
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     US 2003113347
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                              20030619
                                              US 2002-269501 20021010
                                              EP 1991-107527 A 19910508
                                              EP 1991-107647 A 19910510
                                              WO 1992-EP1014 A 19920508
                                              US 1993-965246 A219930303
                                              US 1994-225740 A219940411
                                              EP 1997-108390 A 19970523
                                              WO 1998-EP3050 A 19980522
                                              US 1999-264551 B119990308
PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:
FAN 1993:66836
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO. DATE
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PI	WO						1992	1112		WO	1992-EP1014		19920508	
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	CA	2086	831		A	Ą	1992	1109			1992-208683			
		2086			С		1999	0316				_		
										EP	1991-107527	Α	19910508	
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		9217			A	1	1992 1995	1221		AU	1992-17456		19920508	
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											1991-107527 1991-107647			
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										EP	1991-107647	Α	19910510	
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											1991-107527			
											1992-EP1014			
											1993-965246			
										US	1994-225740	A2	219940411	
											1997-108390			
											1998-EP3050			
FAN	190	99:17	5584							0.5	1999-264551	. D.	119990300	
LAN	PAT	CENT 1	NO.		KII	ND	DATE			API	PLICATION NO		DATE	
ΡI		5879			 A		1999	0309		US	1994-225740	_	19940411	
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											1991-107.647			
											1993-965246			
	US	5565	203		A		1996	1015			1993-965246			
											1991-107527 1991-107647			
	ΠC	2003	1133	47	A.	1	2003	0619			2002-269501			
	0.5	2000		- '	Λ.	-	2000	5517			1991-107527			
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										WO	1992-EP1014	Α	19920508	

US 1993-965246 A219930303 US 1994-225740 A219940411 EP 1997-108390 A 19970523 WO 1998-EP3050 A 19980522 US 1999-264551 B119990308

Described are virosomes comprising cationic lipids, biol. active influenza AΒ hemagglutinin protein or biol. active derivs. thereof and nucleic acids encoding antigens from pathogenic sources in their insides, preferably antigens from mumps virus wherein said antigens are derived from conserved external and internal proteins of said virus. Provided are virosomes which may advantageously be formulated as vaccines capable of inducing strong neutralizing antibody and cytotoxic T cell responses as well as protection to pathogenic sources such as a mumps virus. Furthermore, vaccines comprising recombinant DNA derived from DNA encoding conserved external and internal proteins from mumps virus are described. Mol. cloning of hemagglutinin gene, F gene, and nucleocapsid gene of mumps virus, N gene of respiratory syncytial virus, and S or Pre-S1 or Pre-S2 or S ORF gene of hepatitis B virus was described. Also described were preparation of DOTAP-PC virosomes and DOTAP-PC-PE virosomes, incorporation of plasmids expressing mumps genes into DOTAP virosomes, humoral and cellular immune response to viral mumps-antigens induced by genetic immunization.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (virosomes comprising cationic lipids, influenza hemagglutinin, and antigen gene of pathogen as DNA vaccine for infectious diseases)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{$

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L8 ANSWER 59 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 1998:706074 CAPLUS

DN 129:321203

TI Hair follicle DNA delivery system

IN Weiner, Norman D.; Roessler, Blake; Niemiec, Susan

PA The Regents of the University of Michigan, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

W: CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,

US 1997-843866 A 19970417

- AB A novel method and delivery system for delivering nucleic acids to a mammalian cell in vivo by topical application of the nucleic acid and the delivery system has been developed. The method and delivery system utilize a liposomal composition having nonionic lipids and a cationic lipid. The method and delivery system are particularly well suited for gene therapy of dermatol. disorders including neoplastic disease and alopecia by topical administration. Thus, liposomes contained 44 μg of a mixture of glyceryl dilaurate and cholesterol and PEG stearyl ether and 6 μg 1,2-dioleoyloxy-3-(trimethylammonio)propane. The liposomal formulations mediated transfection of plasmid DNA into 293 cell monolayers.
- RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS
- CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L8 ANSWER 60 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1998:621324 CAPLUS
- DN 129:240848
- TI Increasing the efficiency of uptake of transforming DNA complexes with polycations using peptides
- IN Hawley-Nelson, Pamela; Lan, Jianqing; Shih, Pojen; Jessee, Joel A.; Ciccarone, Valentina C.; Evans, Krista L.; Schifferli, Kevin P.; Gebeyehu, Guililat
- PA Life Technologies, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 105 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

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FAN 1997:130043
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    WO 9640961 A1 19961219
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US 1995-477354 B219950607
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              NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,
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                                              AU 1998-65622
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                                              US 1997-818200 A 19970314
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              IE, FI
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FAN
    2002:309818
     PATENT NO.
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                                              US 1998-39780 A119980316
                                              US 2001-911569 A120010723
     A method of increasing the efficiency of transformation of eukaryotic
     cells using complexes of nucleic acids with polycations is decribed.
     method uses peptide conjugates with nucleic acid-binding moieties,
     cationic lipids and dendrimers to complex the DNA. The peptides may be
     synthetic or derived from a cellular protein and may be further
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AB A method of increasing the efficiency of transformation of eukaryotic cells using complexes of nucleic acids with polycations is decribed. The method uses peptide conjugates with nucleic acid-binding moieties, cationic lipids and dendrimers to complex the DNA. The peptides may be synthetic or derived from a cellular protein and may be further derivatized, e.g. by selective deprotection. The peptide may also be covalently linked to the transfection agent (lipid, cationic lipid or dendrimer). Inclusion of peptides or modified-peptides in transfection compns. or covalent attachment of peptides to transfection agents increases the efficiency of transfection. Methods for the preparation of transfection compns. and methods of using these transfection compns. as intracellular delivery agents and extracellular targeting agents are also disclosed.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(transformation using, increasing efficiency of; increasing efficiency of uptake of transforming DNA complexes with polycations using peptides)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH₂) (CH

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 61 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:607505 CAPLUS

DN 129:341558

TI Enhanced in vitro and in vivo gene delivery using cationic agent complexed retrovirus vectors

AU Themis, M.; Forbes, S. J.; Chan, L.; Cooper, R. G.; Etheridge, C. J.; Miller, A. D.; Hodgson, H. J. F.; Coutelle, C.

CS Division of Biomedical Sciences, Imperial College School of Medicine, London, W2 1PG, UK

SO Gene Therapy (1998), 5(9), 1180-1186 CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

PB Stockton Press

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Retroviruses are, at present, the most efficient integrative vectors available for gene delivery. These viruses are still limited by relatively low titers. Although several protocols exist to improve virus titer most of them are time-consuming and unable to provide sufficient virus for in vivo applications. Virus titer can be enhanced by polybrene and other cationic agents. By investigating a broad range of cationic agents for their ability to enhance virus infectivity the authors found that both ecotropic and amphotropic retrovirus infection could be increased. The lipopolyamine dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine (DOGS) gave ≤ 1 order of magnitude enhancement above polybrene-mediated infection without cytotoxicity. To increase virus infectivity further the authors combined the enhancing effect of DOGS on virus infectivity with concentration of virus particles by ultrafiltration to reach titers of 1 +109 IU/mL. The in vivo transduction of regenerating rat liver, by an amphotropic retrovirus was increased approx. 5-fold by the addition of DOGS compared with virus alone. There was no animal toxicity observed following the administration of DOGS. The improved transduction efficiency seen both in vitro and in vivo following the co-administration of DOGS/virus complexes may be useful for future gene therapy applications.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(enhanced gene delivery using cationic agent complexed retrovirus vectors)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 62 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:602003 CAPLUS

DN 129:310560

TI Anti-proliferative effects of unmodified antisense oligodeoxynucleotides targeted against c-raf mRNA: use of poly (lysine/serine) copolymers or cationic lipopolyamines

AU Aoki, Y.; Kawa, S.; Karasawa, Y.; Horiuchi, A.; Kiyosawa, K.

CS The Second Department of Internal Medicine, Shinshu University School of Medicine, Matsumoto, 390, Japan

SO Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology (1998), 25(9), 702-705

CODEN: CEXPB9; ISSN: 0305-1870

Blackwell Science Asia Pty Ltd.

DT Journal

PΒ

LA English

AΒ It is now known that nuclease-resistant phosphorothioate antisense oligodeoxynucleotides (ODN) have some actions that are unrelated to antisense mechanisms. In the present study we assessed the anti-proliferative effects of phosphorothioate (PS) and phosphodiester (PO; unmodified) antisense ODN targeted against c-raf mRNA on pancreatic cancer cells in vitro, using poly(lysine/serine) copolymers conjugated with polyethylene glycol (PLSP) or cationic lipopolyamines (Transfectam) as carriers. The anti-proliferative effect of the PO antisense ODN was significantly (P<0.05) greater than that of the PS ODN, either complexed with PLSP (2 μ mol/L ODN) or the Transfectam (0.5 μ mol/L ODN). However, the effect of the PS or PO antisense ODN was not dependent on the antisense sequence. The c-raf mRNA levels, assessed by reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction, were obviously reduced by both PO and PS antisense ODN compared with mismatched ODN when complexed with the Transfectam (1 µmol/L ODN). Although the anti-proliferative effects were mainly unrelated to antisense mechanisms, unmodified antisense ODN complexed with some carriers could be used as anti-tumor agents considering that synthetic carriers can be modified to improve functions, such as delivery.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MOA (Modifier or additive use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(anti-proliferative effects of unmodified antisense oligodeoxynucleotides targeted against c-raf mRNA: use of poly(lysine/serine) copolymers or cationic lipopolyamines)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1$

RE.CNT 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 63 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:595371 CAPLUS

DN 129:311661

TI Limited use of cationic liposomes as tools to enhance the antiherpetic activities of oligonucleotides in Vero cells infected with herpes simplex virus type 1

AU Shoji, Yoko; Norimatsu, Miki; Shimada, Jingoro; Mizushima, Yutaka

CS Institute of Medical Science, and Department of Microbiology, St. Marianna University School of Medicine, Kawasaki, Japan

SO Antisense & Nucleic Acid Drug Development (1998), 8(4), 255-263 CODEN: ANADF5; ISSN: 1087-2906

PB Mary Ann Liebert, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ We used com. available cationic liposomes, lipofectin, DOTAP, and transfectam, to enhance the antiherpetic activities of phosphodiester oligonucleotides (D-oligos) or phosphorothioate oligonucleotides (S-oligos) targeted against immediate-early pre-mRNA4/5 of herpes simplex virus type 1 (HSV-1). With a 5-fold excess of S-oligos/D-oligos, formation of complexes with some of the S-oligos/D-oligos and the cationic liposomes could be visualized on agarose gel. A >5-fold excess of cationic liposomes enhanced the antiherpetic activities of D-oligos, whereas there was not enhancement of the antiherpetic activities of S-oligos. As nuclear localization of D-oligos in the presence of cationic liposomes was not clear, we could not clarify the relation between antiherpetic activities of D-oligos and nuclear distribution of oligos. Subcellular distribution of S-oligos in the presence of lipofectin or DOTAP showed nuclear localization by confocal laser scanning microscopy. Transfectam had no effect on the nuclear distribution of S-oligos. Cationic liposomes would not be appropriate carriers to enhance the antiherpetic activities of S-oligos. Also, distribution of S-oligos into the nucleus does not necessarily enhance their biol. activity. Questions

remain about the effectiveness of cationic liposomes in the enhancement of the antivirus activity of S-oligos.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in liposome; limited use of cationic liposomes to enhance antiherpetic activities of oligonucleotides in Vero cells infected with herpes simplex virus type 1)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 64 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:548562 CAPLUS

DN 129:193718

TI Formulation of stabilized cationic transfection agents complexed with nucleic acid particles

IN Crouzet, Joel; Pitard, Bruno

PA Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

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PΙ	WO	9834	648		Α.	⊥	1998	0813		W	0 19	98-F.	RZZZ		1998	0206		
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	FR	2759	298		A.	1	1998	0814		F.	R 19	97-1	467		1997	0210		
	FR	2759.	298		B	1	1999	0409										
	AU	9862	98.7		A	1	1998	0826		A	U 19	98-6	2987		1998	0206		
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FR 1997-1467 A 19970210

									WC	19	98-F	R222	W	1998	0206		
EP	1007	097		A1	L	20000	0614		EI	19	98-9	06986	5	1998	0206		
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OS MARPAT 129:193718

The invention concerns a composition containing stabilized particles of ΑB cationic

transfection agent(s)/nucleic acid complexes characterized in that it includes besides said transfection agent and nucleic acid at least a non-ionic surfactant in sufficient amount for preventing the aggregation of the particles in course of time. In a preferred embodiment, the surfactant is a polyoxyalkylene or a derivative thereof.

124050-77-7, Dogs IT

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(Dioctadecylamidoglycyl spermine; formulation of stabilized cationic transfection agents complexed with nucleic acid particles)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS
Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 5 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 65 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ь8

1998:400585 CAPLUS ΑN

DN 129:140546

Cationic liposomes coated with polyethylene glycol as carriers for ΤI oligonucleotides

Meyer, Olivier; Kirpotin, Dmitri; Hong, Keelung; Sternberg, Brigitte; ΑU Park, John W.; Woodle, Martin C.; Papahadjopoulos, Demetrios

Department of Cellular and Molecular Pharmacology, Division of CS Hematology/Oncology, University of California San Francisco, San Francisco, CA, 94143, USA

Journal of Biological Chemistry (1998), 273(25), 15621-15627 SO CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology PΒ

Journal DT

LA English

Modification of liposome surface with polyethylene glycol was used to AΒ improve oligodeoxyribonucleotide (ODN) loading, stability of the resulting complexes, and specificity of cellular delivery of ODN by cationic liposomes. Liposomes composed of a cationic lipid (DOTAP, DOGS, DDAB), a neutral lipid (DOPE), and a phospholipid derivative of polyethylene glycol (PEG-PE) formed a complex with 18-mer phosphorothioate up to ODN/lipid molar ratio of 0.25. The complexes showed intact vesicular structures similar to original liposomes and their size (100-130 nm) was unchanged after several weeks of storage, whereas complexes lacking PEG-PE showed progressive aggregation and/or precipitation After exposure to human plasma, PEG-modified cationic liposomes retained over 60% of the originally bound ODN. PEG-coated complexes resulted in 4-13-fold enhancement of the ODN uptake by human breast cancer cells in serum-supplemented growth medium, relative to free ODN. Complexes containing conjugated anti-HER2 F(ab') fragments at the distal termini of PEG chains efficiently delivered ODN primarily into the cytoplasm and nuclei of HER2 overexpressing cancer cells and greatly enhanced the biol. activity of antisense ODN. The development of PEG-modified cationic liposomes may lead to improved ODN potency in vivo.

124050-77-7, Dogs IT

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (cationic liposomes coated with polyethylene glycol as carriers for oligonucleotides)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂ (CH

THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 29 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 66 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L8

1998:395896 CAPLUS AN

129:140540 DN

Influence of the DNA complexation medium on the transfection efficiency of TIlipospermine/DNA particles

Kichler, A.; Zauner, W.; Ogris, M.; Wagner, E. ΑU

CS

Institute of Biochemistry, University of Vienna, Austria Gene Therapy (1998), 5(6), 855-860 CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128 SO

PB Stockton Press

DT Journal

LA English

Dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine (DOGS, Transfectam) is a cationic lipid AΒ able to interact with DNA to form complexes that mediate efficient gene transfer into various eukaryotic cells. The state of condensation of the plasmid changes with the medium composition We therefore investigated to what extent the DNA condensation buffer influences the transfection efficiency of Transfectam/DNA particles. Our results show that in a variety of cell lines, a greater than 100-fold difference in luciferase gene expression is observed with Transfectam/DNA complexes at a +/- charge ratio of 0.75 depending on the conditions of complex formation. The best transfection conditions consisted of particles formed in RPMI medium, NaHCO3/Na2HPO4 or sodium citrate solns. Mixing in a 150 mM sodium chloride solution (as recommended) resulted in lower gene expression. When the helper lipid 1,2-dioleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphoethanolamine (DOPE) was present in the DNA/cationic lipid formulation, the increase in reporter activity was also observed, although to a lower extent. Thus, choosing the optimal conditions for formulating DNA/lipid complexes considerably reduces the amount of lipid and DNA needed to obtain maximum gene transfer.

124050-77-7, Transfectam IT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (influence of DNA complexation medium on transfection efficiency of lipospermine/DNA particles)

124050-77-7 CAPLUS RN

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂

NH₂

NH₂

(CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ (CH₂)

THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 23 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 67 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN $\Gamma8$

1998:388630 CAPLUS AN

129:37207

- TI Transfecting composition usable in gene therapy containing viral vector and transfecting agent such as cationic polymers or lipofectants
- IN Aubailly, Nathalie; Benoit, Patrick; Branellec, Didier; Le Roux, Aude; Mahfoudi, Abderrahim; Ratet, Nathalie
- PA Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.; Aubailly, Nathalie; Benoit, Patrick; Branellec, Didier; Le Roux, Aude; Mahfoudi, Abderrahim; Ratet, Nathalie

SO PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.		TENT !					DATE			Al	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	٥.	DATE			
ΡI	WO	9823								W	 5 19	97-FI	 R215	7	1997	1128		
							BG,										ID,	IL,
			IS,	JP,	KP,	KR,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LV,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,
			RO,	RU,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TR,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
							RU,											
		RW:					SD,			ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,
							LU,											
							SN,											
										F	R 19	96-1	4693	Α	1996	1129		
	FR	2756	491		A	1	1998	0605		F	R 19	96-1	4693		1996	1129		
	FR	2756	491		В	1	1999	0108										
	ZA	9701	070		Α		1997	0825		$\mathbf{Z}I$					1997			
			-												1996			
															1996			
	AU	9874	010		A	1	1998	0622		Α	J 19	98-7	4010		1997	1128		
	ΑU	7378	46		B	2	2001	0830										
															1996		٠	
															1997			
	EΡ	9486																
		R:	AT, SI,		CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	PT,	IE,
		•													1996			
															1997			
	BR	9713	434		Α		2000	0201							1997			
															1996			
															1997			
	JР	2001	5144	85	\mathbf{T}	2	2001	0911							1997			
															1996			
															1997			
	ИО	9902	577		A		1999	0728							1999			
															1996			
															1997			
	KR	2000	0573	07	A		2000	0915						-	1999			
		-						_		F	R 19	96-1	4693	A	1996	1129	_	

AB The invention concerns a transfecting composition usable in gene therapy characterized in that it combines one or several non-coated recombinant viruses and comprising in their genome at least an exogenous nucleic acid and at least one non-viral and non-plasmid transfecting agent. Use of lipofectants to improve transfection efficiency and minimize immune reaction to adenoviral vector transfection of vascular smooth muscle cells was demonstrated.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(transfecting composition usable in gene therapy containing viral vector and transfecting agent such as cationic polymers or lipofectants)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 68 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:351793 CAPLUS

DN 129:36461

TI Complexes of adenovirus with cationic molecules for gene therapy

IN Welsh, Michael J.; Fasbender, Allen J.

PA University of Iowa Research Foundation, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN. CNT 1

L W	IV. CIVI I			
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	WO 9822144	A2 19980528	WO 1997-US21496	19971120
	WO 9822144	A3 19980709		
	W: AU, CA,	JP		
	RW: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,	FR, GB, GR, IE, IT	, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
			us 1996-755035	19961122
	us 5962429	A 19991005	US 1996-755035	19961122
	AU 9853615	Al 19980610	AU 1998-53615	19971120
			US 1996-755035	19961122
			WO 1997-US21496	19971120

AB Noncovalent complexes of cationic mols. and adenoviral vectors containing a transgene exhibit increased efficiency of gene transfer to a target cell relative to adenoviral vectors alone. The cationic mol. may be a polymer (e.g. poly-L-lysine, PEI, DEAE-dextran, histone fraction V-S, cationic dendrimer) or a cationic lipid such as N-[(N,N-dimethylamino)ethane]carbamoylcholesterol or N4-spermine cholesterol carbamate. The cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) may be delivered to a cystic fibrosis patient by applying to the nasal epithelium a complex of poly-L-lysine and an adenoviral vector containing a transgene encoding a CFTR protein.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (complexes of adenovirus with cationic mols. for gene therapy)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH

L8 ANSWER 69 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:349188 CAPLUS

DN 129:32388

TI Reversed-phase high performance liquid chromatographic analysis of cationic lipid-based gene transfer agents

AU Chang, Chau-Dung; Harris, David J.

CS Chemistry Department, Genzyme Corporation, Cambridge, MA, 02139, USA

SO Journal of Liquid Chromatography & Related Technologies (1998), 21(8), 1119-1136

CODEN: JLCTFC; ISSN: 1082-6076

PB Marcel Dekker, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Cationic lipid-mediated gene transfer represents a promising approach for the treatment of a number of diseases. Since the successful introduction of DOTMA:DOPE (Lipofectin), a variety of cationic lipids have been developed for use in gene transfer. Some of the more active cationic lipid formulations, including GL-67:DOPE, DC-chol:DOPE, DMRIE:DOPE and DOTAP, have been used in human clin. trials. It is of critical importance to develop robust anal. methods for the determination of the chemical purity of these

formulations. We report here efficient, sensitive, and reproducible reversed-phase HPLC methods for use in determining the chemical purity of cationic

lipid formulations. GL-53:DOPE, GL-67:DOPE, DMRIE:DOPE, DC-chol:DOPE, GAP-DLRIE:DOPE, DOTMA:DOPE (Lipofectin), DDAB:DOPE (Lipofectace), DOSPA:DOPE (Lipofectamine), DOGS (Transfectam), and DOTAP were analyzed by HPLC on C8 or C18 bonded phase columns with aqueous/mixed organic mobile phases containing trifluoroacetic acid and with ELSD detection in the gradient elution mode. Baseline resolution of the components of the GL-53:DOPE formulation was achieved by optimization of the solvent system and gradient profile. Capacity factors (k') of the cationic lipids were greatly affected by the end-capping chemical of the C18 bonded phases. The calibration curves for GL-53, DC-chol, DMRIE, and DOPE were determined in the range of 1.6-200.0 μg . The detection limits for these compds. were determined to be 0.4-1.6 μg .

IT 124050-77-7

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
(anal. of cationic lipid-based gene transfer agents by reversed-phase HPLC using light scattering detection)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 70 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
\Gamma8
    1998:268526 CAPLUS
AN
DN
    128:296099
    Chitosan compositions for transferring therapeutic agents into host cells
ΤI
IN
    Kolbe, Hanno
    Transgene S.A., Fr.; Kolbe, Hanno
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
     Patent
LΑ
    French
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
     _____
                      ____
                                           _____
                                                           _____
PI
     WO 9817693
                      A1
                            19980430
                                          WO 1997-FR1897
                                                            19971023
        W: AU, CA, JP, SG, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                                          FR 1996-12894 A 19961023
                                           FR 1997-2296
                                                         A 19970226
     FR 2754823
                            19980424
                                          FR 1996-12894
                                                           19961023
                      A1
     FR 2754824
                                          FR 1997-2296
                                                            19970226
                      A1
                            19980424
    FR 2754824
                            19990305
                      В1
                                           FR 1996-12894 A 19961023
                                          AU 1997-49505
    AU 9749505
                      Α1
                            19980515
                                                          19971023
    AU 725723
                      В2
                            20001019
                                           FR 1996-12894 A 19961023
                                           FR 1997-2296
                                                         A 19970226
                                           WO 1997-FR1897 W 19971023
    EP 934342
                      A1
                            19990811
                                           EP 1997-912239
                                                           19971023
     EP 934342
                      В1
                            20020102
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
                                           FR 1996-12894 A 19961023
                                           FR 1997-2296
                                                        A 19970226
                                           WO 1997-FR1897 W 19971023
    JP 2001502736
                      Т2
                            20010227
                                           JP 1998-519049 19971023
                                           FR 1996-12894 A 19961023
                                           FR 1997-2296 A 19970226
                                          WO 1997-FR1897 W 19971023
    AT 211489
                      Е
                            20020115
                                          AT 1997-912239 19971023
                                           FR 1996-12894 A 19961023
                                           FR 1997-2296 A 19970226
                                          WO 1997-FR1897 W 19971023
    PT 934342
                      \mathbf{T}
                            20020628
                                           PT 1997-97912239 19971023
                                           FR 1996-12894 A 19961023
```

FR 1997-2296 A 19970226 ES 2170377 Т3 20020801 ES 1997-912239 19971023 FR 1996-12894 A 19961023 FR 1997-2296 A 19970226

AΒ The title compns., especially useful in transferring nucleic acids, contain pure

chitosan (d.p. 5-300) and therapeutic agents. In tests buffered at pH 7.5, chitosan with mol. weight <5000 and 5000-10,000 was shown to complex plasmidic DNA in ratios of 1:2 and 1:3, resp. Hemocompatibility was confirmed, and transfection of pulmonary cells with DNA complexes is exemplified.

124050-77-7 IT

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (lipids modifying the transfection activity of chitosan complexes)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 71 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L8

ΑN 1998:239300 CAPLUS

128:279543 DN

Phase transitions and preparation of nucleic acid-containing liposomes TIcationic lipid liposomes for transformation of animal cells

Boukhnikachvili, Tsiala; Vacus, Joel ΙN

Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.; Boukhnikachvili, Tsiala; Vacus, Joel PA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

French LA

FAN.	CNT	1																
	PAT	CENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	э.	DATE			
										_								
ΡI	WO	9815	639		A.	1	1998	0416		W	0 19	97-F	R174	7	1997	1003		
		W:	AL,	AU,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	CA,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	EE,	GE,	GH,	HU,	ID,	IL,
			IS,	JP,	KP,	KR,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LV,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MX,	NO,	NΖ,	PL,
			RO,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TR,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM										
		RW:	GH,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,
			GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,
			GN,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG									
										F	R 19	96-1	2259	Α	1996:	1008		
	FR	2754	272		A	1	1998	0410		F	R 19	96-1	2259		1996	1008		
	FR	2754	272		B	1	1998	1113										

AU	723371	В2	20000824		
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	
				WO 1997-FR1747 W 19971003	
BR	9712210	Α	19990831	BR 1997-12210 19971003	
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	
				WO 1997-FR1747 W 19971003	
EP	948638	A1	19991013	EP 1997-943929 19971003	
	R: AT, BE, SI, FI	CH, DE	, DK, ES,	FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE	,
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	
				WO 1997-FR1747 W 19971003	
JP	2001501641	T2	20010206	JP 1998-517234 19971003	
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	
	•			WO 1997-FR1747 W 19971003	
zA	9709031	Α	19980423		
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	
MX	9902652	Α	20000430		
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	
				WO 1997-FR1747 W 19971003	
NO	9901383	Α	19990322		
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	
				WO 1997-FR1747 W 19971003	
US	6156338	А	20001205	us 1999-269515 19990402	
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	
				WO 1997-FR1747 W 19971003	
KR	2000048958	А	20000725	KR 1999-703006 19990407	
				FR 1996-12259 A 19961008	

19980505

A1

19971003

AU 1997-45591

AB A method of preparing cationic lipid-based liposomes for use in transformation that leads to the formation of a uniform population of micelles uses a heating step. Cationic lipid phase diagrams were established and the transition temps. at which they form micelles under a number of different conditions were determined Heating a solution of cationic lipids

to just beyond the transition temperature leads to the formation of a uniform population of micelles. Optimization expts. in which a number of variables, include pH and ionic conditions and the age of the micelle suspension on the efficiency of transformation are reported.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

AU 9745591

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (micelles of; phase transitions and preparation of nucleic acid-containing liposomes cationic lipid liposomes for transformation of animal cells) 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ (CH₂

RN

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 72 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

```
128:227057
DN
    Isolation of endotoxin-free plasmid DNA from Escherichia coli for use in
TI
     gene therapy
IN
    Cavallini, Bruno
    Transgene S.A., Fr.; Cavallini, Bruno
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
    French
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                          DATE
                    ----
     _____
    WO 9811208 A1 19980319
                                        WO 1997-FR1594
                                                          19970910
PΙ
        W: AU, CA, JP, SG, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                                         FR 1996-11075 A 19960911
                                          FR 1996-11075
                     A1
                           19980313
                                                          19960911
     FR 2753204
    FR 2753204
                     В1
                           19981204
                                         AU 1997-42128
                                                          19970910
    AU 9742128
                     A1
                           19980402
    AU 733057
                     В2
                           20010503
                                          FR 1996-11075 A 19960911
                                          WO 1997-FR1594 W 19970910
                     A1 19991124
                                         EP 1997-940209 19970910
    EP 958358
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
                                          FR 1996-11075 A 19960911
                                          WO 1997-FR1594 W 19970910
                                          JP 1998-513314 19970910
    JP 2001503971
                     T2
                           20010327
                                          FR 1996-11075 A 19960911
                                          WO 1997-FR1594 W 19970910
    A rapid method for the preparation of DNA suitable for administration to
AB
    humans, e.g. in gene therapy is described. The method is an adaptation of
     the alkaline lysis technique. After lysis and neutralization to precipitate
     chromosomal DNA, the lysate is clarified by filtration, either by three
     successive filtrations through filters with pore sizes of 100, 40, and 16
    μm, or a single filtration using a cartridge filter with a pore size of
     8 or 3 μm. Endotoxins are then extracted from the filtrate with a
    detergent with a low cloud point (15-35°), preferably Triton X-114
     and the plasmid recovered by ethanol precipitation RNA is removed by salt
precipitation
     (2-2.5 M ammonium sulfate) in the presence of calcium chloride 50-100 mM.
     The final stage of purification is gel chromatog. The purified plasmid DNA is
     then conditioned for injection. Typical yield of a pBR322-based plasmid
     from 360 g of wet Escherichia coli was 145 mg. The plasmid had an average
    protein content of 0.49%, an RNA content of 2.48% and an endotoxin content
    of 2.34 endotoxin units/mg plasmid.
IT
     124050-77-7, DOGS
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (liposomes for gene therapy containing; isolation of endotoxin-free plasmid
        DNA from Escherichia coli for use in gene therapy)
```

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI)

124050-77-7 CAPLUS

(CA INDEX NAME)

RN

CN

L8

AN

1998:184001 CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 73 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L8
    1998:165492 CAPLUS
AN
    128:227051
DN
    Cationic lipid-nucleic acid complex formation and use
TI
     Bischoff, Rainer
ΙN
    Transgene S.A., Fr.
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         _____
                                                          _____
PΙ
     WO 9808489
                    A1
                           19980305
                                         WO 1997-IB1030
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        W: AU, CA, JP, SG, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, BR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                                          EP 1996-401819 A 19960826
                                          AU 1997-37815
                           19980319
                                                         19970825
     AU 9737815
                      Α1
     AU 729077
                      В2
                           20010125
                                          EP 1996-401819 A 19960826
                                          WO 1997-IB1030 W 19970825
                                          EP 1997-934685 19970825
     EP 941066
                      A1
                           19990915
     EP 941066
                      В1
                           20031029
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
                                          EP 1996-401819 A 19960826
                                          WO 1997-IB1030 W 19970825
     JP 2000516948
                      T2
                           20001219
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                                          WO 1997-IB1030 W 19970825
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                                                          19970825
     AT 252891
                      Ε
                           20031115
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                                          WO 1997-IB1030 W 19970825
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     US 6271208
                      В1
                           20010807
                                          EP 1996-401819 A 19960826
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AB The present invention is directed to stable complexes or particles of cationic lipids and nucleic acid that can be used to deliver nucleic acid to a cell for the purpose of providing a therapeutic mol. to the cells of an individual in need of such treatment. The invention is also directed to stable complexes or particles of cationic lipids and nucleic acid which contain a stabilizing additive. The invention is further directed to methods for the preparation of homogenous suspensions of stable cationic

WO 1997-IB1030 W 19970825

lipid-nucleic acid complexes or particles by combining one or more cationic lipids, one or more colipids, one or more stabilizing additives and a nucleic acid or other ligand. The invention also includes a method for preparing a homogenous suspension of stable cationic lipid-nucleic acid complexes or particles using optional sizing procedures such as extrusion, which can also be used as the final sterilizing step in the production process of lipid-nucleic acid complexes for administration to patients for therapeutic purposes. The invention is further directed to a homogenous suspension of stable lipid-nucleic acid complexes or particles produced by the above methods.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(cationic lipid-nucleic acid complex formation and use)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 74 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:66006 CAPLUS

DN 128:125760

TI gp160 domains involved in antibody-dependent infection by HIV and mutations abolishing the effect

IN Mitchell, William M.

PA Vanderbilt University, USA; Mitchell, William M.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PA	rent :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			Α	PPLI	CATI	ON N	Ο.	DATE				
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PI		9801					1998			W	o 19	97-U	s116	67	1997	0702			
	WO	9801	570		A	3	1998	0226											
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			GN.	ML.	MR.	NE.	SN.	TD.	ΤG										

US 1996-21668P P 19960705
AU 9736501 A1 19980202 AU 1997-36501 19970702
US 1996-21668P P 19960705
WO 1997-US11667W 19970702

AB Mutants of human immunodeficiency virus with mutations in the domains of the gp160 and gp41 envelope glycoproteins that raise infection-enhancing antibody are described. The virus can be used in vaccines that do not make the patient more vulnerable to infection. Specific amino acid substitutions that lessen the effect are described. Macaques inoculated with the SIV homolog of one of these domains (the C'-ADE domain) showed an accelerated development of the disease upon challenge with SIVmne (mean time to death = 246 days, vs. 407 days for control animals).

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (in mucosal vaccines against HIV; gp160 domains involved in antibody-dependent infection by HIV and mutations abolishing effect)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH₂)

L8 ANSWER 75 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:1565 CAPLUS

DN 128:66511

TI Increased efficiency of delivery of antisense nucleic acids using neutral phospholipid liposomes

IN Klimuk, Sandra K.; Semple, Sean C.; Scherrer, Peter; Hope, Michael J.

PA University of British Columbia, Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 80 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE ____ PΙ WO 9746671 19971211 WO 1997-CA347 19970522 A1 W: CA, JP RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE US 1996-657753 A 19960530 EP 1997-921565 19970522 A1 19990407 EP 906421 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI US 1996-657753 A 19960530 WO 1997-CA347 W 19970522 JP 2000511541 20000905 JP 1998-500030 19970522 US 1996-657753 A 19960530 WO 1997-CA347 W 19970522

AB The efficiency of delivery of antisense nucleic acids to damaged tissues is increased by using neutral lipid-based liposomes. Neutral phospholipid liposomes do not activate complement and so avoid some of the toxicity problems associated with cationic lipids. The lipids used include at least two members selected from the group consisting of phospholipids, sterols and cationic lipids. In particular, methods for the delivery of antisense DNA to ICAM-1 to sites of inflammation are described.

IT **124050-77-7**, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in neutral liposomes; increased efficiency of delivery of antisense nucleic acids using neutral phospholipid liposomes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 76 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:757071 CAPLUS

DN 128:39581

TI Cationic lipids for drug delivery

IN Kirpotin, Dmitri; Chan, Daniel C. F.; Bunn, Paul

PA Kirpotin, Dmitri, USA; Chan, Daniel C. F.; Bunn, Paul

SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

LA FAN.		glish 1																
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PI	WO	9743	363		A	1	1997	1120		W	o 19	97-U	S812	0	1997	0514		
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			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NΖ,	PL,	PT,
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			AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM								
		RW:	GH,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,
			GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,
			ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG										
										U	s 19	96-6	4855	8	1996	0515		
	US	5980	935		Α		1999	1109		បៈ	s 19	96-6	4855	8	1996	0515		
	ΑU	9731	248		A.	1	1997	1205		A	J 19	97-3	1248		1997	0514		
										U:	s 19	96-6	4855	8	1996	0515		
										W	0.19	97-U	S812	0	1997	0514		
	EΡ	9236	30		A.	1	1999	0623		E	P 19	97-9	2648	9	1997	0514		
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,

US 1996-648558 19960515 WO 1997-US8120 19970514

AB The present invention relates generally to a non-toxic lipid conjugated with a cationic amino acid containing a guanidino group. Specifically, the naturally-occurring lipid DOPE is combined with the naturally-occurring amino acid arginine. These compds. are useful for encapsulating and delivering pharmaceuticals and poly- and oligonucleotides. These compds. are composed of nontoxic and, in the case of Arg-DOPE, natural components, and therefore result in minimal undesirable effects. Methods for the use of cationic lipids are also claimed. N-L-arginyldioleoylphosphatidylethan olamine was prepared by the reaction of dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine with Nα-tert-butoxycarbonylarginine in the presence of N-ethyl-N-dimethylaminopropylcarbodiimide-HCl in CHCl3. This compound was formulated into aqueous micellar solns.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cationic lipids for drug delivery)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 77 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:740426 CAPLUS

DN 128:53199

TI Cationic virosomes as transfer system for genetic material

IN Walti, Ernst Rudolf; Gluck, Reinhard; Klein, Peter

PA Nika Health Products Limited, Liechtenstein; Walti, Ernst Rudolf; Gluck, Reinhard; Klein, Peter

SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

CNIZ																
PATENT	ио.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	0.	DATE			
WO 974	1834		A	1	1997	1113		W	0 19	97-E	P226	8	1997	0504		
W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	ĊZ,	DE,
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	VN,	YU,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM					
RW	: GH,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,
	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	В J,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,
	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG										
	PATENT WO 974 W:	PATENT NO. WO 9741834 W: AL, DK, LC, PT, VN, RW: GH, GR,	PATENT NO. WO 9741834 W: AL, AM, DK, EE, LC, LK, PT, RO, VN, YU, RW: GH, KE, GR, IE,	PATENT NO. KI WO 9741834 A W: AL, AM, AT,	PATENT NO. KIND WO 9741834 A1 W: AL, AM, AT, AU,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE WO 9741834 A1 1997 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE WO 9741834 A1 19971113 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE WO 9741834 Al 19971113 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE A. WO 9741834 Al 19971113 WO W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLITURE APPLI	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION WO 9741834 A1 19971113 WO 1997-E W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. WO 9741834 A1 19971113 WO 1997-EP226 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. WO 9741834 A1 19971113 WO 1997-EP2268 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 9741834 A1 19971113 WO 1997-EP2268 1997 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 9741834 A1 19971113 WO 1997-EP2268 19970504 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,	PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 9741834 A1 19971113 WO 1997-EP2268 19970504 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,

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PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:
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NZ 1997-332666 A 19970504
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        HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
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        CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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EP 1217990
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NO 2002001607
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                                      NO 2002-1607
                                                        20020405
                  Α
                                      US 1999-414872 A 19991008
                                      WO 2000-EP9540 W 20000929
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AB The present invention relates to a pos. charged virosome for efficient delivery of genetic material to resting or proliferating mammalian cells in vitro and in vivo. The virosome membrane contains cationic and/or polycationic lipids, at least one viral fusion peptide and preferably at least one cell-specific marker, advantageously selected from the group consisting of monoclonal antibodies, antibody fragments F(ab')2 and Fab', cytokines, and growth factors, for a selective detection and binding of target cells. The invention further relates to a method for the manufacture of the novel virosomes and to applications thereof, particularly for the manufacture of pharmaceutical compns. to treat cancer or leukemia.

IT **124050-77-7**, Dogs

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(cationic virosomes as transfer system for genetic material)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 78 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:652162 CAPLUS

DN 127:351134

TI ExGen 500 is an efficient vector for gene delivery to lung epithelial cells in vitro and in vivo

AU Ferrari, S.; Moro, E.; Pettenazzo, A.; Behr, J. P.; Zacchello, F.; Scarpa, M.

CS Dep. PEdiatr. CRIBI Biotechnol. Cent., Univ. Padova, Italy

Gene Therapy (1997), 4(10), 1100-1106 CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

PB Stockton

DT Journal

SO

LA English

Nonviral vectors might represent a safe alternative to adenovirus for gene AΒ therapy of lung disorders, in particular cystic fibrosis (CF). Cationic lipids have been shown to correct the CF defect both in vitro and in vivo, but more efficient vectors are needed to improve the low gene transfer efficiency. Here, we show that the cationic polymer ExGen 500, a linear polyethylenimine derivative, is more efficient than cationic lipids in transferring reporter genes to lung epithelial cells in vitro. In vivo ExGen 500 was able to mediate gene transfer into both newborn and adult rabbit lungs with comparable efficiencies. The best levels of transfection were obtained using neutral complexes. Under such conditions, luciferase activities corresponding to about 103 RLU/10 s/mg of protein were reproducibly obtained 2 days after transfection throughout the four lung lobes of newborn and adult rabbits. A nlslacZ reporter gene showed transfected cells around the lumen of large and small bronchi. No signs of acute toxicity (inflammation, cellular infiltration etc.) were detected by direct histopathol. anal. Within 1 wk after instillation, transgene expression decreased by two orders of magnitude.

IT **124050-77-7**, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (comparison with; ExGen 500 as efficient nonviral vector for gene delivery to lung epithelial cells in vitro and in vivo)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 79 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:649091 CAPLUS

DN 127:273869

TI Liposome-mediated introduction of macromolecules into eukaryotic cells using membrane-active agents to increase the efficiency of uptake

IN Finke, Sigrun; Schmidt-Wolf, Ingo G. H.

PA Finke, Sigrun, Germany; Schmidt-Wolf, Ingo G. H.

SO Ger. Offen., 6 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

DE 19610805 A1 19970925 DE 1996-19610805 19960319

DE 1996-19610805 19960319

AB A method of increasing the efficiency of uptake of cationic lipid-based liposomes by eukaryotic cells using a membrane active agent that stimulates the formation of endosomes and uptake of the liposomes is described. The preferred agent is chloroquine incorporated into the liposomes and the preferred targets for the method are leukocytes and lymphocytes. The method is particularly suitable for transformation of lymphocytes for the development of cells for therapeutic use.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in liposomes for transformation of animal cells; liposome-mediated introduction of macromols. into eukaryotic cells using membrane-active agents to increase efficiency of uptake)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L8 ANSWER 80 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1997:609321 CAPLUS
- DN 127:302932
- TI Enhanced antisense inhibition of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 in cell cultures by DLS delivery system
- AU Lavigne, Carole; Thierry, Alain R.
- CS Departement de Microbiologie et Immunologie, Faculte de Medecine, Universite de Montreal, Montreal, QC, H3C 3J7, Can.
- SO Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications (1997), 237(3), 566-571

CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

- PB Academic
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The relatively poor cell uptake of oligonucleotides and subsequent transport to the cytoplasm and nucleus is the main limitation in antisense therapeutics. The use of lipid-based carrier system is one of the most promising approaches to overcome these problems. In this study, the

authors report the use of a new lipidic formulation to deliver a phosphorothicate oligonucleotide antisense directed against the regulatory gene rev of the HIV-1 genome and its application to the inhibition of HIV-1 in different cell culture models. Antiviral activity of either DLS-complexed or non-complexed oligonucleotides (ODNs) was compared in acutely and chronically infected cells. The authors have demonstrated that substantial antisense activity could be achieved at subnanomolar concns. with DLS-complexed ODN in both acute and chronic infection systems. DLS-association highly improved inhibitory activity of the antisense ODN in acutely infected Molt-3 cells (100-fold) and primary cells (1000-fold) and in chronically infected H9 cells (1 500 000-fold). The authors have shown that anti-HIV activity of phosphorothicate ODNs can be strongly enhanced by using the DLS carrier system.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (enhanced antisense phosphorothioate oligonucleotide against gene rev inhibition of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 in cell cultures by DLS liposome delivery system)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 81 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:568307 CAPLUS

DN 127:230340

TI Complexes of DNA, cationic lipids and membrane-active peptides for introduction of DNA into higher eukaryotic cells

IN Wagner, Ernst; Mechtler, Karl; Kichler, Antoine

PA Boehringer Ingelheim International G.m.b.H., Germany; Wagner, Ernst; Mechtler, Karl; Kichler, Antoine

SO PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. D	DATE
PI	WO 9730170	A1 19970821	WO 1997-EP649 1	.9970213
	W: CA, JP,	MX, US		
	RW: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,	FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
			DE 1996-19605548 1	.9960215
	DE 19605548	A1 19970904	DE 1996-19605548 1	.9960215
	CA 2246227	AA 19970821	CA 1997-2246227 1	.9970213
			DE 1996-19605548 1	.9960215
	EP 900281	A1 19990310	EP 1997-904426 1	.9970213

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI

DE 1996-19605548 19960215 WO 1997-EP649 19970213 JP 1997-528984 19970213

JP 2000504579 T2 20000418

DE 1996-19605548 19960215 WO 1997-EP649 19970213

AB A carrier system for the introduction of transforming DNA into higher eukaryotic cells complexes the nucleic with a cationic lipid present in a suboptimal concentration for transfection and one or more membrane-active acidic

peptides and optionally helper lipid. The ratio of the total number of pos. charges to the total number of neg. charges in the composition is between approx.

O and approx. 3. Optimization expts. are reported. One finding was that the use of acidic peptides in the complex lessened the inhibiting effect of serum on transformation. High charge ratios also made the uptake independent of vacuolar proton exchange.

IT 124050-77-7, Dogs

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in complexes for transformation of eukaryotic cells; complexes of DNA, cationic lipids and membrane-active peptides for introduction of DNA into higher eukaryotic cells)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 82 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:534800 CAPLUS

DN 127:244394

TI Nanoscopic structure of DNA condensed for gene delivery

AU Dunlap, David D.; Maggi, Alessia; Soria, Marco R.; Monaco, Lucia

CS DIBIT, San Raffaele Scientific Institute, Milan, 20132, Italy

SO Nucleic Acids Research (1997), 25(15), 3095-3101

CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048

PB Oxford University Press

DT Journal

LA English

AB Scanning force microscopy was used to examine DNA condensates prepared with varying stoichiometries of lipospermine or polyethylenimine in physiol. solution For the first time, individual DNA strands were clearly visualized in incomplete condensates without drying. Using lipospermine at sub-saturating concns., discrete nuclei of condensation were observed often surrounded by

folded loops of DNA. Similar packing of DNA loops occurred for polyethylenimine-induced condensation. Increasing the amount of the condensing agent led to the progressive coalescence or aggregation of initial condensation nuclei through folding rather than winding the DNA. At over-saturating charge ratios of the cationic lipid or polymer to DNA, condensates had sizes smaller than or equal to those measured previously in electron micrographs. Polyethylenimine condensates were more compact than lipospermine condensates and both produced more homogeneously compacted plasmids when used in a 2-4-fold charge excess. The size and morphol. of the condensates may affect their efficiency in transfection.

IT 124050-77-7D, DOGS, DNA aggregates

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(nanoscopic structure of DNA condensed for gene delivery)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 83 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:524837 CAPLUS

DN 127:166650

TI Optimization of lipoplex formulations for intravenous gene delivery

AU Thierry, Alain R.

CS Biovector Therapeutics, Chemin du chene vert, Labege, 31676, Fr.

SO Journal of Liposome Research (1997), 7(2 & 3), 143-159 CODEN: JLREE7; ISSN: 0898-2104

PB Dekker

DT Journal

LA English

AB A synthetic lipid-based gene delivery system, termed DLS, which meets some requirements to be suitable for systemic administration is under development. The DLS system was designed to account for the combinatory aspect of lipid composition and formulation. Optimized DLS preparation is highly

reproducible and stable, exhibit great structural and low mean size homogeneity, and results in high efficacy following i.v. administration. Factors influencing pDNA biodistribution, transgene tissue specific activity, and toxicity are discussed.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (optimization of lipoplex formulations for i.v. gene delivery)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 84 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:460967 CAPLUS

DN 127:117066

TI Cationic phosphonolipids as non viral vectors for DNA transfection in hematopoietic cell lines and CD34+ cells

AU Floch, Virginie; Le Bolc'h, Gwenaelle; Audrezet, Marie-Pierre; Yaouanc, Jean-Jacques; Clement, Jean-Claude; Des Abbayes, Herve; Mercier, Bernard; Abgrall, Jean-Francois; Ferec, Claude

CS Centre de Biogenetique, University, Hospital, ETSBO, Brest, 29275, Fr.

SO Blood Cells, Molecules & Diseases (1997), 23(1), 69-87 CODEN: BCMDFX; ISSN: 1079-9796

PB Academic

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ The ability to transfer genes into a hematopoietic stem cell and to achieve regulation of their expression in lymphoid or myeloid lineages should open many new therapeutic opportunities. Besides gene transfer mediated by virus vectors like retrovirus or adenovirus, non viral systems have the theor. advantage of being safe and easy to manage. We developed a new family of cationic lipids called phosphonolipids, synthesized 24 new mols., and then in a first step we tested their potential to transfer genes in human hematopoietic cell lines (K562 and TF1). A LacZ plasmid under the control of a strong viral promoter was used as a reporter gene and a FACS-Gal assay and a quant. test CPRG assay evaluated the β gal expression. The targeted cells were analyzed 48 h after transfection. The present work shows that seven novel mols. display a high transfer efficiency. One of them is nine-fold more efficient than the com. available cationic lipids. The results obtained ex vivo on CD34 cells with the FACS-Gal assay show that at day 10 after transfection, 45 percent of cells are expressing gal.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cationic phosphonolipids as vectors for DNA transfection in hematopoietic cell lines and CD34+ cells)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 85 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:391770 CAPLUS

DN 127:104097

TI Enhancement of the inhibitory effect of antisense DNA toward mRNA of VEGF on tube formation of HUVEC by cationic liposomes

AU Shoji, Yoko; Matsubara, Tsukasa; Ouchi, Nobuka; Uchida, Kiyoshi; Shimada, Jingoro; Mizushima, Yutaka

CS Inst. Med. Sci., St. Marianna Univ. Sch. Med., Kawasaki, 216, Japan

SO Drug Delivery System (1997), 12(3), 187-192

CODEN: DDSYEI; ISSN: 0913-5006

PB Nippon DDS Gakkai Jimukyoku

DT Journal

LA Japanese

In the past decade, many researchers have been keen to apply the antisense AΒ oligonucleotides as therapeutic agents. Several antisense mols. are now going on the clin. trials. However, unappropriated targeting efficacy hamper to get sufficient biol. activities. The effort to overcome the nuclease instability of antisense mols. leads to the development of various stable analogs. Since antisense mols. distribute in lysosomes, sufficient biol. functions can not be expected. If antisense mols. can be delivered to appropriate site with high efficiency, application of antisense strategy would be widened. In this study, we synthesized antisense phosphorothioate oligonucleotides (S-oligo) toward mRNA of vascular endothelial growth factor(VEGF) and 80 S-oligos candidates were tested in in vitro translation system. From this selection, 4 compds. were tested as the inhibitory effect on tube formation of human umbilical vascular endothelial cell (HUVEC). Since inhibitory effect of S-oligo on bute formation of HUVEC was not sufficient enough, we used transfectam to enhance the biol. activity of S-oligo. Transfectam enhanced the inhibitory activity of S-oligo. While S-oligo itself were distributed in the cytoplasm punctately, S-oligo an transfectam complex localized in the cytoplasm and some fractions were in the nucleus. Localization of S-oligo in whole cells would contribute to enhance the biol. activity. However, further study is required to obtain the enhancement of particular antisense activity in a sequence specific manner.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(enhancement of the inhibitory effect of antisense DNA toward mRNA of VEGF on tube formation of HUVEC by cationic liposomes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IE, FI

JP 2000501381

AT 245453

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ANSWER 86 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L8
    1997:384233 CAPLUS
AN
DN
    127:4086
    Hormone immunomodulated induction of mucosal immune responses
TI
IN
    Mitchell, William M.
    Merlin Technologies, Inc., USA
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND
                           DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
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                           _____
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PΙ
    WO 9714442
                      Α1
                           19970424
                                         WO 1996-US16845 19961017
        W: AU, CA, JP
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                                          US 1995-544575 A 19951018
                           19970424
    CA 2233166
                      AA
                                          CA 1996-2233166 19961017
                                          US 1995-544575 A 19951018
    AU 9674620
                      A1
                           19970507
                                          AU 1996-74620
                                                          19961017
    AU 696850
                      B2
                           19980917
                                          US 1995-544575 A 19951018
                                          WO 1996-US16845W 19961017
    EP 855919
                                          EP 1996-936786 19961017
                      A1
                           19980805
    EP 855919
                           20030723
                      В1
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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20000208

20030815

E

WO 1996-US16845W 19961017

The invention provides a method of inducing a mucosal immune response in a subject, comprising administering to the subject an amount of antigen-encoding DNA effective to induce a mucosal immune response complexed to a transfection-facilitating cationic lipid and an amount of vitamin D3. In the method of inducing a mucosal immune response, the antigen-encoding DNA can encode an antigen that is expressed on the surface of transfected cells and mimic critical elements of infection. DNA encoding the envelope glycoproteins of viral linked to cationic grouping in which there is coordination of pos. charged groups with a neg. charged phosphate oxygen of the DNA chain forming an ionic charge complex. Two preferred examples of cationic lipids are DOGS

US 1995-544575 A 19951018 WO 1996-US16845W 19961017

US 1995-544575 A 19951018 WO 1996-US16845W 19961017

US 1995-544575 A 19951018

19961017

19961017

JP 1997-516083

AT 1996-936786

(dioctadecylamidoglycylspermidine) and TEDBI (N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl

N, N'-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,3-dioleoyloxy-1,4-butane diammonium iodide). The invention also provides a composition, comprising an amount of DNA encoding an envelope antigen or envelope-associated antigen of a pathogen complexed to a cationic lipid. More specifically, the invention provides a composition, comprising an amount of DNA encoding an envelope antigen of HIV complexed to a cationic lipid.

IT 124050-77-7

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (DNA vaccine encoding envelope antigen and vitamin D3 and transfection-facilitating cationic lipid for induction of mucosal immune responses)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS
Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

 18 ANSWER 87 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1997:358122 CAPLUS AN

DN 127:91923

Structure of in-serum transfecting DNA-cationic lipid complexes TI

Boukhnikachvili, T.; Aguerre-Chariol, O.; Airiau, M.; Lesieur, S.; ΑU Ollivon, M.; Vacus, J.

CS Rhone-Poulenc Rorer Gencell, Centre de Recherche de Vitry-Alfortville 13, Quai Jules Guesde, Vitry sur Seine, 94400, Fr.

FEBS Letters (1997), 409(2), 188-194 SO CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

PBElsevier

DTJournal

LAEnglish

AΒ Noticeable modifications of in-serum transfection efficiency of dioctadecylamidoglycyl-spermine (DOGS)-DNA complexes are observed, depending on DNA condensation conditions. The structures of the complexes are studied, keeping in mind the variability of lipid polymorphism, by cryo-TEM and x-ray diffraction. By increasing both pH and ionic strength, well-organized lamellar structures with a period of 65 Å replace supramicellar aggregates. A relation between the structures and their in-vitro transfection activity is established. Efficiency in the presence of serum is maintained when a lamellar arrangement is involved.

IT124050-77-7D, DOGS, lipo, -DNA complex RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (multilayered, lamellar arrangement of in-serum transfecting

DNA-cationic lipid complexes)

RN124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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ANSWER 88 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
\Gamma8
    1997:310802 CAPLUS
AN
DN
    126:289011
ΤI
    Use of HMG protein complexes with nucleic acids for transformation of
    animal cells in gene therapy without the use of virus vectors
    Blanche, Francis; Cameron, Beatrice; Crouzet, Joel; Thuillier, Vincent
IN
    Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.; Blanche, Francis; Cameron, Beatrice;
PA
    Crouzet, Joel; Thuillier, Vincent
    PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DТ
    Patent
LΑ
    French
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                     ____
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                                                           _____
                           19970403
                                                           19960927
PΙ
    WO 9712051
                     A1
                                          WO 1996-FR1516
           AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP,
            KP, KR, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI,
            SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
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            IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML,
            MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                          FR 1995-11411 A 19950928
    FR 2739292
                            19970404
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                                                           19950928
                      Α1
    FR 2739292
                      В1
                            19971031
    ZA 9608109
                                          ZA 1996-8109
                      Α
                            19970421
                                                            19960926
                                          FR 1995-11411 A 19950928
    CA 2231064
                      AA
                            19970403
                                          CA 1996-2231064 19960927
                                          FR 1995-11411 A 19950928
    AU 9671361
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                                          AU 1996-71361
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                                          FR 1995-11411 A 19950928
                                          WO 1996-FR1516 W 19960927
    EP 854930
                      A1
                           19980729
                                          EP 1996-932668 19960927
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE,
            SI, FI
                                          FR 1995-11411 A 19950928
                                          WO 1996-FR1516 W 19960927
    BR 9610719
                      Α
                           19990713
                                          BR 1996-10719
                                                         19960927
                                          FR 1995-11411 A 19950928
                                          WO 1996-FR1516 W 19960927
    JP 11512704
                      T2
                            19991102
                                          JP 1996-513192 19960927
                                          FR 1995-11411 A 19950928
                                          WO 1996-FR1516 W 19960927
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NO	9801322	A	19980324	NO	1998-1322		19980324
				FR	1995-11411	Α	19950928
				WO	1996-FR1516	W	19960927
US	6153597	A	20001128	US	1998-43856		19980327
				FR	1995-11411	Α	19950928
				WO	1996-FR1516	W	19960927

AB High-mobility group (HMG) proteins are used to complex DNA to increase the efficiency of transformation of animal cells, e.g. in gene therapy, to avoid the use of viral vectors. Transformation uses the DNA complexed with an HMG protein and an agent, such as a ligand for a tissue-specific cell surface protein, that will direct the DNA to a specific cell or tissue type or increase the efficiency of uptake by a specific cell type. The DNA is further complexed with a transfection agent such as a polycation or liposomes.

IT 124050-77-7D, DOGS, complexes with DNA and HMG proteins
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)

(in transformation of animal cells; use of HMG protein complexes with nucleic acids for transformation of animal cells in gene therapy without use of virus vectors)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH

L8 ANSWER 89 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:308659 CAPLUS

DN 126:326181

TI Nanoparticles as carriers for antisense oligonucleotides

AU Balland, Olivier; Saison-Behmoaras, Tula; Garestier, Therese; Helene, Claude

CS Laboratoire de Biophysique, Museum National Histoire Naturelle, Paris, 75231, Fr.

SO NATO ASI Series, Series A: Life Sciences (1996), 290(Targeting Drugs 5), 131-142

CODEN: NALSDJ; ISSN: 0258-1213

PB Plenum

DT Journal

LA English

AB Polyisohexylcyanoacrylate (PIHCA) nanoparticles with cetyltrimethylammonium bromide (CTAB) to promote antisense oligonucleotides association were prepared Nanoparticle protection of oligonucleotide against degradation was demonstrated by measuring the half-lives of oligonucleotides free or adsorbed on the nanoparticles in media containing 3'-exonuclease and in cell culture media. Uptake of oligonucleotides was increased when adsorbed on nanoparticles in a

macrophage-like cell line U937. A human cell line transformed by Ha-ras oncogene showed greater growth inhibition after treatment with Ha-ras oncogene antisense oligonucleotide complexed with both PIHCA and CTAB under tests in cell culture and nude mice. The use of lipospermines as ion-pairing agents or fullerenes as a hydrophobic conjugate appears to provide alternative carrier systems.

IT 124050-77-7

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (DOGS; nanoparticles as carriers for antisense oligonucleotides)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂

H N S (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂

O NH₂

RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Ь8 ANSWER 90 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN1997:266788 CAPLUS

127:1384 DN

Optimization of transfection of human endothelial cells TΙ

Teifel, Michael; Heine, Lars Thorsten; Milbredt, Silke; Friedl, Peter ΑU

Institut Biochemie, Technische Hochschule Darmstadt, Darmstadt, D-64287, CS

SO Endothelium (1997), 5(1), 21-35CODEN: ENDTE9; ISSN: 1062-3329

PBHarwood

DTJournal

LΑ English

AΒ Usability of Ca phosphate, DEAE-dextran transfection, transfection, lipofection, and electroporation was compared for the transfection of early passage human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC) and for the human endothelial cell lines ECV 304 and EA.hy 926. Classic transfection methods resulted in no or only marginal expression of the reporter gene Escherichia coli β -galactosidase. For lipofection expts. the com. available liposome formulations DOTAP and Transfectam with liposomes prepared of dimethyldioctadecylammonium bromide (DDAB) or 1,2-dimyristyloxypropyl-3-dimethylhydroxyethylammonium bromide (DMRIE) as the cationic lipid compound and dioleylphosphatidylethanolamine (DOPE) or Azolectin (phosphatidylcholine II) as neutral co-lipid were compared. A protocol for the chemical synthesis of DMRIE was developed. With transfection protocols optimized for each cell line transfection efficiencies up to 2% were achieved. Lipofection was a reliable technique for the efficient transfection of the human endothelial cell lines ECV 304 and EA.hy 926, resulting in transfection efficiencies of about 2%. HUVEC showed the highest transfection efficiencies with 0.45% for DOTAP-mediated lipofection and 0.68% for the electroporation, the most reliable technique for the transfection of these cells.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(optimization of transfection of human endothelial cells)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH₂)

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AN
     1997:218606 CAPLUS
DN
     126:212448
TΙ
     Novel amide-based cationic lipids
     Schwartz, David Aaron; Daily, William S.; Dwyer, Brian Patrick;
     Srinivasan, Kumar; Brown, Bob Dale
PA
     Genta Incorporated, USA; Schwartz, David Aaron; Daily, William S.; Dwyer,
     Brian Patrick; Srinivasan, Kumar; Brown, Bob Dale
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT.
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ANSWER 91 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

Patent

LΑ English

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	PA	rent	NO.		KI	ΝD	DATE			AP	PLI	CATI	N NC	ο.	DATE				
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FAN 2000:78926

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PΙ	US	6020526	A	20000201	US	1996-681297	19960722
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	US	2002156237	A1	20021024	US	2002-46332	20020114
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					US	1995-505802	B119950721
					US	1996-681297	A119960722
					US	1999-327392	A319990607

OS MARPAT 126:212448

Novel amide-based cationic lipids R2(NHCHR4CO)n(NHCHR3)pYCOR1 (Y = bond, ΑB alkylene; R1 = H, lipophilic moiety; R2, R3, R4 = pos. charged moiety or H, alkyl, heterocyclyl; n, p = 0-8; X- = anion or polyanion; m = integer from 0 to a number equivalent to the pos. charge present on the lipid) or their salts, solvates, or enantiomers were prepared. The invention provides compns. of these lipids with polyanionic macromols., methods for interfering with protein expression in a cell utilizing these compns. and a kit for preparing the same. Thus, N2-[N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl]-N, N-dioctadecyl-L-qlutamine tetrahydrochloride (I) was prepared via coupling of N2,N5-bis[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N2,N5-bis[3-[(1,1dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]aminopropyl]-L-ornithine N-hydroxysuccinimidyl ester with N,N-dioctadecyl-L-glutamine benzyl ester hydrotrifluoroacetate, followed by hydrogenolysis over Pd/C and deprotection using HCl in dioxane. The synthesized cationic lipids, including I, were assayed for transient transfection efficiency in COS-7, SNB-19, RD and C8161 cells and for nuclear delivery of oligonucleotides of varing charge densities.

IT 124050-77-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (novel amide-based cationic lipids)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH₂)

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L8 ANSWER 92 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 1997:190088 CAPLUS

DN 126:282628

TI Characterization of liposome-mediated gene delivery expression, stability and pharmacokinetics of plasmid DNA

AU Thierry, A. R.; Rabinovich, P.; Peng, B.; Mahan, L. C.; Bryant, J. L.; Gallo, R. C.

CS Lab. Tumor Cell Biol., Natl. Cancer Inst., Bethesda, MD, USA

SO Gene Therapy (1997), 4(3), 226-237 CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128 PB Stockton

DT Journal

LA English

The authors have characterized a new synthetic gene delivery system, AΒ termed DLS, which may be suitable for systemic gene therapy. DLS constitutes a lipopolyamine and a neutral lipid and associated plasmid DNA in the formation of lamellar vesicles (DLS-DNA). The ratio of lipids and lipid to DNA as well as the method of preparation were optimized to yield a high in vitro transfection efficiency compared with that previously reported for cationic lipid systems. DLS-DNA showed a rapid cellular uptake and distribution in the cytoplasmic and nuclear (especially in the nucleoli) compartments as determined by laser-assisted confocal microscopy. There was little or no plasmid DNA degradation over a period of 20 min, relatively slow plasma clearance, and effective and rapid cellular uptake of DLS-DNA following i.v. administration in mice. Supercoiled plasmid DNA could be detected in blood cells ≤ 1 h after injection. Systemic administration of DLS-DNA yielded transgene expression in mouse tissues, such as in lung or liver. The ratio of DLS:DNA and the procedure used to form DLS-DNA affected both the level and cellular specificity of expression of a luciferase reporter gene showing that in vitro transfection efficiency of DLS-DNA formulations cannot be easily extrapolated to an in vivo setting. Optimization of the formulation of a DNA delivery system was critical to obtain a defined structure resulting in a preparation with high reproducibility and stability, greater homogeneity of particle size and high efficacy following systemic gene transfer. In addition, the DLS system may be formulated for specific target tissues and may have a wide range of applications for gene therapy.

IT **124050-77-7**, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (characterization of liposome-mediated gene delivery expression in relation to stability and pharmacokinetics of plasmid DNA)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 93 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:187508 CAPLUS

DN 126:268364

TI Complexes of adenovirus with polycationic polymers and cationic lipids increase the efficiency of gene transfer in vitro and in vivo

AU Fasbender, Al; Zabner, Joseph; Chillon, Miguel; Moninger, Thomas O.; Puga, Aurita P.; Davidson, Beverly L.; Welsh, Michael J.

CS Dep. Internal Med. and Physiology and Biophysics, Univ. Iowa College Med., Iowa City, IA, 52242, USA

SO Journal of Biological Chemistry (1997), 272(10), 6479-6489

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PB American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Improving the efficiency of gene transfer remains an important goal in developing new treatments for cystic fibrosis and other diseases. Adenovirus vectors and non-viral vectors each have specific advantages, but they also have limitations. Adenovirus vectors efficiently escape from the endosome and enter the nucleus, but the virus shows limited binding to airway epithelia. Nonviral cationic vectors bind efficiently to the neg. charged cell surface, but they do not catalyze subsequent steps in gene transfer. To take advantage of the unique features of the two different vector systems, we noncovalently complexed cationic mols. with recombinant adenovirus encoding a transgene. Complexes of cationic polymers and cationic lipids with adenovirus increased adenovirus uptake and transgene expression in cells that were inefficiently infected by adenovirus alone. Infection by both complexes was independent of adenovirus fiber and its receptor and occurred via a different cellular pathway than adenovirus alone. Complexes of cationic mols. and adenovirus also enhanced gene transfer to differentiated human airway epithelia in vitro and to the nasal epithelium of cystic fibrosis mice in vivo. These data show that complexes of adenovirus and cationic mols. increase the efficiency of gene transfer, which may enhance the development og gene therapy.

IT **124050-77-7**, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (non-cholesterol-based cationic lipids; adenovirus vector with polycationic polymers and cationic lipids increase efficiency of gene transfer in vitro and in vivo)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1$

L8 ANSWER 94 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:151956 CAPLUS

DN 126:234140

TI Liposomal induction of NO synthase expression in cultured vascular smooth muscle cells

AU Scott-Burden, Timothy; Engler, David A.; Tock, Christine L.; Schwarz, John J.; Casscells, S. Ward

CS Vascular Cell Biology Laboratory, Texas Heart Institute, Houston, TX, 77225, USA

SO Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications (1997), 231(3), 780-783
CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

PB Academic

DT Journal

LA English

Transfection of bovine smooth muscle cells with plasmid constructs containing the full coding sequence for endothelial NO synthase (NOS3) using liposome-mediated gene transfer gave rise to cells that produced high levels of NO. Western anal. indicated that transfected cells were indeed expressing NOS3 protein, but, in addition, expression of inducible NO synthase (NOS2) was detected. The latter accounted for the high levels of NO produced by transfectants. Treatment of bovine or rat smooth muscle cells or 3T3 fibroblasts with only liposome prepns. resulted in the induction of NOS2 expression and NO production All liposomal reagents were shown to be endotoxin free. Direct induction of gene expression by liposomes alone suggests caution in interpretation of data for which gene transfer is mediated by liposomal prepns.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(liposomal induction of NO synthase expression in cultured vascular smooth muscle cells)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂ NH₂

L8 ANSWER 95 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:140261 CAPLUS

DN 126:148479

TI Stabilization of polynucleotide complexes

IN Szoka, Francis C., Jr.; Wang, Jinkang

PA Regents of the University of California, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 7

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----19961219 WO 1996-US7866 19960528 PIWO 9640265 A1 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML US 1995-485430 A 19950607

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JP 1993-517793 A319930405

AB Polynucleotide complexes are stabilized by adding a cryoprotectant compound and lyophilizing the resulting formulation. Cryoprotectant compds.

comprise carbohydrates, preferably lactose and sucrose, but also glucose, maltodextrins, mannitol, sorbitol, trehalose, and others. Betaines, prolines, and other amino acids may also be useful. Preferably, DNA complexes are cryoprotected with lactose at concns. of about 1.25% to about 10% (w/vol). Conventional buffers may also be added to the mixture The lyophilized formulations may be stored for extended periods of time and then rehydrated prior to use.

IT**124050-77-7**, DOGS

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (polynucleotide complexes; stabilization and lyophilization of polynucleotide complexes for storage prior to gene therapy)

124050-77-7 CAPLUS RN

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 96 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L8

1997:134871 CAPLUS AN

126:148488 DN

TΙ Separation of active complexes from mixtures of polynucleotides associated with transfecting components

ΙN Skoza, Francis C., Jr.; Xu, Yuhong; Wang, Jinkang

Regents of the University of California, USA PA

PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp. SO

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LА English

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AB The invention separates defined, active complexes that share a particular physicochem. characteristic such as d., surface charge or particle size from complexes formed by the association of a polynucleotide with a transfecting component that increases transfection activity, such as a lipid, cationic lipid, liposome, peptide, cationic peptide, dendrimer or polycation. In a preferred embodiment, polynucleotide-transfecting component complexes are ultracentrifuged to resolve one or more bands corresponding to complexes having a specific polynucleotide-transfecting component interaction. Polynucleotide complexes having a cationic

liposome transfecting component resolve into two primary bands corresponding to complexes formed either under excess lipid conditions or under excess polynucleotide conditions. In an alternate embodiment, polynucleotide-transfecting component complexes are resolved using cross-flow electrophoresis in identify complexes having specific interactions and to sep. them from excess initial components. This invention is of relevance to delivery of polynucleotides for gene therapy. 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(separation of active complexes from mixts. of polynucleotides associated with

transfecting components)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

IT

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
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L8 ANSWER 97 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:124470 CAPLUS

DN 126:127874

TI Liposomes suitable for in vivo delivery of nucleic acids into mammalian cells and methods for their preparation

IN Wheeler, Jeffery J.; Bally, Marcel B.; Zhang, Yuan-Peng; Reimer, Dorothy L.; Hope, Michael; Cullis, Pieter R.; Scherrer, Peter

PA Inex Pharmaceuticals Corporation, Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 119 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

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FAN.CNT 2

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					US 1995-484282 A 19950607
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	US	6534484	B1	20030318	US 1999-436933 19991108
					US 1995-484282 All19950607
	US	6586410	В1	20030701	
					US 1995-484282 A219950607
					US 1995-485458 A219950607
					US 1996-660025 A119960606
					US 1999-431594 A119991101
	US	200219265	ol Al	20021219	
					US 1995-484282 A219950607
					US 1995-485458 A219950607
					US 1996-660025 A119960606
					US 1999-431594 A119991101
					US 2000-566700 A120000508
	US	200318141	.0 A1	20030925	US 2003-374673 20030224
			•••		US 1995-484282 A119950607
					US 1999-436933 A119991108
ΔB	Mor	rel nuclei	a 2014-025	viina lina	ocomes useful for in with or in wive son

AB Novel nucleic acid-carrying liposomes useful for in vitro or in vivo gene transfer are described. These liposomes are easy to prepare as a reproducible and homogeneous sample, have a high capacity for DNA, are serum-stable, and protect DNA from intracellular degradation after uptake and can be formed using either detergent dialysis methods or methods which utilize organic solvents. Upon removal of a solubilizing component (i.e., detergent or an organic solvent) the lipid-nucleic acid complexes form particles wherein the nucleic acid is serum-stable and is protected from degradation Detergents with a CMC of 20-50 mM are used. The particles thus formed have access to extravascular sites and target cell populations and

are suitable for the therapeutic delivery of nucleic acids. Optimization expts. for lipid composition and serum stability are reported. Mice injected with a reporter plasmid carrying a CAT reporter gene incorporated into liposomes of the invention showed significant expression of the gene in spleen, liver and lung, with the level and duration of expression functions of lipid composition

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(liposomes containing; liposomes suitable for in vivo delivery of nucleic acids into mammalian cells and methods for their preparation)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 98 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:16096 CAPLUS

DN 126:148318

TI Optimized galenics improve in vitro gene transfer with cationic molecules up to 1000-fold

AU Boussif, O.; Zanta, M. A.; Behr, J.-P.

CS Lab. Chim. Genetique, Univ. Louis Pasteur, Illkirch, F-67401, Fr.

SO Gene Therapy (1996), 3(12), 1074-1080

CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

PB Stockton

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Reproducible and optimized complex formation between polyanionic DNA and a polycationic vector is a key aspect of nonviral gene transfer systems. this end, several factors relevant to in vivo delivery have been tested repeatedly on several cell types. Gene transfer with a lipopolyamine (transfectam) in the presence of serum was increased over 10-fold by sequential addition of the lipid to DNA. Paradoxically, high complex concns. $(>200 \mu g DNA/mL)$ led to large enhancements too, which points to the fact that formation of productive complexes is a slow process. Each parameter more than compensates for the decreased efficiency generally observed with nonviral vectors in serum. Transfectam and PEI (polyethylenimine) -mediated transfection also improved after mild centrifugation of the complexes on to the cells. These individual factors were shown to be essentially multiplicative, leading altogether to approx. a 1000-fold transfection increase with a luciferase reporter gene. Finally, 25 cell lines and primary cells (including fibroblasts, hepatocytes and endothelial cells) were successfully transfected over a five orders-magnitude efficiency range. From this large set of data, a general relation between the overall transfection level (as measured by

luciferase reporter gene expression) and the fraction of transfected cells (histochem. stained for $\beta\text{-galactosidase})$ could be inferred. Finally, transfectam and PEI displayed similar trends over this large range of efficiencies, which reinforces the hypothesis of a common transfection mechanism where the key endosome-releasing step occurs through a proton sponge effect.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (optimized pharmaceutics improve in vitro gene transfer with cationic mols. up to 1000-fold)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂ (CH

RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 99 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:663150 CAPLUS

DN 125:295404

TI Folding and aggregation of DNA chains induced by complexation with lipospermine: formation of a nucleosome-like structure and network assembly

AU Yoshikawa, Yuko; Emi, Nobuhiko; Kanbe, Toshio; Yoshikawa, Kenichi; Saito, Hidehiko

CS Graduate School of Human Informatics, Nagoya University, Nagoya, 464-01, Japan

SO FEBS Letters (1996), 396(1), 71-76 CODEN: FEBLAL; ISSN: 0014-5793

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

Dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine (DOGS) is a cationic lipid vector capable of efficiently introducing DNA into various eukaryotic cells. We investigated the higher-order structure of the DNA/DOGS complex using fluorescence and electron microscopy. Our results show that the DNA/DOGS complex exhibits a nucleosome-like structure in which DNA wraps around an aggregate of DOGS mols. In addition, DNA/DOGS complexes tend to associate with each other to form network structures. The resulting network assembly may play a role in effective gene transfection.

IT 124050-77-7D, DOGS, DNA complexes

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(folding and aggregation of DNA chains induced by complexation with lipospermine: formation of a nucleosome-like structure and network

assembly) RN124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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ANSWER 100 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L8
AN
     1996:659315 CAPLUS
     125:284965
DN
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TI

A dry powder formulation for gene therapy

IN Huang, Leaf; Sorgi, Frank L.

PA University of Pittsburgh, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

T.A English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A1 PIWO 9627393 19960912 WO 1996-US2681 19960307 AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML US 1995-400089 19950307 AU 9654177 Α1 19960923 AU 1996-54177 19960307 US 1995-400089 19950307 WO 1996-US2681 19960307

AΒ Gene therapy using a non-viral vector often requires the administration of large amts. of DNA or RNA dissolved in a solution of relatively small volume The invention provides a dry powder formulation which contains a lyophilized DNA/liposome complex, a lyophilized RNA/liposome complex, a lyophilized oligonucleotide/liposome complex or a lyophilized protein/liposome complex. The dry powder is suitable for airway delivery or topical administration as an aerosol. The dry powder can be easily reconstituted with water and is active in gene transfer in vitro and in vivo. The potency of gene transfer of the dry powder was at least 50-fold higher than that of a liquid formulation of similar composition The composition,

method of preparation and method of use are described.

IT124050-77-7, DOGS

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (dry powder formulation containing lyophilized liposome complexes for airway or topical delivery of DNA, RNA, oligonucleotides, or proteins)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS
CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 101 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:609959 CAPLUS

DN 125:240223

TI Nucleic acid-containing compositions containing transfecting agents and nucleic acid condensing agents and their use in transfection

IN Byk, Gerardo; Scherman, Daniel; Schwartz, Bertrand

PA Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

LA FIERCI

FAN.CNT 1

im.	PATENT NO.						DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	ο.	DATE				
ΡI	WO	9625					1996	0822		W	0 19	96-F	R248		1996	0215			
		W:	AL,	AM,	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	EE,	FI,	GE,	HU,	IS,	JP,	ΚP,	
							LV,										SG,	SI,	
							US,												
		RW:					SZ,												
					MC,		PT,	SE,	Br,	вЈ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	
			,	,	,			٠.		F	R 19	95-1	865	Α	1995	0217			
	FR	2730	637		A	1	1996	0823		Fl	R 19	95-1	865		1995	0217			
	FR	2:730					1997	0328											
	CA	2211	162		A	A	1996	0822											
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		9648								Αl	J 19	96-4	8353		1996	0215			
	AU	7066	43		В.	2	1999	0617			- 10	05 1	0.65	_		0015			
															1995				
	BD	9607	383		7\		1007	1125							1996				
	DK	3007	303		A		1337	1123							1995				
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	EΡ	8097	05		Α	1	1997	1203											
							DK,										PT,	IE.	SI
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	JΡ	1150	0431		\mathbf{T}_{i}^{2}	2	1999	0112											
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															1996				
	SK	2815	43		В	6	2001	0409		SI	K 19	97-1	118		1996	0215			

			FR	1995-1865	Α	19950217
			WO	1996-FR248	W	19960215
9601255	Α	19960827	ZA	1996-1255		19960217
			FR	1995-1865	Α	19950217
9703745	Α	19970814	NO	1997-3745		19970814
			FR	1995-1865	Α	19950217
			WO	1996-FR248	W	19960215
9703363	A	19970815	FI	1997-3363		19970815
			FR	1995-1865	Α	19950217
			WO	1996-FR248	W	19960215
5945400	Α	19990831	US	1997-894339		19970815
			FR	1995-1865	A	19950217
			WO	1996-FR248	W	19960215
6200956	В1	20010313	US	1999-306044		19990506
			FR	1995-1865	Α	19950217
	9703363 5945400	9703745 A 9703363 A 5945400 A	9703745 A 19970814 9703363 A 19970815 5945400 A 19990831	9601255 A 19960827 ZA FR 9703745 A 19970814 NO FR WO 9703363 A 19970815 FI FR WO 5945400 A 19990831 US FR WO 6200956 B1 20010313 US	9601255 A 19960827 ZA 1996-1255 FR 1995-1865 9703745 A 19970814 NO 1997-3745 FR 1995-1865 WO 1996-FR248 9703363 A 19970815 FI 1997-3363 FR 1995-1865 WO 1996-FR248 5945400 A 19990831 US 1997-894339 FR 1995-1865 WO 1996-FR248	9601255 A 19960827 ZA 1996-FR248 W 9703745 A 19970814 NO 1997-3745 FR 1995-1865 A W0 1996-FR248 W 9703363 A 19970815 FI 1997-3363 FR 1995-1865 A WO 1996-FR248 W 5945400 A 19990831 US 1997-894339 FR 1995-1865 A WO 1996-FR248 W 6200956 B1 20010313 US 1999-306044

AB Pharmaceutical composition useful for transfecting a nucleic acid and characterized in that it contains, in addition to said nucleic acid, at least one transfecting agent and a compound causing the condensation of said nucleic acid, wherein said compound is totally or partly derived from a histone, a nucleolin, a protamine and/or a derivative thereof. The use of said composition for transferring nucleic acids in vitro, ex vivo and/or in vivo is also described. This composition permits less nucleic acid to be used and improves efficiency of transfection.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(nucleic acid-containing compns. containing transfecting agents and nucleic acid condensing agents and their use in transfection)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L8 ANSWER 102 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1996:559231 CAPLUS
- DN 125:238547
- TI Effect of amniotic fluid on cationic lipid-mediated transfection and retroviral infection
- AU Douar, A.-M.; Themis, M.; Sandig, V.; Friedmann, T.; Coutelle, C.
- CS Imperial College, Medical School at St Mary's, London, UK
- SO Gene Therapy (1996), 3(9), 789-796
 - CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128
- PB Stockton
- DT Journal
- LA English

In preparation for fetal gene therapy by intra-amniotic gene application, we AΒ have investigated the effect of amniotic fluid on several gene transfer systems. In vitro lipofection of embryonically derived 3T3 cells by several of the tested cationic lipids decreases in the presence of human amniotic fluid, while two formulations, Lipid 67 and Tfx-50, remain highly active. As some body fluids are known to inactivate most retroviral vectors, we investigated the influence of amniotic fluid on the efficiency of infection of 3T3 cells by murine leukemia virus (MoMLV)-based vectors, including amphotropic and ecotropic retrovirus, and a vesicular stomatitis virus G (VSV-G) glycoprotein pseudotyped retroviral vector. All showed a decrease of infectivity from 21 to 56% in the presence of amniotic fluid. The ecotropic retrovirus is the most infectious under normal conditions as well as in amniotic fluid. Our results suggest that intra-amniotic injection may allow efficient gene transfer using either amniotic fluid-resistant cationic lipids or ecotropic retroviral vectors in a murine in vivo model for fetal gene therapy. The VSV-G-pseudotyped vector, although displaying a decrease of infectivity, remains of great interest for gene delivery, because of its broad host range and because of the high virus titers achievable. Finally, a baculovirus-based vector shows no decrease of its infectivity and does not seem to be affected by amniotic fluid but has only low infectivity on the tested fetal fibroblast cell line.

124050-77-7D, Transfectam, DNA complexes ΙT

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(amniotic fluid effect on cationic lipid-mediated transfection and retroviral infection in relation to fetal gene therapy)

RN124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- ANSWER 103 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN rs
- 1996:545287 CAPLUS AN
- DN 125:321131
- TIQuantitative investigation of the interactions between

inositol-tris(phosphates) and polyamines

- AU Mernissi-Arifi, Khalid; Zenkouar, Mohamed; Schlewer, Gilbert; Spiess, Bernard
- CS Lab. Pharm. Mol., CNRS, Illkirch Cedex, 67401, Fr.
- Journal of the Chemical Society, Faraday Transactions (1996), 92(17), SO 3101-3107

CODEN: JCFTEV; ISSN: 0956-5000

- PBRoyal Society of Chemistry
- DTJournal
- LΑ English

Inositol phosphates (IPs) provide particularly favorable stereochem. for AΒ the formation of complexes with polyammonium salts which may exist in their biol. environment. In the present work, the authors report the study of the complexation of spermine by 4 inositol tris(phosphates) differing by the position of the phosphate groups, i.e., D-myo-inositol-1,2,6-tris(phosphate) [Ins(1,2,6)P3], (±)-myo-inositol-4,5,6-tris(phosphate)[Ins(4,5,6)P3],(±)-myo-inositol-1,3,5tris(phosphate) [Ins(1,3,5)P3], or by the configuration of the OH groups: (±)-chiro-inositol-1,2,6-tris(phosphate) [chiro-Ins(1,2,6)P3]. Complexation studies of various linear or macrocyclic polyamines, such as spermidine, dioctadecylamidoglycyl spermine (DOGS), and A618C6-1, with Ins(1,2,6)-P3, are also included. All of the studies were carried out at 25° in a 0.1 mol dm-3 tetramethylammonium toluene-p-sulfonate (Me4NOTs) medium. By performing 31P NMR titrns., the protons of the complexes were precisely localized and, therefore, the stepwise complexation consts. could be unambiguously calculated The consts. of the spermine-IP complexes tended to be linearly related to the basicity of the phosphate groups, which depended on the position of the phosphates around the myo-inositol ring. The highest stabilities were achieved for the IPs carrying 3 vicinal phosphates. As expected, electrostatic forces governed the stability of the complexes since the number of charges, the neg. charge d. of the IP, and the local dielec. constant largely influenced the strength of the interaction. Spermine and spermidine formed with the IP's complexes which are stable enough to play a major biol. role.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(quant. investigation of interactions between inositol tris(phosphates) and polyamines)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ NH₂

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Г8
    ANSWER 104 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
    1996:541238 CAPLUS
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DN125:165692

TIMethods and compositions for inducing mucosal immune responses

IN Mitchell, William M.

Vanderbilt University, USA PA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

English LA

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

ΡI	WO	9621356	A1	19960718	WO 1995-US8374 19950703
		W: AU, CA,	JP		
					US 1995-372429 A 19950113
	US	6630455	B1	20031007	US 1995-372429 19950113
	CA	2209064	AA	19960718	CA 1995-2209064 19950703
				•	US 1995-372429 A 19950113
	ΑU	9529587	A1	19960731	AU 1995-29587 19950703
	ΑU	700519	В2	19990107	
					US 1995-372429 A 19950113
					WO 1995-US8374 W 19950703

The invention provides a method of inducing a mucosal immune response in a AΒ subject, comprising administering to the mucosa of the subject an amount of antigen-encoding DNA effective to induce a mucosal immune response complexed to a transfection-facilitating lipospermine or lipospermidine. In the method of inducing a mucosal immune response, the antigen-encoding DNA can encode an antigen that is expressed on the surface of infected cells during the course of infection. DNA encoding the envelope glycoproteins of viral pathogens is used in the present method. Lipospermines and lipospermidines are bifunctional mols. consisting of one or more hydrophobic chains covalently linked to a cationic grouping in which there is coordination of three or more amide hydrogens with a phosphate oxygen of the DNA chain forming an ionic charge complex. One preferred example of a lipospermine is DOGS (dioctadecylamidoglycylspermin e). The invention also provides a composition, comprising an amount of DNA encoding an envelope antigen or envelope-associated antigen of a pathogen complexed to a lipospermine. More specifically, the invention provides a composition, comprising an amount of DNA encoding an envelope antigen of HIV complexed to a lipospermine.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (vaccine composition comprising antigen-containing DNA and transfection-facilitating lipospermine or lipospermidine for inducing mucosal immune responses)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

- L8 ANSWER 105 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1996:540285 CAPLUS
- DN 125:213599
- TI Efficiency of different lipofection agents in Drosophila S-2 cells
- AU Soendergaard, Leif
- CS Institute of Molecular Biology, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, DK-1353, Den.

SO In Vitro Cellular & Developmental Biology: Animal (1996), 32(7), 386-387 CODEN: IVCAED; ISSN: 1071-2690

PB Society for In Vitro Biology

DT Journal

LA English

AB The effectiveness of different com. available transfection agents was compared with that of calcium phosphate in transient expression expts. in Drosophila melanogaster S-2 cells. Although all the com. available agents allowed more efficient DNA uptake than the calcium phosphate precipitation method,

Lipofectin lipid micelles proved to be the most efficient method. Lipofectin was also the most efficient agent in making permanent, transfected cell lines (no data).

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(efficiency of different lipofection agents in Drosophila S-2 cells)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 106 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:537664 CAPLUS

DN 125:177510

TI Method for inactivating non-enveloped viruses using a virucidepotentiating agent

IN Zepp, Charles M.; Heefner, Donald L.

PA Hemasure Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	ο.	DATE				
PI	WO 9620	592		А	1	1996	0711		W	o 19	96-U	s271		1996	0102		
	W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,
	ES, FI		FI,	GB,	GE,	HU,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
	LU, LV		LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,
		SG,	SI														
	RW:	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,
	IT, LU,		MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	
	NE, SN																
													_				

US 1995-368780 19950104

US	5663043	A	19970902	US	1995-368780	19950104		
ΑU	9648966	A1	19960724	ΑU	1996-48966	19960102		
				US	1995-368780	19950104		
				WO	1996-US271	19960102		

AΒ A method for inactivating non-enveloped viruses in e.g. whole blood or a blood product comprises adding a photoactivating virucide (psoralens, hypericin, methylene blue, and toluidine blue) and a virucide-potentiating agent (a cationic lipopolyamine, such as dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine) and activating the virucide.

124050-77-7, Transfectam IT

> RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cationic lipopolyamines as virucide-potentiating agents for inactivation of non-enveloped viruses)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS
Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH2) 17 (CH2) 17 (CH2) 3 NH2
$$(CH_2)_3$$
 NH2 $(CH_2)_3$ NH2

ANSWER 107 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L8

1996:532675 CAPLUS AN

DN 125:185410

Activation of the complement system by synthetic DNA complexes: A TIpotential barrier for intravenous gene delivery

Plank, Christian; Mechtler, Karl; Szoka, Francis C. Jr.; Wagner, Ernst ΑU

School Pharmacy, University California, San Francisco, CA, 94143-0446, USA CS

Human Gene Therapy (1996), 7(12), 1437-1446 SO CODEN: HGTHE3; ISSN: 1043-0342

PΒ Liebert

DTJournal

LА English

We have examined the complement-activating properties of synthetic cationic AΒ mols. and their complexes with DNA. Commonly used gene delivery vehicles include complexes of DNA with polylysine of various chain lengths, transferrin-polylysine, a fifth-generation poly(amidoamine) (PAMAM) dendrimer, poly(ethyleneimine), and several cationic lipids (DOTAP, DC-Chol/DOPE, DOGS/DOPE, and DOTMA/DOPE). These agents activate the complement system to varying extents. Strong complement activation is seen with long chain polylysines, the dendrimer, poly(ethyleneimine), and DOGS (half-maximal at about 3 µM amine content in the assay used). Compared to these compds., the other cationic lipids (in liposome formulations) are weak activators of the complement system (half-maximal $\approx 50-100 \mu M$ pos. charge in assay). Complement activation by polylysine is strongly dependent on the chain length. Short-chain oligolysines are comparable to cationic lipids in their activation of complement. Incubation of these compds. with DNA to form complexes

reduces complement activation in virtually all cases. The degree of complement activation by DNA complexes is strongly dependent on the ratio of polycation and DNA (expressed as the charge ratio) for polylysine, dendrimer, poly(ethyleneimine), and DOGS. To a lesser degree, charge ratio also influences complement activation by monovalent cationic lipid-DNA complexes. For polylysine-DNA complexes, complement activation can be considerably reduced by modifying the surface of preformed DNA complexes with polyethyleneglycol (half-maximal $\approx 20~\mu\text{M}$ amine content). The data suggests that, by appropriate formulation of DNA complexes, complement activation can be minimized or even avoided. These findings should facilitate the search for DNA complex formulations appropriate for reproducible i.v. gene delivery.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RN

CN

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (DOGS/DOPE complexes with DNA; activation of the complement system by synthetic DNA complexes: a potential barrier for i.v. gene delivery) 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 108 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:404241 CAPLUS

DN 125:77806

TI In vitro and in vivo liposome-mediated gene transfer leads to human MDR1 expression in mouse bone marrow progenitor cells

AU Aksentijevich, Ivan; Pastan, Ira; Lunardi-Iskandar, Yanto; Gallo, Robert C.; Gottesman, Michael M.; Thierry, Alain R.

CS Laboratory of Cell Biology, National Cancer Institute, Bethesda, MD, 20892-4255, USA

SO Human Gene Therapy (1996), 7(9), 1111-1122 CODEN: HGTHE3; ISSN: 1043-0342

PB Liebert

DT Journal

LA English

The ability to select bone marrow cells (BMC) expressing a selectable gene that confers resistance to anticancer drugs would be useful to protect bone marrow during chemotherapy. The human multidrug resistance (MDR1) gene encodes a 170-kD glycoprotein (P-gp), an ATP-dependent transmembrane efflux pump for many different cytotoxic drugs. In this work, we demonstrate efficient expression of the human MDR1 gene in mouse BMC after transfection with a liposomal delivery system (DLS-liposomes). The human MDR1 cDNA expression plasmid (pHaMDR1/A) was encapsulated in DLS-liposomes and delivered to mouse BMC using two approaches: (i) in vitro transfection of BMC followed by bone marrow transplantation and (ii) in vivo direct systemic gene transfer. After both the in vitro and the in vivo

approaches, polymerase chain reaction (PCR) anal. confirmed that the human MDR1 gene was successfully transfected to bone marrow, spleen, and peripheral blood (PB) cells, with the human MDR1 gene detected in BMC for up to 30 days after bone marrow transplantation and 28 days after direct systemic administration. Efflux studies using rhodamine-123 demonstrated function of the MDR1 gene product in the in vitro-transfected BMC. Flow cytometry studies using the human MDR1-specific MRK16 monoclonal antibody confirmed the presence of P-gp in BMC after in vitro transfection, as well as in BMC from reconstituted or in vivo-transfected mice. Transgene expression in both lymphoid and myeloid subpopulations of BMC was demonstrated. Colony-forming units (CFU-Mix) were obtained after exposure of BMC to LDs of vincristine, demonstrating functional expression of the MDR1 gene in hematopoietic progenitor cells for up to 1 mo.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(DLS liposomes from DOGS and; in vitro and in vivo liposome-mediated
gene transfer leads to human MDR1 expression in mouse bone marrow
progenitor cells)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 109 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:377249 CAPLUS

DN 125:26227

TI Gene transfer from maternal bodies to embryos and its application in gene therapy or breeding

IN Tsukamoto, Makoto; Ochiya, Takahiro; Yoshida, Sho; Sugimura, Takashi; Terada, Masaaki

PA Daiichi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Terada, Masaaki

SO PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

ГA	N.CNI I			
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
ΡI	WO 9611713	A1 19960425	WO 1995-JP1734 19950831	
	W: AU, BR,	CA, CN, JP, MX, NZ,	US	
	RW: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE	
			JP 1994-249469 A 19941014	
	CA 2202529	AA 19960425	CA 1995-2202529 19950831	
			JP 1994-249469 A 19941014	
	AU 9533547	A1 19960506	AU 1995-33547 19950831	
	AU 710583	B2 19990923		

EP	782862 R: AT,	BE,	A1 CH,				WO EP GB, G	199 199 GR, 199	95-J 95-9 IE, 94-2	P1734 30018 IT, 49469	4 W 8 LI,	199 199 LU 199		NL,	PT,	SE
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							JP	199	4-2	49469	9 A	199	41014			
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							JP	199	94-2	49469) A	199	41014			
							WO	199	95-J	P1734	1 W	199	50831			
NZ	334479		Α	2	2000	1027	NZ	199	95-3	34479	9	199	50831			
							JP	199	94-2	49469	9 A	1994	41014			
	•						NZ	199	95-2	91892	2 A1	199	50831			
US	6060081		Α	2	2000	0509	US	199	7-8	17093	3	199	70521			
							JP	199	94-2	49469	9 A	1994	41014			
							WO	199	95-J	P1734	1 W	199	50831			
US	6471990		В1	. 2	2002	1029	US	199	99-4	75086	5	1999	91230			
							JP	199	94-2	49469	9 A	1994	41014			
							WO	199	95-J	P1734	1 W	199	50831			
							US	199	97-83	17093	3 A1	199	70521			

AΒ A genetic method for treating diseases at embryonal stages by introducing a genetic composition containing a transporter substance through maternal bodies

into the embryo cells is described. The genetic composition, when administered to the maternal body, serves to prevent the genetic deficiency occurred in the fetuses. It is also possible by conducting an animal experiment for introducing an unknown gene at an embryonal stage to elucidate the function of the gene in development. The composition can be utilized also for breeding pet animals, industrial animals and livestock. I.v. administration of SV40-CAT plasmid into a pregnant mouse along with dioctadecyl amidoglycylspermine, a transporter, and de novo expression of the CAT (chloramphenicol acetyltransferase) gene in the embryos were demonstrated.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(gene transporter substance; gene transfer from maternal bodies to embryos and application in gene therapy or breeding)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS
Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ (CH₂

L8ANSWER 110 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ΑN 1996:368202 CAPLUS

DN 125:50282

TI Gene transfer in hepatocarcinoma cell lines: in vitro optimization of a virus-free system

AU Ghoumari, A. M.; Rixe, O.; Yarovoi, S. V.; Zerrouqi, A.; Mouawad, R.; Poynard, T.; Opolon, P.; Khayat, D.; Soubrane, C.

CS Lab. Service Oncologie Medicale, Hop. de la Pitie-Salpetriere, Paris, 75013, Fr.

SO Gene Therapy (1996), 3(6), 483-490 CODEN: GETHEC; ISSN: 0969-7128

PB Stockton

DT Journal

LA English

Many approaches exist for hepatic gene delivery, including viral vectors AB and non-viral vectors. In this study, we tested a panel of liposomes to transfer pAGO, a plasmid containing one copy of herpes simplex virus (HSVtk) gene, and pYED11, a plasmid containing two copies of the HSVtk gene, into a murine hepatocarcinoma cell line (Hepa 1-6) and a human hepatocarcinoma cell line (Hep-G2). The efficiency of gene delivery and expression was characterized by β =galactosidase staining, flow cytometric anal. and quant. lacZ activity. Different combinations of liposomes and DNA and the ratio of the concentration of liposome to DNA were tested. The efficient transfer was shown with DOTAP followed by transfectam and lipofectamine. Under these conditions, we tested the cytotoxicity of ganciclovir (GCV) exposure on Hepa 1-6 and Hep-G2 transfected sep. with liposome-pAG0 and liposome-pYED11 complexes. This study demonstrates the in vitro efficacy of each liposome tested to transduce the HSVtk gene into hepatocarcinoma cell lines. The transfer of two copies of the HSVtk gene rendered cells 1.5 times more sensitive to GCV than cells transduced by pAGO as compared to controls. This was achieved most efficiently by the DOTAP-pYED11 complex. Thus, pYED11 may be considered as an alternative to pAG0 as a gene transfer vector.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(gene transfer in hepatocarcinoma cell lines: in vitro optimization of a virus-free system)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 111 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:333351 CAPLUS

DN 125:67534

TI DOSPER liposomal transfection reagent: a reagent with unique transfection properties

AU Buchberger, B.; Fernholz, E.; Bantle, E.; Weigert, M.; Borowski, E.; Eltz, H. v.d.; Hinzpeter, M.

CS Boehringer Mannheim GmbH, Penzberg, Germany

SO Biochemica (1996), (2), 7-10 CODEN: BIOCFE; ISSN: 0946-1310

PB Boehringer Mannheim

DT Journal

LA English

AB A novel polycationic lipid, DOSPER [01,3-dioleoyloxy-2-(6-carboxyspermyl)-Pr amide], was synthesized, formulated, and characterized for its applicability as a liposomal transfection reagent. Compared to other comavailable liposomal reagents, it showed superior transfection efficiency. Lipofection with DOSPER Liposomal Transfection Reagent was equally effective in the presence or absence of serum. Interestingly, optimal conditions were obtained at relatively low concns., which is cost-effective and beneficial with respect to cytotoxic side effects associated with most liposomal reagents.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (transfection system; characterization of DOSPER liposomal transfection reagent)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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L8 ANSWER 112 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 1996:332672 CAPLUS

DN 124:352703

TI A liposomal delivery system for biologically active agents

IN Thierry, Alain R.

PA United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ -----______ 19960215 WO 1995-US9867 19950804 PIWO 9603977 A1 AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,

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LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
                                           US 1994-286730 A219940805
     US 5908635
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                                           US 1994-286730
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     CA 2196780
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    AU 697343
                       B2
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                                           WO 1995-US9867 W 19950804
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     EP 774959
                            19970528
                                                            19950804
                       A1
     EP 774959
                       В1
                            19981028
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                                           US 1994-286730 A 19940805
                                           WO 1995-US9867 W 19950804
     AT 172636
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                                           US 1994-286730 A 19940805
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                                           WO 1995-US9867 W 19950804
PATENT FAMILY INFORMATION:
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                                           WO 1995-US9867
                                                            19950804
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             GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD,
            MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,
             TM, TT
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
             LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
                                           US 1994-286730 A219940805
     The present invention is directed to a liposomal preparation which is based on
AΒ
     specific lipid components. The specific lipid components provide a highly
     efficient and stable delivery system for nucleic acids. Consequently, one
     embodiment of the invention provides the liposomal prepns. which are
     suitable for use in gene therapy. Thus, liposomes were formed by mixing
     spermine-5-carboxyglycinedioctadecylamide and dioleoyl
     phosphatidylethanolamine, then nucleic acids were incubated with the
     liposomes to form complexes.
ΙT
     124050-77-7
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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(liposomal delivery system for gene therapy)

RN124050-77-7 CAPLUS

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 113 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:256736 CAPLUS

DN 124:281099

TI Complexes of nucleic acids and cationic polymers or macromolecules for use in gene therapy

IN Behr, Jean-Paul; Boussif, Otmane; Demeneix, Barbara; Lezoualch, Franck; Mergny, Mojgan; Scherman, Daniel

PA Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

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	W:													HU,			
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WO 1995-FR914 W 19950707 AU 9944441 A1 19991014 AU 1999-44441 19990813 AU 737314 B2 20010816

> FR 1994-8735 A 19940713 AU 1995-29307 A319950707

AB Nucleic acids are complexed with cationic polymers, particularly polyalkylenimines, for gene therapy, particularly for in vivo nucleic acid transfer. Other cationic polymers and macromols. that may be used include cationic proteins and lipids. The method is demonstrated using these complexes to introduce a reporter gene (luciferase) into fibroblasts.

After optimization, a complex of a reporter plasmid (pCMV-Luc) and PEI800K (polyethyleneimine with an average mol. weight of 800,000) was introduced into the brains of neonatal mice. Mice injected with the complex showed significantly higher levels of luciferase activity in the brain than did control (naked DNA) mice.

IT 124050-77-7D, complexes with DNA

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(complexes of nucleic acids and cationic polymers or macromols. for use in gene therapy)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{$

- L8 ANSWER 114 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1996:200663 CAPLUS
- DN 124:307468
- TI In vitro and in vivo gene transfer to pulmonary cells mediated by cationic liposomes
- AU Fortunati, Elisabetta; Bout, Abraham; Zanta, Maria Antonia; Valerio, Dinko; Scarpa, Maurizio
- CS Centro per il Trasferimento Genico, Department of Pediatrics, CRIBI Biotechnology Center, Padua, 35100, Italy
- SO Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (1996), 1306(1), 55-62 CODEN: BBACAQ; ISSN: 0006-3002
- PB Elsevier
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Cationic liposomes have been proposed as alternative to adenovirus in the treatment of cystic fibrosis lung disease. Therefore, we have investigated the efficiency of two lipid mixts. in mediating gene transfer in in vitro and in vivo models. The cationic lipid DOTMA [N-(1-(2,3(dioleyloxy)propyl)-n,n,n-trimethylammonium chloride)] and DOGS (dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine) were used in combination with the neutral lipid DOPE (dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine). The relative transfection

efficiencies of the two cationic liposomes were tested using the bacterial β -galactosidase (lacZ) and the firefly luciferase genes. Gene expression was detected in both cell lines and primary culture of rhesus monkey airway epithelium after transfection with plasmid DNA complexed with DOGS/DOPE or DOTMA/DOPE. Transfection efficiency of both types of lipids was higher in the mouse fibroblast 3T3 cell line as compared to human carcinoma A549 cells and primary epithelial cultures. Administration of DNA-liposome complexes via intratracheal instillation resulted in expression of the lacZ and luciferase marker gene in the mouse airways. In vivo transfection mediated by both types of liposomes were proven to be far less efficient than adenovirus treatment.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in vitro and in vivo gene transfer to pulmonary cells mediated by cationic liposomes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂

- L8 ANSWER 115 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1996:93091 CAPLUS
- DN 124:166690
- TI Lipospermine-based gene transfer into the newborn mouse brain is optimized by a low lipospermine/DNA charge ratio
- AU Schwartz, Bertrand; Benoist, Corinne; Abdallah, Bassima; Scherman, Daniel; Behr, Jean-Paul; Demeneix, Barbara A.
- CS CNRS/Rhone Poulenc Rorer, CRVA/Biotech., Vitry-sur-Seine, Fr.
- SO Human Gene Therapy (1995), 6(12), 1515-24 CODEN: HGTHE3; ISSN: 1043-0342
- PB Liebert
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Nonviral, plasmid-based gene transfer into somatic tissues offers the prospect of various simple and safe therapeutic possibilities as well as applications in fundamental research. Although cationic lipids display efficient transfection activities in many in vitro systems, only low success rates using these vectors in vivo have been reported. We succeeded in defining conditions providing high levels of in vivo transfection in the brains of newborn mice. Our hypothesis was that conditions favorable for in vitro transfection (highly pos. charged particles) were unlikely to be appropriate for in vivo conditions. When using the cationic lipid dioctadecylamido glycylspermine (Transfectam, DOGS) with a cytomegalovirus (CMV)-luciferase reporter gene, the best

levels of transfection were obtained when using a low ratio of poscharges (supplied by the DOGS) to neg. charges (carried by the DNA). Moreover, addition of the neutral lipid dioleoylphosphatidyl ethanolamine (DOPE) significantly enhanced transfection. Expression of the transgene diminished over time, independently of lipopolysaccharide content of the plasmid preparation used. This suggests that either a mitotic population of cells was preferentially transfected, or that promoter silencing was occurring. Histol. examination of the spatial distribution of a β -galactosidase-expressing transgene showed numerous groups of transfected cells both within the striatal parenchyma and in the paraventricular area. Thus, DNA-lipid complexes bearing overall charges close to neutrality open promising possibilities for modulating gene expression in the developing central nervous system and for therapy in the brain.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pos. charges; lipospermine-based gene transfer into newborn mouse brain is optimized by low lipospermine/DNA charge ratio)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L8 ANSWER 116 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1996:89523 CAPLUS
- DN 124:172978
- TI Induction of mucosal anti-HIV antibodies by facilitated transfection of airway epithelium with lipospermine/DNA complexes
- AU Mitchel, William M.; Rosenbloom, S. Trent; Gabriel, Jerome
- CS Dep. Pathol, Vanderbilt Univ., Nashville, TN, 37232, USA
- SO Immunotechnology (1995), 1(3,4), 211-19
 - CODEN: IOTEER; ISSN: 1380-2933
- PB Elsevier
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Expression of microbial protein sequences in eukaryotic cells transfected by transcriptional/translational permissive cDNA constructs can induce systemic humoral and cellular responses in vivo. Two methods of in vivo transfection have been described to date. One method uses large quantities of naked DNA injected into skeletal muscle. The second method uses relatively small quantities of DNA complexed to gold particles for ballistic penetration of the plasma membrane of keratinocytes. The major disadvantage of the holistic method is that instrumentation is required which is not generally available. The objective of this study were to determine whether the use of DNA complexed with a cationic lipopolyamine could

reduce the quantity of DNA required to induce systemic humoral responses following muscle transfection and whether similar DNA/lipopolyamine complexes could induced mucosal humoral responses following airway exposure. Balb/c mice were exposed by nasal aerosol or i.m. inoculation to a mammalian transcriptional/translational permissive DNA construct containing the entire sequence for the HIV-1 envelope polyprotein. animal were further segregated by the number of exposures at 3-wk interval and whether the DNA was complexed to dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine (DOGS) at a 5:1 M charge ratio of DOGS/DNA. DOGS facilitate in vivo transfection of mouse muscle reduced the quantity of DNA required for a systemic humoral response to surface expressed HIV-envelope proteins by one order of magnitude. Exposure of airway mucosa to both $10~\mu g$ and $1~\mu g$ quantities of DNA complexed to DOGS produced systemic humoral responses to HIV-envelope as well as mucosal antibodies in pulmonary and colonic epithelial. Mol. modeling of DOGS/DNA complexes at the 5:1 charge ratio used in this study indicates that the DNA component is not exposed to aqueous solvents and may be relatively resistant to degradation under common biol. environments. Facilitated transfer of DNA by DOGS to transcriptional/translational competent cells offers several distinct advantages to the use of DNA alone. Since significantly smaller amts. of DNA are required, the potential for the induction of antibodies against DNA itself lessens the likelihood for the development of a lupus-like syndrome. More important, however, is the apparent ability to transfect mucosal cells which results in the development of specific mucosal immune responses. This procedure may allow the development of general methods for the induction of mucosal immunity at the level of entry for mucosal pathogens without the disadvantages inherent in live attenuated vectors.

IT 124050-77-7DP, DOGS, DNA complexes

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(mucosal anti-HIV antibodies induction by transfection of airway epithelium with lipospermine/DNA complexes)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
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 (CH₂) $\frac{17}{3}$ (CH₂)

- L8 ANSWER 117 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1996:77158 CAPLUS
- DN 124:166670
- TI Improved lipid-mediated gene transfer into primary cultures of hippocampal neurons
- AU Kaech, Stefanie; Kim, Jae Bum; Cariola, Michael; Ralston, Evelyn
- CS Bethesda, MD, 20892-4062, USA
- SO Molecular Brain Research (1996), 35(1,2), 344-8

CODEN: MBREE4; ISSN: 0169-328X

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

AB We have examined lipids as transfection agents to introduce recombinant plasmids into primary cultures of rat hippocampal neurons. By modifying the protocol for transfection mediated by the com. reagent DOTAP, we were able to achieve a transfection efficiency of about 3%. Expression of various transfected gene products was sustained for several weeks in culture, the neurons developed normally and the transfected gene products were targeted to the appropriate subcellular compartment.

IT 124050-77-7, Transfectam

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(lipid reagent showed variability between batches; improved lipid-mediated gene transfer into primary cultures of hippocampal neurons)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 118 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:849389 CAPLUS

DN 123:248572

TI Adenoviral-mediated method of cell transfection and its augmentation with cationic agents

IN Seth, Prem; Crystal, Ronald G.; Rosenfeld, Melissa; Yoshimura, Kunihiko; Jessee, Joel A.

PA United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA; Life Technologies, Inc.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PΙ WO 9521259 A1 19950810 WO 1995-US924 19950124 W: AU, CA, JP RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE US 1994-191669 A 19940204 US 5928944 Α 19990727 US 1994-191669 19940204 AU 9516886 A1 19950821 AU 1995-16886 US 1994-191669 A 19940204 WO 1995-US924 W 19950124

AΒ An adenoviral-mediated method of transfection with nucleic acids is provided which can be augmented through incubation of the nucleic acids with cationic agents. Specifically, a nucleic acid is introduced into a eukaryotic cell by contacting the cell with, in any order or simultaneously, the nucleic acid and an adenovirus, wherein the nucleic acid is not bound to any mol. capable of effecting its entry into the cell. The cell is preferably addnl. contacted with a cationic agent, such as a monocationic or polycationic liposome, such that the nucleic acid is not bound to any mol. capable of effecting its entry into the cell other than, optionally, the cationic agent. Thus, COS-7, HeLa, and CV-1 cells were efficiently transfected with plasmid pRSVL in the presence of adenovirus 5 (Ad-5), Ad-CFTR, or Ad-dl312. Transfection was not depend on use a particular recipient strain or a particular adenoviral vector. Plasmid pRSVL preincubated with cationic liposomes (Lipofectin) exhibited an augmented level of adenoviral-mediated transfection.

IT 124050-77-7, DOGS

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(adenoviral-mediated method of cell transfection and its augmentation with cationic agents)

124050-77-7 CAPLUS RN

Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂

ANSWER 119 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN r_8

AN1995:808094 CAPLUS

DN 123:208841

Complexes of lipopolyamines and nucleic acids for use in the delivery of TInucleic acids in gene therapy

IN Behr, Jean-Paul; Demeneix, Barbara; Remy, Jean-Serge; Scherman, Daniel; Schwartz, Bertrand

PA Rhone-Poulenc Rorer SA, Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

French LA

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----_____ PIWO 9518863 A119950713 WO 1995-FR22 19950109 W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN,

	TD,	TG									
						FR	1994-159	Α	19940110		
FR	2714830		A1	19950713		FR	1994-159		19940110		
FR	2714830		В1	19960322							
CA	2180872		AA	19950713		CA	1995-218087	2	19950109		
						FR	1994-159	Α	19940110		
AU	9514583		A1	19950801		AU	1995-14583		19950109		
AU	707571		B2	19990715							
						FR	1994-159	Α	19940110		
						WO	1995-FR22	W	19950109		
EP	738328		A1	19961023		EP	1995-906377		19950109		
	R: AT,	BE,	CH, DE,	DK, ES,	FR,	GB, G	GR, IE, IT,	LI,	LU, NL,	PT,	SE
						FR	1994-159	Α	19940110		
						WO	1995-FR22	W	19950109		
JP	09508100		T 2	19970819			1995-518346				
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			•			WO	1995-FR22	W	19950109		
zA	9500137		А	19950909		ZA	1995-137 1994-159		19950110		
NO	9602791		Α	19960702		NO	1996-2791		19960702		
							1994-159		19940110		
						WO	1995-FR22	W	19950109		
FI	9602799		Α	19960709		FI	1996-2799				
							1994-159		19940110		
							1995-FR22				
US	5846947		Α	19981208			1996-666308				
							1994-159				
							1995-FR22				
US	6172048		B1	20010109			1998-160937				
						FR	1994-159	Α	19940110		

- Complexes of lipopolyamines [H2N-(-(CH)m-NH-)n-H; m≥2; n>1] and AΒ nucleic acids are used to administer the nucleic acids to a patient in gene therapy. Optimization expts. in which a reporter gene is introduced into mouse are described.
- 124050-77-7D, DOGS, complexes with nucleic acids IT RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (complexes of lipopolyamines and nucleic acids for use in delivery of nucleic acids in gene therapy)
- RN
- 124050-77-7 CAPLUS
 Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 120 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 18

AN 1995:418026 CAPLUS

DN 122:222579 TI Intracellular enhancement of intact antisense oligonucleotide steady-state levels by cationic lipids

AU Quattrone, Alessandro; Papucci, Laura; Schiavone, Nicola; Mini, Enrico; Capaccioli, Sergio

CS Institute of General Pathology, University of Florence, Florence, Italy

SO Anti-Cancer Drug Design (1994), 9(6), 549-53 CODEN: ACDDEA; ISSN: 0266-9536

PB Oxford University Press

DT Journal

LA English

AB A cationic lipid vehiculation of phosphodiester oligonucleotides enhanced both intact antisense intracellular oligomer steady-state levels and nuclear compartmentation. On the basis of these observations, cationic lipids appear to be suitable vectors for delivering antisense oligonucleotides into the cell, and particularly to the nuclear compartment either as gene- or primary transcript-targeting tools.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cationic lipids as vectors for intracellular delivery of intact antisense oligonucleotides)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 121 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:342854 CAPLUS

DN 122:230037

TI Oligonucleotide delivery in mice

AU Nechaeva, M. V.; Behr, J. -P.; Karamyshev, V. N.; Yakubov, L. A.; Vlassov, V. V.

CS Institute Bioorganic Chemistry, Novosibirsk, 630090, Russia

SO Proceedings of the International Symposium on Controlled Release of Bioactive Materials (1994), 21ST, 377-8 CODEN: PCRMEY; ISSN: 1022-0178

DT Journal

LA English

AB Absorption of phosphodiester oligonucleotides following ocular administration in mice and the use of dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine for local delivery of i.m.-injected oligonucleotide was demonstrated.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(pharmacokinetics of oligonucleotide i.m administered with)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 3 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1$

ANSWER 122 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN rs

AN 1995:224724 CAPLUS

DN 122:307559

Recombinant fl phage-mediated transfection of mammalian cells using TIlipopolyamine technique

ΑU Yokoyama-Kobayashi, Midori; Kato, Seishi

Kanagawa Academy Science and Technology, Kanagawa, 229, Japan CS

Analytical Biochemistry (1994), 223(1), 130-4 SO CODEN: ANBCA2; ISSN: 0003-2697

PΒ Academic

DTJournal

LΑ English

AΒ Recombinant fl phages carrying a shuttle vector pKAlM for expression of blasticidin S deaminase were introduced into monkey COS7 cells by mixing with dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine (DOGS). Blasticidin S selection resulted in the detectable growth of resistant colonies within a week. The transfection efficiency depended on the amts. of the phage and DOGS, their ratio, and the time during which the cells were incubated with the phage/DOGS mixture This method requires only several microliters of an Escherichia coli culture medium containing recombinant f1 phage particles and is applicable to various cell lines including mouse NIH/3T3, chinese hamster CHO-K1, and human HT-1080.

124050-77-7 IT

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(recombinant f1 phages carrying a shuttle vector pKA1M for expression of blasticidin S deaminase were introduced into monkey COS7 cells by mixing with dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

L8 ANSWER 123 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:40852 CAPLUS

DN 122:179598

TI Temporal and spatial expression of lipospermine-compacted genes transferred into chick embryos in vivo

AU Demeneix, B. A.; Abdel-Taweb, H; Benoist, C.; Seugnet, I.; Behr, J. P.

CS Museum Nationale d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris, Fr.

SO BioTechniques (1994), 16(3), 496-8,500-1 CODEN: BTNQDO; ISSN: 0736-6205

DT Journal

LA English

AB The authors have optimized a lipospermine-based transfected method for introducing genes into intact vertebrate embryos in vivo. The method employs small amts. of the cationic lipid Transfectam® (DOGS), in a concentrated (40 mM) ethanolic solution, to compact and to transfer exogenous genes

into chick embryos during the early stages of development (< 36 h of incubation). Plasmid vectors containing the reporter gene luciferase were used to follow the time course of expression. Luciferase activity was detected as early as 12 h post-transfection and was highest at this time. Enzyme activity then decreased over the next two days and was usually undetectable by 72-h post-transfection. To follow the spatial expression of the exogenous genes, a Rous sarcoma virus (RSV)- β -galactosidase vector was used. When the transfection complex was applied externally around the developing embryo, the main site of expression was the cardiac tissue. Expression could be targeted to the nervous system by micro-injecting the DNA/DOGS (DNA/dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine) complex into the developing brain. The results show that reporter genes can be efficiently expressed in both the developing central nervous system and heart. This raises the possibility that lipospermines can be used to transfer functional genes into embryos during defined periods of development and also to deliver genes in other species and in other in vivo contexts.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (DNA complexes; for detection of temporal and spatial expression of lipospermine-compacted genes transferred into chick embryos in vivo)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2, N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N, N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L8 ANSWER 124 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1993:532403 CAPLUS

DN 119:132403

TI Gene transfer into primary and established mammalian cell lines with lipopolyamine-coated DNA

AU Loeffler, Jean Philippe; Behr, Jean Paul

CS Inst. Physiol., CNRS, Strasbourg, F-67084, Fr.

SO Methods in Enzymology (1993), 217 (Recombinant DNA, Pt. H), 599-618 CODEN: MENZAU; ISSN: 0076-6879

DT Journal

LA English

AB The authors describe the use of two lipospermines, dioctadecylamidoglycylspermine and diplamitoylphosphatidylethanolamylsperm ine, in gene transfer. In aqueous solution those compds. spontaneously form cationic liposomes that, on simple mixing with a diluted plasmid DNA solution, condense the nucleic acid into much smaller multimol. particles coated with a cationic lipid bilayer. The authors focus here mostly on transient expression in primary cells, but this technique has been used successfully to transfect some 40 established cell lines or primary tumor cells either transiently or permanently. Expts. on cells of different embryol. origin will be described, and finally the authors illustrate the optimization of this technique on a permanent cell line.

IT 124050-77-7

RL: USES (Uses)

(DNA transformation mediated by)

RN 124050-77-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 (CH₂) 17 NH₂ (CH₂)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{1}{3}$ NH₂ (CH₂) $\frac{$

L8 ANSWER 125 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1991:246827 CAPLUS

DN 114:246827

TI Preparation of spermine carboxamides containing fatty acyl or fatty alkyl moieties: transfection of eukaryotes

IN Behr, Jean Paul; Loeffler, Jean Philippe

PA Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Fr.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA French

FAN CNT 1

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PI	EP	3941	11		A.	1	1990	1024		E	9 199	90-40	102	0	1990	0413
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		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	, NL,	se
										FF	R 198	39-50	37		1989	0417
	FR 2645866			A1 199			1019		FR 1989-5037					19890417		

FR	2645866	В1	19910705			
FR	2646161	A1	19901026	FR	1989-9933	19890724
FR	2646161	В1	19910705			
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
CA	2014518	AA	19901017	CA	1990-2014518	19900412
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
IL	94077	A1	19941229	IL	1990-94077	19900412
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
AT	154035	E	19970615	ΑT	1990-401020	19900413
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
ES	2104593	Т3	19971016	ES	1990-401020	19900413
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
JP	02292246	A2	19901203	JP	1990-99472	19900417
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
US	5171678	A	19921215	US	1990-509788	19900417
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
US	5476962	Α	19951219	US	1994-191068	19940203
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
				US	1990-509788	19900417
				US	1992-922887	19920731
US	5616745	Α	19970401	US	1995-477690	19950607
				FR	1989-5037	19890417
				US	1990-509788	19900417
				US	1992-922887	19920731
				US	1994-191068	19940203

OS MARPAT 114:246827

H2N[(CHR)mNH]nH [n = 1-5 integer; m = 2-6 integer; R = H, R1R2NCOCHR5NHCO; AΒ R1, R2 = C12-22-aliphatic radical; R5 = H, (phenyl)C1-4-alkyl, Q; X = CH2, CO; R3, R4 = C11-21-aliphatic radical] and their analogs and salts were prepared H2N(CH2)3NH(CH2)3CH(CO2H)N((CO2CMe3) (CH2)3NH2 (preparation given)

was

condensed with H2NCH2CON[(CH2)17Me]2 in methylene chloride containing dicyclohexylcarbodiimide to give, after deprotection with CF3CO2H, H2N(CH2)3NH(CH2)3CH[CONHCH2CON[(CH2)17Me]2]NH(CH2)3NH2·4CF3CO2H (I). The transfection of melanotropic cells with a plasmid containing a chloramphenicol acetyl transferase expression vector via incubation with I in Dulbecco Modified Essential Medium was studied.

IT 124050-77-7P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN

124050-77-7 CAPLUS Glycinamide, N2,N5-bis(3-aminopropyl)-L-ornithyl-N,N-dioctadecyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

rsANSWER 1 OF 125 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN